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Today's Theatrical Offerings
OPERA HOUSE—"A Woman Alone"
BROADWAY—"House Built Upon Sands"
RIALTO—"King Lear"
DE LUXE—"The Crimes of Wall Street"

The Arizona Daily Star

Weather Forecast for Today
Wednesday and Thursday fair in south; snow north; little temperature change.
"TUCSON SHINES"

VOL. LXXVI. NO. 44 TUCSON, ARIZONA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 21, 1917 City Edition

U.S. IS DRAWN NEARER WAR EACH DAY OF U-BOAT RAIDS

Shelling of Lifeboats of Ship, Endangering Two Americans, Adds to Long List of Outrages; 'Crisis Just Short of War'—Secretary Lansing

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Another cabinet meeting passed today without an announcement concerning the crisis with Germany.

High officials said after the meeting that there had been no development of importance and indicated that President Wilson had not made known his decision as to when his next step would be taken.

Members of the senate who talked with administration officials during the day gained the impression that arrangements for the president's appearance before congress probably would be made early next week. Apparently only the president knows just what he will ask of congress, but it is generally assumed that with the session about to end he will seek authority to deal with any situation which may arise as a result of the unrestricted submarine campaign.

At the state department it was said that the situation continued to be as serious as it could be short of war.

The department received after the cabinet meeting a dispatch from Consul Frost at Queenstown announcing the sinking by shell fire of the Norwegian steamer Dalbeatie with two native Americans in her crew. The consul said the Dalbeatie stopped at the first shot, but that the submarine continued shelling while the ship was being abandoned and offered no assistance to the crew. After boiler on the sea in their boats for about eighteen hours the men were rescued.

This is only one of a number of instances in which reports to the department tell of violations of neutral rights and endangering of neutral life. All available information about such cases is being assembled for the president.

Secretary Lansing would not comment on the note recently handed to the Vienna government by Ambassador Penfield asking specifically whether Austria had repudiated her pledges given the United States after the sinking of the Ancona and the Persia.

$500,000,000 FOR NAVY APPROVED BY SENATE VOTE

Measure, As Passed By House, Increased to Half Billion Dollars; $35,000,000 to Be Spent For Underwater Boats

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Final approval of the naval appropriation bill was voted today by the senate naval committee with the total raised to $500,000,000 by adding $128,000,000 to the measure as it passed the house. Appropriations are carring for the coming year's share of the great three-year building program and there are various special provisions, including authorization for commandeering of private ship building and munitions plants in time of national peril.

The emergency construction appropriation of $150,000,000, recommended by the senate sub-committee, was reduced to $115,000,000 with a specific direction that $35,000,000 of this be expended for submarines. An amendment by Senator Poindexter was adopted directing that forty of the additional submarines should be coast vessels and ten fleet submarines, half of each type to be built on the Pacific coast.

The committee also added to the house program three coast guard cutters to cost $1,750,000; $775,000 for extension of the Washington navy yard, and $750,000 for a drydock at Charleston, S. C.

Provision is made for increasing the state at the naval academy by 414 members, providing for appointment of four instead of three midshipmen by each senator and representative, for 100 from the enlisted men instead of 75, and for four from the Philippines. The term at the naval academy would be reduced from to three years for a period of five years. Other important increases approved include $100,000 for a high power radio station in Porto Rico; $650,000 for batteries for merchant marine auxiliaries; $850,000 for ammunition for such auxiliaries; $3,500,000 for reserve material for the navy and $1,950,000 for engineering purposes, including radio installation on fleet vessels.

Memorial From Arizona House To Congress Is Suffrage Plea

Appropriation Bill Undergoing Deep Slicing; Anti-Cigarette Measure Up In Senate.

(By Associated Press)

PHOENIX, Feb. 20.—Proceedings in the house of representatives this morning were enlivened by the introduction by Mrs. Marsh, of Santa Cruz, of a memorial to the president and congress urging the adoption of an amendment to the constitution granting woman suffrage. Mrs. O'Neill, of Maricopa, one of the suffrage leaders of this state, at once raised objection to the memorial, giving as her reason that it urged the adoption of the Susan B. Anthony amendment which had been made distasteful to suffragists by the Congressional Union and the tour through the country last fall of the women's special train in the interest of Mr. Hughes. After a debate in which half the house joined, the memorial was adopted.

The rest of the session was given to the consolidating of the appropriation bill which was further amended by the adoption of proposals by the appropriation committee for the reduction of many of the items. This was interrupted by a fight over the Lima educational bill appropriating $95 per capita for the schools as shown by the average daily attendance. The bill was ordered to the enrolling and engrossing committee.

The senate made progress with the house anti-cigarette bill which forbids the sale of cigarettes or tobacco in any form, to boys under the age of 21. An amendment making it an offense for one under that age to purchase tobacco was adopted on second reading.

Bills passed by the senate were:

Amending the law with reference to the recall. An officer against whom a recall petition is filed may within five days file his resignation; otherwise an election is to be ordered.

A bill appropriating $1,000 to make up a deficit in the appropriation of two years ago for a female ward at the insane asylum.

A bill appropriating $500 to reimburse State Librarian Con P. Cronin for the expense of a law suit to defend the state in creating his office and designating him for the office.

Bills requiring citizens exempt from jury service to file affidavits for their exemption with the clerk of the court and amending the procedure for the selection of jurors.

A bill prohibiting the use of officials of the stationery of their office in campaigning for renomination or re-election.

The drastic anti-lobbying bill was defeated by a vote of 5 to 11.

Among the measures taken up in the committee of the whole of the senate was the Mattox county classification and salaries bill. After some consideration it was evident that no agreement could be reached in committee and it was referred to a select committee composed of a member from each county of each of the proposed classes.

New bills introduced were:

By Mahoney, of Mohave, a compulsory insurance measure.

By Rutherford, of Yavapai, for the examination and appointment of court reporters.

By Wilpole, of Greenlee, regulating the practice of dentistry.

By Rutherford, an amendment to the constitution as to the granting of franchises by municipal corporations. The life of a franchise is limited to twenty-five years except when, according to its terms, the property may be purchased by the municipality.

James Douglas Gives $100,000 to Library Of Mining Engineers

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—A gift of $100,000 to the library of the American Institute of Mining Engineers in this city from James Douglas of Arizona, was announced tonight at the annual dinner of the organization.

Herbert C. Hoover, chairman for the committee for the relief of Belgium, one of the speakers, was elected to honorary membership. After telling of the work accomplished in Belgium by the commission, Mr. Hoover said:

"While an army of two and a half million soldiers could not plant its flag in the hearts of ten million Belgians, we feel certain that the American flag has been planted there with the work of our thirty engineers."

Production of potash in the United States has been greatly accelerated as a direct result of the European war, Dr. R. J. Wyser, superintendent of the blast furnaces of the Bethlehem Steel company, informed delegates. He asserted that enemy prices have been a keen incentive to research and industrial development.

Dr. Wyser asserted that potash may be reclaimed as a profitable by-product of pig iron, a fact not generally known.

SENATE PASSES BILL TO PAY FOR WEST INDIES

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—A bill authorizing the payment of $25,000,000 for the Danish West Indies and empowering the president to set up a temporary government on the islands pending investigation of the needs of the people was passed by the senate tonight.

NAVIGATION BETWEEN SPAIN AND P. I. RESUMED

MADRID, via Paris, Feb. 20.—Navigation between Spain and the Philippine islands has been resumed.

THE BACKSLIDER
By BRINKERHOFF.

WILSON TO DROP TIME-HONORED EXTRA SESSION

President Hopes to Avoid Special Sitting of Senate As Useless; May Change Inauguration Arrangements

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—President Wilson is considering breaking another precedent of more than a hundred years standing by not calling the customary special session of the senate immediately after the beginning of his new term.

Inauguration arrangements, already much upset by the fact that March 4 falls on Sunday, may be further disarranged by the abandonment of the special session, which, in a measure, would change entirely the method of ceremonies of inaugurating the vice president.

The president's purpose, as understood at the capitol, is to avoid a special session of the senate unless an extraordinary session of the whole congress is necessary at the same time. The senate, called in special session, as is the custom to confirm appointments of cabinet members and others, would be powerless to legislate in any purpose since but there would be nothing to prevent the body from remaining in session as long as it pleased and discussing any subject it chose. The understanding at the capitol today was that such a situation was to be avoided if possible.

Abandonment of the special session would do away with the usual ceremony of inaugurating the vice president in the senate chamber in the presence of both houses of congress, the diplomatic corps, the supreme court and other dignitaries. It would eliminate exactly one-half of the official ceremony of inauguration day. Vice President Marshall pointed out today that under the constitution he could take the oath of office and file notice with the secretary of the senate any time before March 4, and then, if he chose, take another oath at the formal ceremony March 5.

President Wilson has not decided, so far as is known, what he will do about taking the oath of office attendant before the public ceremonies on Monday, March 5. Secretary Lansing has advised him that it would be proper to take the oath Sunday March 4 and then take it again at the public ceremony. There were some indications that the president may decide not to take any oath at all until Monday, March 5. That would leave an interval, strictly speaking, during which the country would be without a president but there is precedent for such action.

There was no announcement of President Wilson's plans at the White House today but among administration officials it is explicit it seemed to be understood that unless Mr. Wilson changed his mind then; would be no special session of the senate.

Quite contrary to what has become a general opinion no special session of the senate is required by the constitution for confirmation of cabinet appointments, and, in fact, no confirmation of the cabinet is necessary if the members re-

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U-Boat Warfare Dismal Failure Britain Asserts

Raiders Sink Only One Out of Every Hundred Ships Figures Show.

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The British embassy issued a statement tonight announcing that Germany's "widely advertised campaign of ruthless murder on the high seas" resulted in the loss of less than one ship in every hundred plying in or out of British ports between February 1 and 14.

"The German wireless press messages," said the statement, "bring the German declaration of indiscriminate submarine warfare against merchant shipping within a week around the United Kingdom and France have been confined to advertising achievements of German submarines.

"Claims to have paralyzed the mercantile marine activity of the allies and more particularly that of Britain have appeared together with hints at a vast increase in the number of German submarines so employed.

"During the period in question the following are the figures of ships which have arrived and sailed from ports in the United Kingdom:

"Date—February 1 to 14—Arrivals: British, 4,663; allied, 227; neutral, 487; total, 5,377.

"Sailings—British, 3,928; allied, 225; neutral, 361; total, 4,514."

Fire Sweeping Lamar, Colo.; No Water Supply

(Continued on Page Two)

LAMAR, Colo., Feb. 20.—Fire originating in a livery barn by an explosion of gasoline stored there is threatening to destroy the entire business section of this city tonight. Fanned by a high wind the flames gained considerable head way before the volunteer fire department could respond to the call and at present every able bodied man is being impressed into service to either fight the flames or remove goods from endangered buildings.

Bucket brigades have been organized and every possible means of combatting the flames is being used. The city water service is out of commission, making it impossible to get water on the flames by hose. The loss so far approximates $50,000. Efforts are being made to obtain a quantity of dynamite to demolish buildings in the path of the flames in hopes this will check them.

1500 Killed in Russia In Munitions Explosion

BERLIN, Feb. 20, by wireless to Sayville.—It is reported from Copenhagen, says the Overseas News agency, that 1500 persons were killed and 2000 wounded in an explosion of ammunition at Archangel, Russia. The damage is placed at 50,000,000 rubles. The explosion took place at the naval station where ammunition was being unloaded from a steamer, it says. "Not a trace of the steamer remained. The explosion killed or wounded every one within a radius of one kilometer."

HIGHEST HONOR KNOWN IN ARMY PAID FUNSTON

Body of General Placed Within Alamo; President Praises Military Leader; Funeral Saturday At San Francisco

(By Associated Press)

SAN ANTONIO, Feb. 20.—A funeral service of military simplicity in which regulars at Fort Sam Houston, national guardsmen at Camp Wilson, and thousands of civilians from San Antonio joined, was held this afternoon for the late Major General Frederick Funston, commander of the southern department, whose sudden death occurred last night from a heart affection.

The culminating honor paid the dead general here was the placing of his body within the Alamo, the first time that historic structure has been used for such a purpose.

The only religious services held today were at General Funston's official residence at Fort Sam Houston. Chaplain Barton W. Perry of the Third field artillery read the regular army burial service. "Lead Kindly Light" was played by the Nineteenth infantry band. A procession formed at the residence after this brief service in order as follows:

Police, mounted orderlies, Nineteenth infantry band, Thirty-seventh infantry, battery E of the Seventh field artillery, detachment A of the Alabama cavalry, General Funston's body, carried on a caisson, General Funston's pall bearers, officers of General Funston's staff and of the southern department.

ALL CLASSES PAY TRIBUTE

Arrangements for placing General Funston's body within the Alamo were made this morning after a conference between city and county officials and officers of the southern department.

The general's personal popularity extended to all classes of San Antonio citizens as was evidenced this afternoon in the floral offerings, which almost filled the Alamo. Costly floral piece were laid by side with the simple tributes of humble workmen who, late in hand and with bowed heads, filed through the building.

A continual procession filed in and out of the building and many were unable to gain entrance. At 5 o'clock, accompanied by an honor guard of C company, Thirty-fourth infantry, the casket was taken to the Southern Pacific station where it was placed in an observation car. In the car surrounded by flowers, and with two soldiers standing at attention by the casket, the body will make the journey to San Francisco. Captain Fitzhugh Lee, General Funston's aide, a sergeant and other enlisted men will accompany the body. The special train consisting of the observation car and a sleeper left the station at 5:45 o'clock tonight.

The route of General Funston's funeral train for more than 1000 miles will skirt the international border over which the late commander kept a watchful eye for eleven months past. Some time tomorrow the train will pass the edge of the Big Bend country, later reaching El Paso and thence proceed along the route

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Lifeboats With Two Americans Shelled by Raider

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Consul Frost cabled the state department today that two native Americans were aboard the Dalbeatie when it was sunk by shell fire last Saturday. He said the steamer was unarmed and stopped her engines at the first shot from the submarine, which continued to shell while the passengers were abandoning the ship. The dispatch follows:

"Norwegian steamer Dalbeatie, 819 tons, coal, Glasgow to Gibraltar, 7 a. m. 17th, by shell fire, 30 miles off Fastnet. Carried neither gun nor wireless. Stopped engines upon first shot, but was shelled without pause while abandoning ship. No injuries, no offer of aid.

"Weather heavy, swells, light wind, clear sky, boats rescued 1:30 a. m., 18th, after burning flares.

"Two native Americans, Frank Wood, John Guerra, of whom former is in hospital at Schull, acute bronchitis, contracted prior to disaster, but aggravated by exposure. Am mailing affidavit from master and Guerra."

Warning of U. S. to Cuban Rebels Puts Damper on Revolt

(By Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—In reply to a memorandum presented by American Minister Beaupre, formally announcing that the United States supports the constitutional government of Cuba, and will hold the leaders of the revolt there responsible for injury to foreign lives and property, the Cuban secretary of state has assured the minister of his government's gratitude and expressed hope all America will realize the value of the friendship of the United States.

"It is not necessary," said the secretary's reply, "for me to ratify in the president's name the expression of his satisfaction and gratitude which were made known by him this morning to your excellency, but I might and can assure you that the government and all the people of Cuba appreciate in all that they are worth those conclusive proofs that the government of the United States offer them of its friendship for Cuba and the interest which it takes in her present and future, by making declarations which are of supreme importance for the cause of order and peace in Cuba not only at the present moment but also hereafter."

HAVANA, Feb. 20.—The revolutionary movement in Cuba was comparatively uneventful today. Reports from the insurrectionists only w[illegible] movements of scouting parties.

The American note, in which President Wilson announced his policy of holding the rebel leaders responsible for injury to the lives or property of foreigners, and explicitly stating that no government established by revolutionary methods would be recognized, seems to have had a disheartening effect on the insurrection, who, according to reports, are surrendering in large numbers. Some of them, it is said, were armed with only shot guns.

MANY AMERICANS IN CREWS OF VESSELS ON WAY TO WAR ZONE

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—Three British steamers with munitions, food and horses, left here today for ports within the German submarine zone and another was prepared to leave tonight. These four vessels have on board 30 horsemen most of whom are Americans. The Warren line Rappahannock left for Liverpool the British steamer Moorish Prince for St. Nazaire while the Leyland Newfoundland left for Liverpool and Havre. Each vessel carried a stern gun.

AUSTRIA WILL STAND BY GERMAN U-BOAT WARFARE BERLIN IS CONFIDENT

BERLIN, via London, Feb. 20.—While the official text of the memorandum handed by Ambassador Penfield to the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister is not yet known here, the purpose of the note apparently is well understood. It is authoritatively stated that that dual monarchy is one with Germany in its determination to carry out the submarine campaign.

TWO AMERICAN SHIPS NOW ARE IN WAR ZONE

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Two American steamships, the Rochester of the Ker Steamship company, and the Orizaba of the Oriental steamship company, which sailed from this port for France on February 10, entering the war zone today according to calculations of officials of the lines. No news had been received from either vessel tonight but there was an optimistic feeling at the offices of the lines and the belief was expressed that the ships would reach Bordeaux safely.

FOOD RIOTS IN NEW YORK THROW CITY INTO PANIC

Peddlers and Shop Keepers Attacked By Mobs of Women; Efforts Made By Officials to Increase Supplies; Federal Control of Food Sales Urged

(By Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Following many clashes between the police and women food rioters at the city hall and in congested tenement districts today, Joseph Harrison, commissioner of weights and measures, announced that he was doing everything in his power to stimulate the flow of foodstuffs into this city from all parts of the country.

Reports received by the commissioner indicate that the situation has reached an acute stage, which, he asserts, calls for establishment by congress of some sort of "food control commission to meet the no' ctatic consumption of food in the United States."

While retail shop keepers and push cart peddlers have been forced to bear the brunt of the assaults of the angry housewives here, the bureau of weights and measures announced that the "abnormal exportation of foodstuffs and the abnormal production are the underlying causes of the advance in prices."

So desperate have the women in some parts of the city become, it is said, that hundreds of food peddlers have locked their push carts in stables and suspended business. A number of these dealers who ventured out on the upper East Side today were set upon by a mob of housewives when it was found they were selling onions at 15c per pound and potatoes at nine and ten cents per pound.

The peddlers were driven from the streets into hallways and tenements where the women tore their clothing and scratched their faces. Meanwhile the peddlers were demolishing and their contents strewn along the streets.

After several hundred women had entered the city hall in an effort to see the mayor, Mrs. Ida Harris, president of the Mothers' Vigilance League, issued a statement in which she declared it had been decided to keep children away from the schools until the price of food is lowered. This step, Mrs. Harris asserted, was justified on the ground that "housewives should pay no attention to unfounded stories as to the shortage of sugar." In his statement Mr. Babst said:

"There are ample supplies of raw and refined sugar on hand and in transit throughout the country to take care of normal consumption. We are operating all of our refineries and expect so to continue. This company has been selling large quantities of sugar at a quarter to a half cent a pound below existing market prices and is taking care of its normal trade at all points. Its deliveries to the domestic trade up to this date are greater than for the same period of 1916."

Drys Fear Law Making All Dry States "Bone Dry" Will Hurt Cause

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The senate measure forbidding shipment of liquor into prohibition states, even where state laws authorize such shipments for present use, will come to a vote in the house tomorrow with both wet and dry advocates divided among themselves as to the expediency of the passage. Those favoring the provision which was written into the annual postal appropriation bill by the senate, declare it will pass with votes to spare. Some prohibition advocates will not support it, however, because they believe so drastic a measure would be difficult of enforcement and would react seriously against the prohibition movement. For the same reason some representatives who have lined up heretofore against prohibition are expected to vote in favor of the senate proposal.

How extensive these defections will be or whether they will upset the normal prohibition majority in the house, was not apparent tonight.

In addition to making "bone dry" about a dozen states which now forbid the manufacture or sale of liquor but permit its importation for personal use the senate amendment would bar liquor advertisements from the mails in states where such advertising is prohibited.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN SUES ROCK ISLAND

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The Colorado & Southern railway company began a suit here today against the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway company to restrain the latter from carrying out its reorganization plan, recently formulated, until provision has been made for payment to the plaintiff corporation of $1,500,985 alleged to be due in connection with the construction of "Bruno line."

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