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U. S. WEATHER BUREAU
TUCSON AND VICINITY: Partly cloudy today, tonight little change in temperature.
Temperatures
Yesterday: High ..... 65 Low 44
Year Ago: High ..... 66 Low 40

The Arizona Daily Star

An Independent NEWSpaper Printing the News Impartially

VOL. 106 NO. 116 Entered as second-class matter, Post Office, Tucson, Arizona TUCSON, ARIZONA, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 26, 1947 TEN PAGES PRICE FIVE CENTS

BRITISH BARRACKS BLASTED; PALESTINE TEAM LINED UP; WALLACE DEFENDS ZIONISM

SALARY RAISES FOR U. FACULTY OK'D BY BOARD

Doctor Atkinson, Retiring President, Is Named Aide to Regents

Salary increases ranging from 4.05 per cent to 17.21 per cent for the University of Arizona faculty and staff and increased budgets for the university, Tempe and Flagstaff were approved at the meeting of the board of regents of the university and state colleges of Arizona, held yesterday at the university. The board also appointed Dr. Alfred Atkinson, retiring president of the university, executive adviser to the board of regents.

The salary jumps for the university follow the $250,000 appropriation for salary increases for a year at Arizona's three institutions of higher learning by the last session of the state legislature. Of that amount, $173,000 went to the university. The new scale will give professors an average of $5,249 a year; associate professors, $4,105; assistant professors, $3,610; and instructors, $2,862, according to Clarence Houston, Tucson, president of the board.

Average Increases

The average percentage increase for the entire staff will be approximately 4.05 per cent for deans; 9.92 per cent for professors; 13.81 per cent for associate professors; 13.16 per cent for assistant professors; 17.21 per cent for instructors; 11.48 per cent for faculty and staff members without teaching titles, such as experiment station and extension division personnel; and 9.58 per cent for other staff members, such as secretaries and stenographers. Salary raises for Flagstaff and Tempe also were approved in the budgets for those schools.

Dr. Atkinson, who will retire June 30 as president, will not serve the board in an administrative capacity but will act as adviser to the board on financial and budget matters for the three institutions and on other affairs. "The board felt that his experience in such matters would be a valuable aid to its work," Houston said. This will not be a full-time appointment but will occupy only a portion of his time, he added.

$2,749,000 Budget

The university budget for next year including the salary funds, will be $2,749,969, compared with the $2,080,230 budget for 1946-47. This is an increase of $669,139. The Tempe budget was raised from $553,142 for this year to $1,013,717 for next year, a jump of $460,570, including the salary increase.

For Flagstaff, the budget next year will be $442,131, an increase of $121,581 over the 1946-47 budget of $320,550. This amount also includes the salary funds.

The board adopted two resolutions, one expressing regret over the retirement of Dr. Atkinson and expressing appreciation for his service to the university and to Arizona. The other expressed "deep regret over the death of Sen. Hubert H. d'Autremont, an outstanding citizen of Tucson and the state and a great friend of the University of Arizona and the state's other educational institutions."

Retirement Plan

A committee of three to study methods of putting the proposed retirement plan for the university into effect as soon as possible was appointed by the regents. The board was authorized by legislative enactment in March to set up a retirement plan for the university faculty and staff. The committee will consist of Walter Bimson, Phoenix, chairman; Samuel Morris, Globe; and Houston.

A school of pharamcy in the college of liberal arts also was approved by the board. Three years of pharmacy will be offered this fall, with the fourth year being added in 1948-49, Houston said.

Two New Dormitories

The sale of bonds in the amount of $1,000,000 to construct two new women's dormitories was authorized. The dormitories, to be on Olive road, north of the campus and east of Pima hall, will house 120 coeds each. They will be built as soon as possible, the board declared. The $792,000 appropriation from the state legislature will be used to erect an aeronautical building, add two wings to the chemistry-physics building and stack rooms to the law college building.

The plan to borrow $75,000 to provide cooling facilities for the university library, to be repaid by student library fees, as approved, and the board accepted the bid of $9,274 from F. B. Pacheco Company, Tucson, to build three new tennis courts, west of Steward Observatory. Members also authorized the addition of 546 new seats in the university auditorium, bringing the total to 2,548.

Appointments Announced

The general faculty and staff for the 1947-48 year of approximately 500 persons and the summer session faculty of 79 were appointed by the board. Dr. Leon M. Pultz, head of the department of botany and range ecology, was named head of the department of horticulture, replacing Winston Jones, who resigned in July, 1946. Dr. Pultz has been with the university since 1940.

Also with the university since 1940, Dr. Walter S. Phillips, associate professor botany, was appointed head of the department of botany and range ecology. Dr.

(Continued on Page 3, Column 4)

A T T Refuses to Settle Strike With $6 Increase

Union's Halving of Wage Demands, Coupled With Settlement by Maryland Maintenance Workers Had Given Hope Earlier for Walkout End

WASHINGTON, April 25.—(AP)—The American Telephone and Telegraph Company tonight rejected an offer of its striking long lines operators to settle their strike if given a wage increase of $6 weekly—half their original demand. John J. Moran, president of the American union of Telephone Workers, said the offer of a $6 "across the board" increase at a negotiation session tonight.

But George S. Dring, assistant vice president of the A.T.&T. long lines division, replied that the offer was "unacceptable."

Dring, however, offered to arbitrate wages on a community basis. This was rejected by Moran.

Previous Announcement

Word that the National Federation of Telephone Workers, with which the long lines workers are affiliated, would compromise their wage demands came earlier in the day.

That development, coupled with a settlement with plant and maintenance workers for the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company in Maryland, had given rise to hopes that the 19-day old nation-wide walkout might be brought to an end soon.

President Beirne of the National Federation of Telephone Workers announced the reduction in the pay raise demand after five hours of secret discussion by the federation's policy committee.

He explained that since the $6 figure amounts to about 15 cents an hour, it would be in line with the wage increase pattern shaped up in recent weeks in the steel, auto and electrical manufacturing industries. Government figures show the average weekly pay of telephone workers is about $43.

Beirne said that the policy committee authorized all 39 of the striking unions in the federation to settle locally for a $6 pay raise. He said that settlement by the Bell System companies with the unions in this figure would be" a great influencing factor" in ending the 19-day-old cross-country strike.

Other Issues

There remained other issues. These included demands for a union shop (in which all workers must join the union), check-off of union dues by payroll deductions, reductions in the differential in pay for the same job in different cities, cutting the length of time it takes to reach top pay levels, improved vacations and better pensions.

While the national federation granted local unions power to settle

(Continued on Page 6, Column 4)

House Refuses Change In Appropriation for Indian Bureau's Work

WASHINGTON, April 25.—(AP)—The house declined today to change a $33,000,000 Indian bureau appropriation in the interior department appropriations bill.

A proposed grant of $8,000,000 for educational work during the year beginning July 1 came under the heaviest fire, but motions to raise the amount were voted down. Representative from several states to with large Indian populations contended the amount was inadequate.

To this, Rep. Jones (R-Ohio), chairman of the interior department appropriations subcommittee, replied that the states where the Indians live "ought to assume some of these responsibilities."

One amendment proposed by Rep. Mundt (R-SD) to increase the educational fund to $10,000,000 was rejected by a standing vote, 116 to 99, and another by Rep. Albert (D-Okla) to boost the figure to $11,865,000, went down by a vote of 124 to 91.

Albert said he felt it unfair that the federal government should put the burden of educating wards of the government on municipalities.

Rep. Fernandez (D-NM) insisted that the ultimate dismantling of the Indian bureau will hinge upon education of Indian children.

"We all want to abolish the Indian bureau when the time comes," he said, "but my state cannot take over the educational problem now."

U. S. Customs Bureau Charged With 'Incompetence' by Aiken

WASHINGTON, April 25.—(AP)—A charge that the U. S. Customs Bureau is guilty of "gross incompetence" and that it made a "bad attempt" to defend congressional economy by pressure tactics was made today by the senate appropriations committee.

The committee recommended that the bureau be reorganized and forced to live within its house-approved appropriation of $32,500,000 for the year beginning July 1.

That figure is $3,500,000 less than the bureau told Congress it needed. When the house made the cut, the bureau gave dismissal notices to some 1,500 Canadian border and port patrol officers.

Congress got a barrage of protests from port and border cities. The expenditures committee, headed by Senator Aiken (R-VT), and the appropriations committeed, headed by Senator Bridges (R-NH), each made investigation.

Aiken read to the senate a report from his committee, which says the discharges were "completely unwarranted" and constituted "a bald attempt to arouse the public into demanding a restoration of the reduction in expenditures."

He added: "That this scheme partially succeeded is evidenced by many letters of protest not only from the families of the men who laid off but from congressmen and others who saw their business prosperity by throwing the border open to smuggling."

At the committee's hearing, customs officials testified that the dismissals appeared to be the best way of fitting expenditures to the house-approved appropriation.

Bridges' committee still must pass on the appropriation.

The report recommended that the customs bureau be required to set aside $100,000 for a management study which Aiken said Secretary of the Treasury Snyder has agreed would be followed by a reorganization. The customs bureau is under the treasury department.

ATTLEE STREWS HARSH EPITHETS UPON CHURCHILL

Angry Prime Minister Says Opponent's Criticism of Labor Is 'Mean'

ST. ANDREWS, Scotland, April 25.—(AP)—Prime Minister Attlee, speaking out in his sharpest personal attack on Winston Churchill since taking office 21 months ago, accused the Conservative leader today of "meanness" in criticisms of the labor government and of supporting "obsolete imperialism."

The prime minister told the Scottish Trades Union Congress in a major speech that Churchill personally and the Conservative party have a large measure of the blame for Britain's present foreign and domestic difficulties with which the labor government is struggling.

Criticism Rejected

Following Attlee's speech the congress rejected by only an eight-vote margin a resolution of the Scottish branch of the National Union of Mineworkers which criticized Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin's course and called for radical changes in foreign policy "in the interests of peace and progress." The vote was 158 to 166.

Labor party sources said Attlee was angered by the steady barrage of criticism in the press and at public meetings, latest of which was the recent speech of Churchill at a Conservative gathering.

In that speech Churchill asserted that "Socialist government are living upon the American dole" and "scattering and squandering" the empire.

Declaring Churchill was pouring a "torrent of abuse" on the labor government without offering "a drop of policy," Attlee said he did not believe that in the United States "there is any support for the obsolete imperialism that Mr. Churchill seems to support."

Movement Ignored

"He ignores the great movement for self-government that has been spreading throughout Asia for decades," Attlee said. "He abandons the democratic principles for which we fought the war."

As for Churchill's remark about the "dole" from America, Attlee commented: "They are those who again and again has paid generous aid to the nations we received in the war from lend lease. If the labor government is ready to accept more from America was the coalition government. It is incredible that he should stoop to such meanness."

Metal Mining Measure To Await House Action

WASHINGTON, April 25.—(AP)—Senator McFarland (D-Ariz) today the senate probably will delay action on legislation to stimulate metal mining until the house acts on similar proposals by Rep. Russell (R-Nev).

The house legislation was given unanimous approval by the public lands committee today and Russell told a reporter he will ask for house action as soon as possible.

The measure would create a natural resources division in the interior department to stimulate production of copper, lead, zinc and other strategic and critical metals by use of premium price plans.

'Newburyport Plan' Spreads As More Towns Fall in Line

Some Businessmen, However, Question Soundness Of Flat 10 Per Cent Retail Price Cutting; Food Declines Outweigh Advances

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

More communities adopted the "Newburyport Plan" for a flat 10 per cent retail price cut on all consumer goods and industrial raw material markets yesterday. Some businessmen, at the same time, questioned the soundness of the current Newburyport plan, announced an indefinite extension of the original 10-day limit on the 10 per cent across-the-board retail price slash. New communities joining the plan included: Multnomah, Ore.; Old Town, Maine; Meshanicville, N. Y.; Chester, Pa.; and Virginia, Minn.

Many merchants in Culver City, Calif., and Liberty, Mo., joined the price cut plan, and some merchants in and around Memphis, Tenn., and Bloomfield, N. J., will meet Monday to consider joining.

Independence Says No

The President's home town, Independence, Mo., turned thumbs down on the Newburyport plan by retailers. Almost unanimously the merchants said their mark-up margin was too small for such a plan.

Some short manufacturers, according to Murray Rabkino, counsel for the Shirt Institute, Inc., feel that "agitation" for lower prices may be misleading the public into expecting "drastically lower prices."

Chairman of Commerce Harriman stated the response of retailers and some manufacturers to the President's appeal has been "gratifying."

Commodity prices advancing included cotton, cloth, wool, lard, coffee, cocoa and linseed oil.

Price changes announced by manufacturers included:

Wesson Co., in New Orleans—Two cents a pound reduction in shortening and three cents a pint on salad oil.

Glidden Co., in Cleveland—Three cents a pound cut in Durkee's margarine, reflecting recent declines in vegetable oils and milk.

L. W. Foster Sportwear, Inc., Philadelphia—Flat low prices to be "leveled to the 1941 and 1942 averages."

Lumber Down

Dierks Lumber & Coal Co., in Dequeen, Ark.—A general reduction of a pound per square foot in hardwood of $5 to $10 per thousand board feet.

Sears, Roebuck, the mail order and retail store chain company of Montgomery Ward have begun to reduce prices, its president, Robert Norden, told stockholders. The increase in textiles, he added, and is spreading to home furnishings and durable goods. He added that increases were still coming through in some lines, particularly those requiring steel.

Price reductions in the United States, which last week had the coffee growers of Santos, Brazil, in a turmoil, brought repercussions this week in Manila, where a government spokesman said "coffee speculators" were in "near-panic" over price cuts by American soap manufacturers and a slump in the price of copra, used in the manufacture of soap.

EX-V.P. ASSERTS JEWS ENTITLED TO VOICE IN U.N.

Hopes Britain Will Carry Out Original Balfour Declaration

PARIS, April 25.—(AP)—Henry A. Wallace ended his 13-day program in western Europe today with a news conference at which he said the Jews were entitled to a voice in the United Nations, and that the Jewish resistance movement in Palestine was necessary to "arouse the conscience of the world."

He will fly back to the United States tomorrow for a coast-to-coast speaking tour which already has stirred up a controversy in California where owners of the Hollywood Bowl said he would not be allowed to speak in the stadium. Wallace had intended to leave for New York tonight but an "operational delay" by the airline caused postponement of the flight.

Lunches With Blum

The former vice president rounded off his stay in Europe with a lunch with former Premier Leon Blum, elder statesman of the Socialist party of France, and a conference with Communist party leaders who told him that "developments in the United States" left the general impression in France that the American government was backing Gen. Charles de Gaulle and his new Rally of the French People movement.

His meeting with the Communist leaders, who included Jacques Duclos, secretary of the party and vice premier of the provisional French Ferdinand Bonte, Communist party press chief, and George Cogniot, editor of the Communist newspaper L'Humanite, was an hour long.

The discussion included French needs for coal and steel and the Communist position on French colonial affairs. The Communists said France should try to keep her colonies in French union by friendship, but if force were used in Indo-China the colony would be lost.

More Wheat to France

The newspaper France-Soir quoted Wallace as saying he would advocate increased wheat shipments to France when he returned to the United States. Wallace said he had noted increasing bread queues in Paris, where several hundred bakeries have closed in the last three days as the result of flour shortages.

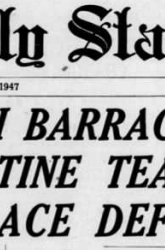
Wallace said he hoped Britain would "carry out the original Balfour Declaration" which called for a Jewish national home in Palestine.

He said loans from the international bank could be used to establish a Jordan river power and irrigation authority and that he shared the "romantic notions" of Prime Minister Attlee's party members that a Garden of Eden could be restored there.

U.S. Picks Holy Land Experts For United Nations Assembly

American Council for Judaism Opposes Jewish Agency Petitions to Participate Without Vote in Session Meetings

LAKE SUCCESS, N. Y., April 25.—(AP)—The United States lined up tonight its team of diplomats and experts for the Palestine session of the United Nations general assembly opening Monday. Simultaneously, ranking delegates of the five great powers, Britain, China, France, Russia and the United States, met with U. N. Secretary-General Trygve Lie to discuss the assembly. Informants said the meeting was concerned mainly with procedure.



TROUBLE SPOT

The state department has ordered Loy W. Henderson, director of its office of Near Eastern and African affairs, to join Chief Delegate Warren R. Austin for the session. Henderson is one of the principal experts of the department on Palestine.

Villard, Wilkins Named

Two other state department Palestine experts are on the official delegation list, which includes 18 men. They are Henry S. Villard, deputy director of Near Eastern and African affairs, and Fraser Wilkins, of the same office.

Meanwhile, Elmer Berger, executive director of the American Council for Judaism, Inc., said in a statement that his organization would submit a memorandum to the state department asking the United States delegation to oppose petitions by the Jewish Agency for Palestine and the Hebrew Committee of National Liberation asking the right to participate without vote in the assembly.

Only Zionist

Berger said the council denied the right of the Jewish Agency to represent anyone except those who are Zionists. He said the council, which describes itself as affirming that Jews are nationals of their respective countries are not nations and that Israel is a democratic Palestine "democratically achieved."

A spokesman for the U. S. delegation said that it had no statement on the Jewish agency and that the United States took the position that this special session should be concerned with the substance of the question—that it should limit itself to setting up a committee to inquire in Palestine and report back to the regular assembly next September.

ECONOMY DRIVE SCORES VICTORY

Republicans Push Interior Bill Through House; 45% Below Truman Request

WASHINGTON, April 25.—(AP)—The Republican economy drive scored a major victory tonight when the house passed H. R. 3670, an interior department appropriation bill totalling $161,415,515—about 45 per cent less than President Truman asked.

The Republicans successfully fought off all amendments to boost the funds—except five of their own.

In vain Democratic leaders cried that slashes in reclamation and power projects would "crucify" the west and northwest. Republicans replied that there are enough funds for all worthwhile projects and that the country demands economy.

$4,875,000 Increase

The net increases approved by the house before sending the bill to the senate after nine hours of tempestuous debate amounted to $4,875,000 over appropriations committee recommendations. There was only one cut. An allotment of $450,000 for an anthracite laboratory at Schuylkill Haven, Pa., was knocked out after a fight over where it should be located.

The appropriations committee had cut the bill 47 per cent below budget estimates before sending it to the floor last week. It recommended $156,538,515, a reduction of $139,381,907 below budget estimates for the department's operations for the fiscal year starting July 1.

Amendments Offered

Democrats, who had hoped to pick up enough Republican votes to override the committee's 47 per cent slash, offered dozens of amendments but got nowhere on them. Many GOP votes they had hoped to corral apparently were weaned away by amendments accepted by the committee.

These amendments added $2,000,000 for the Colorado-Big Thompson reclamation project in Colo-

(Continued on Page 6, Column 2)

Russian Opposition Snagging Global Police Force Project

NEW YORK, April 25.—(AP)—The United Nations military staff committee planning a global police force today abandoned hopes of reaching unanimous agreement on several basic principles in the face of continued Russian opposition.

Russia was represented as standing alone on the top issues with the United States, Britain, France and China, the other members, generally being together.

Holding their second consecutive all-day meeting in a drive to have a preliminary report to the council by April 30, the admirals and generals cleared away several minor objections and then began discussion of the full report.

A source familiar with the work of the committee said there would be no formal vote on the completed report, but that all dissenting views—mostly Russian—would be shown in the body of the summary going to the council.

Another source said there was possibility that the five military delegations, representing their respective chiefs of staff, would seek final approval from home governments before release of the report to the council.

Major points of difference reported remaining included those covering availability of bases for international force, the type of contributions of the big five powers, and plans for withdrawal of troops after the end of any emergency.

The final report was expected to be only preliminary and merely a summary because the military committee has prepared no recommendations as to the size of military contributions by individual nations nor on the actual strength of the international force.

The council was expected to hold open debate on the long-awaited report but was empowered to close its meetings by a majority vote of the 11 members. In view of the insistence by the United States on public airings, private sessions were considered unlikely.

Middle East Oil Probe Veto May Be Bypassed By Senate's Strategy

WASHINGTON, April 25.—(AP)—Congressional talk of trying to override President Truman's veto of an investigating resolution virtually evaporated today.

Instead, the plan now is to pass a substitute resolution over the objections of the justice department and the President.

This plan was proposed by Senator Hatch (D-NM) of the senate war investigating committee and Chairman Brewster (R-Me) who will lay it before the committee tomorrow.

"I see no objection to saying that the act doesn't mean what the justice department said it might mean," Brewster told newsmen, "because nobody ever thought it meant anything of the kind."

The resolution would authorize the employment of Burton K. Wheeler, former Democratic senator from Montana, as special counsel for an investigation of Middle East oil deals. The original resolution which met a veto contained provisions which the justice department held would authorize Wheeler to bring prosecutions. This is the department's function.

EXPLOSION SET BY STERN GANG KILLS 5 POLICE

Violence Outbreak Is One Of Series of 'Blood-For-Blood' Reprisal

JERUSALEM, April 25.—(AP)—Two Jews drove a stolen postoffice truck laden with explosives into one of the most heavily guarded police compounds in Palestine today, and 20 minutes later a shattering blast killed five British police officials and wounded six others. The Stern gang, whose victims have included a British resident minister of the Middle East, claimed responsibility for the explosion in Rehovot, a suburb of Tel Aviv. The new outbreak of violence was one of a series of avowed "blood-for-blood" reprisals for the executions and suicides of six Zionist underground members.

Kidnap Another Jew

In another violence five armed Jews kidnaped Morris Collins, a British businessman, from the terrace of a fashionable hotel in Tel Aviv last night, but released him unharmed in 15 minutes when it was discovered he was Jewish.

The Stern Gang, regarded as the smallest but most desperate of the three Jewish underground organizations, sent a communique to a Hebrew newspaper admitting the Sarona attack, whose dead victims included one British police inspector and four constables.

Two members of the Stern Gang were hanged in January, 1945, for assassinating Lord Moyne, British resident minister of the Middle East, in Cairo.

An official count said two Jews drove a truck seized earlier on a Tel Aviv street up to the gate of the police compound. They posed as telephone repairmen, and were permitted to enter the camp. Then the men walked back to the gate carrying the ladder and coils of wire. They said they wanted to go inside to repair wires leading into the camp.

Exchange Shattered

Twenty minutes later the blast occurred with such violence that it shattered the telephone exchange and orderly room and broke windows in buildings for blocks around.

The Sarona camp, built originally by non-Jewish Germans, is surrounded by triple rows of barbed wire and a cordon of guards.

It was the underground organization Irgun Zval Leumi that admitted responsibility for the blasting of the Egyptian Express in a citrus grove near Rehovoth Wednesday night which killed eight persons and injured several others.

Irgun said it was acting in reprisal for the hanging of Dov Bela Gruner and three associates, and the suicides last Monday of Moshe Barazani and Meyer Finstein, just before they were scheduled to be hanged in Jerusalem prison for committing acts of violence against British authorities.

RAILROADS SUED BY GOVERNMENT

Action Will Seek Return Of Alleged Wartime Overcharges

WASHINGTON, April 25.—(AP)—An action to recover an unspecified "billions of dollars" from the railroads in the wartime handling of army-navy freight was announced today by the justice department.

Attorney General Clark said the proceeding will be brought Monday before the Interstate Commerce Commission in a complaint alleging the government was overcharged on shipments from June 3, 1941 to October 1, 1946. The complaint, he said, names 964 railroads as defendants.

Estimate Refused

Department officials declined to estimate definitely the refunds expected but Assistant Attorney General Wendell Berge said in a statement that they "could run into billions of dollars."

The government will go before the ICC in its capacity as a shipper, using commission proceedings which are open to all users of transportation who desire to complain against a common carrier.

The department announcement said the railroads had long maintained special rates which permit shippers to store freight designed for export at ports at low charges when ship space is not immediately available.

Interior Storage

During the wartime traffic congestion, when port facilities were jammed, vast quantities of military and naval freight for overseas shipment were stored at interior points. Clark said the government seeks to have the low export rates applied to interior storage.

NETW HEAD

JOSEPH A. BEIRNE

WEIRTON STEEL GIVES PAY HIKE

Union President Says 12¼ Raise Agreement Is 'Best Contract' in Industry

WEIRTON, W. Va., April 25.—(AP)—The Weirton Steel Company, today granted its 12,000 independent union production workers a 12½ cent across-the-board hourly wage increase and hiked its minimum basic hour rate from $1 to 1.16½.

The 12½-cent figure followed the pattern set by the U. S. Steel Corp.-CIO United Steelworker contract completed earlier in the week. The benefits, like those of the U. S. Steel agreement are retroactive to April 1.

However, the U. S. Steel pact provided an additional 2½-cent spread for fringe items.

Rose Jubilant

Edward A. Ross, president of the Weirton independent union, hailed the wage agreement as "the best contract in the steel industry," he added:

"Our base rate scale is the highest in the industry and this means the highest ever paid to steel workers."

A company spokesman said elimination of the union bonus and other factor in raising to $1.16½ an hour the pay of employes receiving less than 1.02 an hour. The minimum daily wage was set at $9.32 per eight-hour day.

The CIO said its minimum rate was upped from 96½ cents hourly to $1.09 by its new two-year U. S. Steel pact.

Also provided in the new Weirton agreement are additional vacation and vacation pay benefits, severance pay, and a more liberal plan of compensation for reporting and call out time.

Other Provisions

Granting a higher rate of guaranteed pay for employes reporting when regular work is not available, the agreement provides the worker will be "given either eight hours' work at some other job or six hours of pay at the regular rate for his scheduled job."

The steelworkers' new contract has the formerly guaranteed two hours increased to four.

Weirton last year granted a 22-cent hourly rate to its workers rather than "Big Steel's" 18½-cent settlement which followed a 30-day nation-wide steel strike. However that agreement eliminated late day and night pay differentials, still a part of the CIO contracts.

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