

'Fast Time' Decision Now Up To Senate Majority

Exemption Bill Clears Committee

PHOENIX (AP) — It will be up to the majority bloc in the Arizona Senate to decide if the state will go on daylight savings time starting April 30.

A House-passed bill which would exempt Arizona from daylight savings time, cleared the Senate Rural and Urban Affairs Committee on Saturday with no one stating opposition to it.

Sen. Glenn Blansett, D-Navajo, said he had received letters from some mothers in northern Arizona who said that if Arizona goes on daylight savings time children will have to wait for school buses in the morning in sub-freezing weather.

Rep. Frank Kelley, R-Maricopa, prime sponsor of the bill to exempt Arizona from federal legislation, suggested that perhaps the issue could be submitted to the voters in 1968 at the general election.

Meanwhile, he said, Arizona should be exempted because of the problems that daylight savings time would cause.

For one thing, he said, it could ruin football game attendance at the University of Arizona and Arizona State early in the season. By moving the clock ahead one hour for the summer hours, temperatures would be higher at the usual 8 p.m. game starting time than they are under standard time.

If the bill is not passed by the Senate, then Arizona automatically goes on daylight savings time the last Sunday in April and remains on the "fast time" through the last Sunday in October.

Kelley argued that the federal legislation is intended to bring uniformity within states, not to make every state go on daylight savings time.

If the bill should pass the Senate, there may be some legal problems since it failed to get enough votes in the House to get the emergency clause.

Technically the bill would not become law until 90 days after the end of the current regular session.

Kelley believes, however, that the federal government would not try to force Arizona to go on daylight time in view of the fact

that the legislature acted prior to the April deadline.

He said court action could be taken to keep Arizona exempt until the law becomes effective.

Sponsors of the bill say that if the legislature doesn't act this year, the state will be on daylight savings time during the summer months from now on.

This legislative session was the only opportunity for the state to get the exemption.

Arizona has not been on daylight savings time since shortly after World War II.

Goes To Governor

Senate Votes 28 To 0 For Revaluation Bill

PHOENIX (AP) — Arizona's 28th legislature completed work Saturday on the top priority item of its regular session — passage of a bill to implement the property revaluation program.

By a vote of 28-0 the Senate passed and sent Senate Bill 195 to the governor.

The Senate accepted extensive House amendments to the bill. Under the bill, a new state department of property valuation will be created July 1 as the successor to the current division of property assessment and appraisal standards.

The governor will appoint a department chief for a five-year term.

Also created by the bill is a new state appeals board to handle matters involving tax assess-

Disputes between the new state department and the assessors are to be settled by the appeals board.

Gov. Jack Williams listed the bill as the No. 1 item before the legislature this session.

The legislature will have to go back into session in the fall however to finish the job of implementing the program. At that time the lawmakers are to set the percentages at which various classifications of property are to be assessed.

During the past four years the state assessment and appraisal division has carried out a \$6 million program to locate and appraise every parcel of property in Arizona.

These figures are to be completed April 30 and under a bill



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