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Gold Is Lurking in Garret Dust for him who knows the value of Little Ads Among the Wants

The Arizona Daily Star

Machinists Who Are Wide Awake keep themselves employed by Keeping Tab on the Wants

VOL. LXVI. NO. 74 TUCSON, ARIZONA, MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 15, 1915 City Edition

ANARCHY RULES AT MANZANILLO SAYS CONSUL

Carranza Troops Unable To Maintain Order and Food Is Rapidly Diminishing; Admiral Howard's Fleet Preparing to Take Foreigners On Board

CARRANZA FLEET TO BLOCKADE PROGRESSO

International Law Shows That De Facto Government Hasn't Right To Close Port Not in Its Possession; May Protest

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Wireless reports from the American consul at Manzanillo say that anarchy rules there that Carranza troops are unable to maintain order and that supplies are rapidly decreasing. The Villa-Zapata troops are close at hand and Admiral Howard's fleet is preparing to take foreigners on board if necessary.

Progreso, the port which is shipping 95 per cent of sisal hemp, used as binding for the wheat crop in the United States, has been ordered closed to commerce by Carranza. The gunboat Zaragoza and the tug Ocampo will enforce the blockade. The cruiser Des Moines is at Progreso to see that there is no interference with American commerce. As an international precedent, the right of a de-facto government to close a port not in its possession is unrecognized.

FIGHT THE JITNEYS IN DENVER, COLORADO

City Council Refuses Permits to Two Companies To Operate Bus Line

DENVER, Colo., March 14.—Efforts to open a jitney bus service in Denver have been made by two concerns but the city officials have refused to grant any permits. The city council also has passed a bill requiring persons wishing to operate any service of this kind to apply for a regular franchise for use of the city's streets. The bill declares that a jitney bus line is a public utility, the same as a street car line. Applications for permits to operate a total of about 250 motor cars over 50 or more specified routes have been filed, and the promoters threaten to bring mandamus proceedings to force the city to grant these permits without requiring a franchise. The project is being bitterly fought by the Denver City Tramway company.

ENGLISH COLLIER A VICTIM OF U. 29

Crew Given Ten Minutes To Leave Ship Which Is Then Destroyed

BORDEAUX, March 14.—The steamer Auguste Conseil, Cardiff to Rouen, with coal, was sunk off Devon, England, Thursday. The crew of 25 were rescued.

The Auguste Conseil was sunk by the German submarine U-29, and the crew given ten minutes to leave their ship, she was then destroyed by bombs. The German commander said he had left Cuxhaven six days before and would return to the German naval base and another submarine would take his place. The crew was brought to Falmouth, England by the Danish steamer Excellence Pienke.

COURT OFFICERS RETURN

Judge W. F. Sawtelle of the United States Federal court, his private secretary R. W. Kramer, and Assistant United States Attorney Samuel Pattee, returned from Prescott yesterday morning. Clerk of the Court George Lewis, returned earlier in the week on account of a severe cold contracted at Prescott. Today is law and motion day in the Federal court. The Ilaca Float case, of much interest to a number of parties in Southern Arizona, has been set for March 25 in the Federal court.

ELKS MINSTRELS

The first rehearsal for the Elks Minstrels to be held some time in April, is announced for this evening at the Elks club. The parts will be assigned by H. Wilson, manager of the De Luxe theater, who will manage the minstrels. There will be a number of well known local entertainers on the program. Everyone interested is urged to attend the first rehearsal.

FELL FROM TRAIN

Fred Hayes, a Tempie from Idaho, was injured yesterday evening when he fell from a moving freight train and was taken to St. Mary's hospital.

BEACHEY FALLS TO DEATH AT SAN FRANCISCO

World's Most Fearless Aviator Paid Price for His Daring with His Life: Fell 7000 Feet into Golden Gate Bay While Thrilling Exposition Visitors

FIRST AMERICAN TO "LOOP-THE-LOOP"

Was Charged with Having Been the Cause of the Death of Seven Aviators Who Tried to Imitate His Startling Feats

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—The spectacular career of Lincoln Beachey, one of the world's most daring aviators and the first American to loop the loop, ended today when falling thousands of feet like a bird with broken wings, he plunged from the view of the multitude of exhibition visitors into San Francisco Bay.

The battleship Oregon's boat crew and the launches from other boats immediately put out grappling hooks. After an hour's work they recovered the body grasped to the machine 40 feet under the surface. Beachey was completing his second flight of the day at 2:45 when the accident occurred.

He had electrified the crowd with aerial somersaults and sought to add an additional thrill with one of his sensational corkscrew drops. The new monoplane to which he entrusted his life was being used for the first time today, and is thought to have been responsible for the fall. Beachey shot off the power at an altitude of 2000 feet and dropped head on after a several thousand foot dive. He had no more than grasped control levers to adjust the planes for a graceful descent as in the past, when the wings crumbled like a collapsed umbrella and the machine fell-flocked swiftly toward the water, narrowly missed a vessel at the government docks and disappeared. A few splintered fragments were the only remains seen floating on the surface.

Beachey's body shows that he was drowned owing to his inability to free himself from the mesh of wires. The engine protected him when striking the water.

He was born in San Francisco in 87. He flew round the national capitol dome in a dirigible causing a sensation in congress in 1907. He made thousands stop work in New York City while flying over the streets, his balloon was afterward impaled on Brindle Light and he was rescued by fishermen.

In 1910 he tried out his first heavier than air machine at the first aviation meet in America held at Los Angeles. A year later he was pronounced a failure by Glenn Curtis, but persisted, and in May 1911, again electrified congress by circling the capitol in an aeroplane. He also flew over Niagara through the mists.

In 1913, he announced his retirement, feeling responsible for the deaths of nine aviators who had attempted to imitate his stunts but the year after Pegood, the Frenchman, looped the loop Beachey came forth to outdo the foreigneod in startling new feats.

Ex-Manager in Tucson

Jack Griffis, advance manager for aviator Du Lloyd Thompson, is now in Tucson making arrangements for the aviation exhibitions which Thompson will give here Thursday.

When handed the Associated Press bulletin saying that Beachey was killed at the San Francisco Exposition grounds he was stunned. After pacing at the dispatch for at least a minute, he slowly remarked, "Beachey gone! Why it can't be. There is one of the finest little fellows in the world, and a more daring aviator never lived. I worked for him all last summer in his Chicago office and I can't believe that he is dead."

According to Griffis, Beachey was worth at least $200,000 which he had made as an aviator in the last four years, and that he had signed a contract with the San Francisco exposition management for two flights a week until May 2 at a rate of $2,000 per flight.

"When I last saw him," Griffin continued, "he told me that he was working on two loop-the-loop monoplanes with which he expected to perform stunts which no one else had ever dared to attempt and I suppose it was while he was trying out one of those new planes, that he got that awful fall. Poor Beachey."

And then Griffin refusing to make any further comment with drooping head walked slowly out of the office.

COST OF GOVERNMENT

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The statements of Chairman Fitzgerald, of the house appropriations committee, and Representative Gillett, Republican, agree that during the last session of congress the appropriations amounted to $1,115,121,409 A treasury deficit is probable but the tariff is not responsible, Fitzgerald says.

Constantinople and Commanders to Fight for It

A VIEW of CONSTANTINOPLE, INCLUDING THE FAMOUS MOSQUE of SOFIA.

This photographed shows a section of the ancient city of Constantinople, on the Bosporus, which for hundreds of years has withstood the efforts of Europeans to get it from the possession of the Turks, but which is about to fall. In the background at the right is seen the great Mosque of Sophia, the most important church edifice of the Mohammedan world.

General D'Amade, in command of an army made up of Australians, French, Senegalese and others has landed on the peninsula of Gallipoli, and as the allied fleets bombard the forts along the Dardanelles he is advancing on the city. At the same time, Enad Pasha, a famous Turkish commander (not the Essad Pasha who rebelled in Albania), is marching through Asia Minor with an army which was meant to invade Egypt. That plan having been given up, his soldiers are on their way to defend the city, against General D'Amade.

However, a despatch has come from Europe in which the statement is made that the Turks, on the approach of the fleet, will not defend the city but will quit it for Asia in order that Christian guns will not batter down the ancient mosques.

ESSAD PASHA

GENERAL D'AMADE.

CABINET BAR IS RAIDED BY SHERIFF FORBES

C. J. Cunningham Out on Bond; Sheriff's Posse Armed with Guns Entered Both Doors Taking Men by Surprise

Following a raid by officers from the sheriff's office led by Sheriff Forbes himself on the Cabinet saloon at the corner of Congress and Church streets, Charles Cunningham, proprietor of the place was arrested on a charge of violating the prohibitory law. He was later released on bond. Four men were held as witnesses.

The raid made by the officers was totally unexpected by the downtown crowds and was carried out in a spectacular manner. Six deputies, dividing into two squads, one at the east and the other at the west entrance on Congress street, rushed suddenly into the place and demanded that the men at the bar throw up their hands. Reports of bystanders were that guns were drawn by the deputies to enforce the order, but officers denied that more than one or two guns were held on the men, stating that this was done as a mere precaution.

Cunningham himself was behind the bar. He was pulled that he was under arrest and immediately gave himself up to Sheriff Forbes. He took the cash from his register and an officer was placed on guard at the place.

There were 15 or 20 young men in the pool room, which is separated from the bar by a lattice work, but these were not molested by the officers. The men at the bar were taken to the office of the county attorney and were examined one by one during the evening.

It is understood that their statements were taken down by a stenographer to be later used as evidence. They were kept in a room in the court house and called one by one.

As Justice Comstock was ill last evening, Cunningham was taken out on his bonds in a machine to arrange bond. He was then immediately released. He refused to make any statement about the matter, and said that he would not talk concerning his arrest until he had consulted with his attorney.

A number of bottles taken from behind the bar were carried by deputies to the sheriff's office to be kept as evidence in the case. What the contents of the bottles might be was not made public last evening. There were several demijohns carried down by officers also to the jail. It is understood that the contents of the bottles will be analyzed. The raid caused great excitement on the downtown streets and large crowds collected in the vicinity of the Cabinet.

Cunningham has been in the saloon business for a number of years prior to the enactment of the prohibitory law.

(Continued on Page Two)

CASH REGISTER TRIAL HAS COST HALF MILLION

Thirty Men Named as Defendants; Imposing Array of Legal Talent; Whole Floor of Hotel Engaged Three Months

CINCINNATI, O., March 14.—The defendants in the National Cash Register Case who were freed from imprisonment by a writ of habeas corpus, were indicted by a federal grand jury at Cincinnati three years ago and numbered thirty men, including the president, John H. Patterson, and twenty-nine other officials or former officials and departmental heads of the National Cash Register company of Dayton, O. Twenty-nine were convicted by a jury in the United States District Court, and twenty-seven, including President Patterson were sentenced each to serve approximately a year's time in Ohio jails. The verdict was one of the most sweeping ever given under the criminal section of the Sherman Law.

The indictment was reported to United States District Judge Howard Hollister, on February 22, 1912, naming all thirty men as joint defendants in an alleged conspiracy to crush competition by a warfare on competitors, in violation of the Federal Law. All of the defendants came to Cincinnati immediately and gave bond for their appearances in court. The trial was begun on November 19, 1913. It continued for almost three months, the verdict of guilty being returned by the jury on February 13, 1914.

Sentences were passed by Judge Hollister on February 17.

President Patterson was sentenced to pay $5,000 fine and serve one year in the Miami jail.

The following were sentenced to pay $1,000 fine and serve one year in the Miami jail:

Edward A. Deeds, William F. Hipps, William H. Muxzy, William Pflum, Robert Patterson, Thomas J. Watson, Joseph E. Rogers, Alexander C. Harrord, Frederick S. Hith, Phiny Eves, A. A. Wentz, George E. Morgan, Mont L. Lasley, Earl R. Wilson, Alex M. Sinclair, John J. Range, M. G. Keith, J. C. Laird, W. V. Howe, E. H. Epperson, Charles T. Walmsley, Charles A. Snyder, Myer N. Jacobs, and Walter Cove; while J. D. Harward and A. A. Thomas received sentence of nine months.

The case of one of the men indicted, Edgar Park of New York, was discussed, while the sentence of another, George C. Edgster was suspended. The sentence of the third, William C. Cummings, was deferred as he was seriously ill at the time Judge Hollister pronounced judgment.

Notice of appeal to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals was immediately given by the attorneys for convicted men. The court fixed President Patterson's bond at $10,000 and the remaining defendants' bonds at $5,000 each. As soon as possible thereafter, the record of the case, the most voluminous ever filed i nthe local courts, was placed in the hands of the upper courts.

Arguments were submitted on October 6, 7 and 8, 1914, to Justice William Day, of the United States Supreme Court, and District Judges Sanford, of Tennessee, and Cochran, of Kentucky.

The estimated cost of the case is conservatively fixed at $500,000 of which $150,000 was borne by the government and $400,000 by the National Cash Register company. Some of the best known local talent in the country was engaged to defend the indicted officials. The list of counsel included: Lawrence B. Maxwell, of Cincinnati; John S. Miller, of Chicago; John F. Wilson, of Columbus; John A. McMahon of Dayton, O., and others who never appeared in the courtroom but were at work for months in every state in the union.

Another big item was the maintenance of the defendants during their stay in Cincinnati for the trial. A whole floor was engaged at a leading hotel during the three months of the trial and for five days each week the business of the National Cash Register company was conducted in these quarters. Clerks, stenographers and other help were kept here. Special trains bore the defendants back and forth between Cincinnati and Dayton on Friday nights and Monday mornings.

The government's case was handled by District Attorney Sherman T. McPherson and his assistants, Edward Washburn, and special assistants to the attorney general, O. E. Harrison of Columbus and John Lott of Tiffin, Ohio.

PHOENIX CITY MANAGER

PHOENIX, March 14.—The Phoenix city council will select a city manager and finally pass on the charges heretofore filed against City Manager Parrish in the proceedings for his removal. Robert A. Craig is spoken of as his probable successor.

MILK THIEF ARRESTED

Charles Wilson, a laborer, was arrested yesterday morning at 4:30 o'clock on a charge of stealing milk by Officer Salazar. He was arrested at 306 West Sixth street where thefts of milk have been reported.

NEW GERMAN SUBMARINE MAKES SUCCESSFUL RAID LINER REPORTED SUNK

U-29, Largest and Fastest German Underwater Craft, Cruising Off English Channel, Sank Five Ships and Damaged Four Others in Past Three Days; German Commander Gave Crews Time To Leave and In Some Cases Towed Life Boats To Passing Steamers; British Victorious Around Lille and Belgians Are Again Active; Battle in Dardanelles Continues When Weather Permits; Turkish Forts Ruined

LONDON, March 14.—Submarine U-29, one of the largest and fastest of the German underwater craft, has had a successful three-day cruise off the Scilly Islands and in the English channel where, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, she sank four British steamers, one Frenchman and damaged three others.

The German commander gave the crews of most of the steamers time to leave their vessels and in some cases towed the ship's life boats with their crews to passing steamers which brought them to port.

The U-29 has been chased by patrol boats but has proven too elusive and steamers trying to ram her, found the submarine much faster than similar craft. She has been met by big liners vast the Cetlly Islands on their way across the Atlantic, hence there is much uneasiness in shipping circles. A wireless report has reached here from an American liner and others that some liner has been sunk." It is believed that the report arose from the sinking of the Andalusian.

The British feel that they have more than evened up for the loss of the steamers by their victory at Nueve Chapello and the defeat yesterday of the Germans trying to recover the ground gained by the British. British airmen have been active and have destroyed a train at Don, near Lille.

The Belgian army continues to gain a little ground near the bend of the River Yser; the Germans have again bombarded Ypres, Solesone, Rheims, the cathedrals suffering further damage in the last two towns. Fighting is on in Champagne, the Argonne district and in the Vosges.

The French have occupied Embermenil on the border of Lorraine. In the eastern war zone news is scarce. Russian armies are concentrating for a big battle around Przanysz. Thus far only the outposts are fighting.

The bombardment of the Dardanelles and Smyrna forts continues when the weather permits. It is reported to Athens that the superdreadnaught Queen Elizabeth has destroyed several shore batteries by indirect fire from the Gulf of Saros. A violent duel is now being fought between the Turkish forts and the Allies ships. The Turkish troops are under fire from the warships, the Smyrna forts being bombarded again yesterday.

The situation in Italy is reported as reaching a climax. Considerable feeling has been aroused by the discovery that a large number of French rifles are alleged to have been sent by the Germans to Tripoli. From Vienna comes the statement that the whole ministry, including Baron Burian, is now supporting Emperor Franz Joseph in his refusal to make territorial concessions to Italy in return for Italy's continued neutrality.

FUNERAL SERVICES MRS. ROCKEFELLER

Impressive Ceremonies Held at Pocantico Hills; Interment Later

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., March 14.—The funeral services of Mrs. John D. Rockefeller were held late today at her home at Pocantico Hills. Only members of family, close friends and employes on the estate attended. The body was placed in the receiving vault of John D. Archbold, in Sleepy-Hollow cemetery until it has been decided whether the burial will be at Pocantico Hills or in the family plot in Cleveland.

John D. Rockefeller held little Winthrop Rockefeller his grandson on his knees during the services which were conducted by Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, of New York, which the family attends in that city.

John D. Rockefeller Jr., and his wife sat close to his father. The tones of the great pipe organ in the house opened the services. Hymns, "Jesus, Lover of my Soul," and others were sung by the New York church quartette. Scriptural reading, a violin solo, "How the Day is Over" followed by the benediction comprised the funeral services. Many noted New Yorkers attended.

PARDON BOARD MEETS

PHOENIX, March 14.—The State Board of Pardons and paroles will meet in conference tomorrow and pass on numerous applications, heretofore filed including five cases where the applicant is under sentence of death. It is understood that in the death cases the board will recommend that the governor grant reprieves until such time as the supreme court shall pass on the constitutionality of the act recently adopted by a direct vote of the people setting aside the executive's right of pardon and which right he is contending cannot be abrogated without a constitutional amendment.

GREAT BRITISH VICTORY IN FRANCE

LONDON, March 14.—The magnitude of the English victory near Neuve Chapelle, in northern France, last week continues to grow, as is evidenced by the statement of the British war office, that in the three days fighting the German losses were not short of 10,000 and 1,720 prisoners were taken.

LOYAL IRISHMEN FIGHTING FOR IRELAND

LONDON, March 14.—John Redmond, the Irish leader, in a speech at Manchester said that quarter of a million Irishmen had joined the colors and that more were ready and that Ireland has been admitted to its proper place in the British Empire, "with perfect faith and loyalty," and that "while fighting for the empire, Irishmen were fighting for Ireland."

FRENCH OFFICIAL REPORTS COMPLETE CALM

PARIS, March 14.—The official statement issued by the French war office Saturday night that an almost complete calm on both sides has characterized this day along the entire front. We have consolidated our positions everywhere and checked the attack of the Germans at Bois Le Pretre.

ATHENS REPORTS DAMAGE TO FLEET

BERLIN, March 14.—Additional subscriptions to the new war loan amounting to $4,421,000 have been received. Reports from Athens, state that during the bombardment of the forts on the Dardanelles, all the warships of the allies were hit and many severely found on a captured English soldier indicates, that during last week's British offensive in Flanders 48 British battalions were opposed by three German battalions.

GREEK EX-PREMIER EAGER FOR WAR

ATHENS, March 14.—Former Premier Veneselos, appeals to the new government to abandon its policy of neutrality an urges the opportunity for Greece to quadruple herself. Advices from Sofia, state that the archives at Constantinople are packed for removal to Eski Shehr, in Asia Minor, which may be the new Ottoman capital.

THE WEATHER

For Arizona—Monday fair, Tuesday cloudy probably rain in south.

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