

PIMA COUNTY'S
GREAT SUPPORT
HELPED GARVEY

More Than One-Fourth of
Governor's Ballots
Came From Here

By LESTER N. INSKEEP

The voters of Pima county contributed more than one-fourth of the total number of ballots cast in Arizona for Gov. Dan E. Garvey, a Tucson man, in Tuesday's general election. A slightly lesser proportion of the state's votes for President Harry S. Truman was cast in this county as the President and all Democratic state office-holders swept the county and state.

With all precincts complete, Pima county early today had cast 22,080 votes for Governor Garvey. This

compares with a state total of 80,256. State totals were not complete.

President Truman received 17,388 votes in this county, and 74,470 in the state.

The governor was ahead of the President by 4,692 votes in the county, and 5,386 in the state. It thus was apparent that most of Garvey's popularity over that of Truman stemmed from Pima county.

President Truman led Gov. Thomas E. Dewey, his Republican opponent, by only 368 votes in this county. Dewey received 17,020.

Defeats Brockett

The governor, on the other hand, far outdistanced his Republican rival, Bruce Brockett, Yavapai cattleman. While Garvey had 22,080 votes, Brockett had only 13,329.

Harold A. Patten, Democrat, easily took Pima county from Albert R. Buehman, Republican, for the U.S. house of representatives from the recently created second congressional district. Both men are from Tucson.

A total of 18,905 votes went to Patten, while Buehman received 13,572. These figures are included in district totals of 42,764 for Patten and 22,035 for Buehman.

Patten, combat veteran of the last war, former state department commander of the American Legion, and former city recreation director, will serve in the house with Rep. John R. Murdock of Maricopa. Patten will be among

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'Miracle Man'



President Harry S. Truman places his ballot in the box at the Memorial building voting place of the Seventh Precinct of Blue Township, Independent, Mo., as he cast his vote in the general election. Waiting their turns are his daughter, Margaret, and Mrs. Truman. (AP Wirephoto.)

Truman Now Seen as One Who
Works Political Legerdemain

Party on Verge of Disintegration With Ranks Full Of
Dissidents, President Yet Wins Election; Incident
Unparalleled in U.S. Political History

By REILMAN MORIN

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—(P)—A simple and friendly man with blue eyes and side-winding smile had performed a miracle today.

Months ago, from the very first, people were saying it would take a miracle, and nothing less, to return Harry Truman to the White House. His party was broken and disintegrating. There were men

As the Shouting
Began to Soften

SAM RAYBURN

SHERMAN, Tex., Nov. 3.—(P)—Sam Rayburn, Democratic leader in the house of representatives, told the Sherman Democrat in an interview today:

"It looks like everybody was against President Truman but the people."

Yet Harry Truman won the election.

No Political Parallel

His victory is without parallel or counterpart in the history of the presidency. It was a valid and genuine political miracle.

But this miracle can be explained.

Part of the explanation—a very small part—can be found in the issues of the campaign, and in the President's approach to them.

There has been a certain amount of anxiety among the farmers recently, as a result of surpluses in wheat and cotton and other products, plus the fact that European farmers, having had bumper crops, are taking up the slack in their own markets.

The President promised to support prices. He also promised assistance in obtaining storage for their products.

In the same way, he reminded industrial workers that he had vetoed the Taft-Hartley act and is still opposed to it. He read some parts of Representative Hartley's book on the subject.

Iowa Victory

Undoubtedly, he won over a great many farmers and industrial workers with these statements. This, most probably, is one answer to the victory in Iowa, a traditionally Republican state.

But beyond these things—and this is the major part—it appears that Harry Truman, a simple and friendly man, simply won his way into the hearts of the people he

house subcommittee on reclamation.

Ernest W. McFarland, junior U.S. senator, will be in a high position on the senate committee on interior and insular affairs and its subcommittee on reclamation.

Meanwhile, in the house, John R. Murdock, who will start his seventh term, can exercise his 12 years' seniority on the house public lands committee and probably return to the chairmanship of the house subcommittee on reclamation.

Harold Patten, the newly elected representative from District No. 2, will be serving his first term in Congress and will therefore have no committee seniority.

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Victory Will Help
State in Congress

PHOENIX, Nov. 3.—(P)—Arizona's Democratic congressional delegation will be holding the reins in some key committee posts when the new Congress reorganizes.

Carl Hayden, Arizona's senior senator, again will become ranking majority member of the senate appropriations committee, probably handling the work of the chairman, due to the illness of Sen. Kenneth McKellar of Tennessee. It is likely he will also return to the post of chairman of the appropriations subcommittee on the interior department and as chairman of the powerful rules committee.

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Community Chest Drive Gets
Under Way at Workers' Meeting

More than 300 of the 1,000 volunteer workers in the annual Tucson Community Chest financial campaign gathered yesterday in the Pioneer hotel ballroom for the start of the general solicitation, the remainder of the month. Chest campaign leaders emphasized that every cent of the \$168,850 sought as the goal of the present drive is needed for the support of the 11 affiliated Chest agencies during 1949.

J. J. O'Dowd, general campaign chairman, opened the meeting and expressed gratification for the large attendance of workers. Harry Dearing, president of the Chest board of directors, also spoke briefly.

"Two of every five families in the Tucson area are affected through Community Chest agencies," James Davies, principal speaker at the meeting, told the workers. "The Community Chest provides a convenient way of doing a job that has to be done, and it is much superior to the separate campaign for each agency in which we formerly wasted time, effort and funds. These agencies that share Chest funds are selected for the work they do in the community. Their budgets are carefully studied by a volunteer committee and set at the minimum necessary to operate efficiently."

"You want to know about the agencies for which the money is to be given. They include the Arizona Children's Home, Boy Scouts of

the camp, explained the workers' kit. He urged that every solicitor wear the volunteer button as a means of identification.

ILWU'S BRIDGES

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—(P)—Harry Bridges, president of the International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union, who supported Henry Wallace in the presidential election, issued a statement today, saying in part:

"Whatever we thought of the actions and the political program of Harry Truman, we must now give credit to a guy who fought a tough battle and came from 'way behind to win."

WILLKIE'S SON

RUSHVILLE, Ind., Nov. 3.—(P)—Philip Willkie, lawyer son of the late Wendell Willkie, made his political debut by winning election as representative in the Indiana legislature from Rush and Henry counties. He is a Republican. His father was the 1940 Republican presidential nominee.

POPULAR VOTE

Associated Press returns at 1:15 a.m. (EST), Thursday, from 122,274 of the country's 135,864 voting units showed the popular vote:

Dewey, 20,417,802.

Truman, 22,280,199.

Wallace, 1,030,753.

Thurmond, 862,429.

Total, 44,591,285.

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'LITTLE MAN FROM MISSOURI' MOCKS
POLLS, SEIZES PRESIDENCY, CONTROL
OF HOUSE, SENATE IN RECORD UPSET

How the Nation Voted

POPULAR-ELECTORAL VOTE RETURNS
AT 10 P. M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME
(By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS)

State	Units	Report	Popular Vote	Indicated
			Dewey Truman	Elect. Vote D'wy T'mn
Alabama	2,408	1,110	20,570	(x) (x)
Arizona	438	364	45,075	59,101
Arkansas	2,217	1,002	20,748	64,115
California	16,802	13,723	1,467,324	1,524,033
Colorado	1,704	1,522	208,017	225,174
Connecticut	169	169	438,226	422,228
Delaware	261	261	69,633	67,921
Florida	1,523	1,268	172,983	243,762
Georgia	1,736	1,318	68,745	228,953
Idaho	834	775	99,502	105,395
Illinois	9,231	9,215	1,934,933	1,985,241
Indiana	4,056	3,809	773,260	765,163
Iowa	2,474	2,474	488,933	473,902
Kansas	2,772	2,549	353,933	295,026
Kentucky	4,066	3,818	320,949	442,893
Louisiana	1,884	824	45,787	73,659
Maine	622	611	148,165	111,080
Maryland	1,347	1,313	784,170	955,038
Massachusetts	1,879	1,611	800,124	881,854
Michigan	4,202	4,037	99,070	956,729
Minnesota	3,738	2,852	2,256	11,208
Mississippi	1,725	1,500	223	1,420
Missouri	4,635	4,472	623,245	581,824
Montana	1,142	898	83,370	101,336
Nebraska	2,024	1,980	256,503	218,186
New Hampshire	2,248	289	117,872	134,001
New Jersey	3,517	3,707	973,629	971,791
New Mexico	534	751	70,947	84,218
New York	9,559	9,939	2,933,175	2,792,775
North Carolina	1,159	1,675	213,641	418,368
North Dakota	2,212	1,565	89,224	72,819
Ohio	9,710	9,507	1,426,341	1,442,333
Oklahoma	8,701	3,655	664,132	446,147
Oregon	1,861	1,258	523,837	102,167
Pennsylvania	8,233	8,292	501,160	1,751,186
Rhode Island	266	266	134,892	188,619
South Carolina	1,296	934	5,101	30,498
South Dakota	1,950	1,152	88,499	81,900
Tennessee	2,300	2,147	155,328	215,014
Texas	254	253	213,962	578,085
Utah	901	885	122,972	147,969
Vermont	213	246	76,066	45,594
Virginia	1,554	1,722	191,742	200,320
Washington	3,437	2,040	189,942	231,283
West Virginia	2,765	2,745	308,473	424,633
Wisconsin	6,143	3,074	576,263	635,886
Wyoming	681	648	45,656	49,945
Totals	135,867	120,506	20,217,515	