Authorities have tips but no suspect

Fire damage. residents' return to be assessed

By Mitch Tohin TOWNS THE PARTY OF ALL

The origin of the 34 000 acres Aspen Fire has been parrowed to a 20-by-30 foot area, but investigators said Friday night that they still don't know if the fire was set intentionally or accidentally

The fallout

people have called in with there are no suspects, said Bruce Maldonado a special agent with the IIS Forest Service

About 50

Although 1.269 people continue to fight the fire, a rapid decrease in resources is expected in coming days as crews finish digging and burning out fuel breaks. The fire is 50 percent contained and has cost \$7.2 million to suppress.

The building of fire lines around the blaze's northern end went well Friday, although work stopped when crews found what they thought were explosives near an abandoned mine. said Buck Wickham, operations section chief. The liquid was actually sulfuric acid

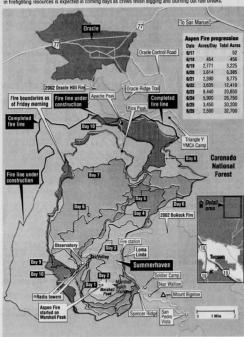
Power poles leading to Summerhaven have already been burned, and more damage is expected to the line because "it's in a pretty horrible place and it's an unsafe area to put crews." said Wickham, who expects the Aspen Fire to grow another 6,000 to 10,000 acres.

Crews will let the fire creen down the Catalinas' western slope since that's "doing a lot more good than damage" and the flames will likely peter out as the vegetation gets sparser. Wickham said

Today, a team of scientists is expected to start assessing the fire's damage and the risk of erosion, hoping to produce a report by July 7 and treat 3,000 acres with mulch and grass seed by

Progress against fire

The Aspen Fire grew to 34 000 acres Friday and is expected to grow another 6,000 to 10,000 acres. A rapid decrease in firefighting resources is expected in coming days as crews finish digging and hurning out fuel breaks.



SOURCE: ESRI, GDT, Southwest Area Incident Management Team

July 18. The goal is to prevent

runoff from damaging the Catali-

nas' infrastructure and ecology.

The Aspen Fire is expected to

at least smolder until the mon-Ochoa, of the National Interasoon. But it looks like the mongency Fire Center in Idaho. soon will arrive a few weeks "We're looking at perhaps late, in mid-July, said Rick record fire danger in Arizona.

just because the monsoons are en late " Ochna said In Tuccon the monsoon's av-

erage start date is July 3 After a week of the wind pereistently coming out of the couth and couthwest the breeze has died down and let smoke settle into communities around

the Catalinas A smoke advisory for the area was issued Thursday and Friday by the American Lung Asenciation and Pima and Pinal Counties It urged the elderly and neonle with respiratory or heart problems to monitor the particulate pollution.

Smoke levels tend to be worse in the morning, when the particles are trapped near the ground. The particulates can cause coughing, itchy eyes, headache dizziness and nausea

"Almost invariably there will be more people that go to their private doctors, to urgent care or to the ER," said Dr. Michael Lebowitz, a University of Arizona professor of pulmonary medicine and public health. "For most normal people, it might cause a little eye or nose irritation, even a sore throat for some, but in the short run it won't do anything and go away.'

The Forest Service has final say on when residents can return to Mount Lemmon, said County Administrator Chuck Huckelberry, but the county is working with a residents' group on re-entry planning, "trying to minimize the delay.

One big concern is the presence of friable or easily crumbled, asbestos amid the ashes, "You don't want anybody stomning around in friable asbestos and wondering why they get lung cancer 20 years later." Huckelberry said.

He said the county will ask homeowners' permission to go on their properties and search for and dispose of hazards.

Star reporter Tom Beal and The Associated Press contributed to this story.

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