Clerk of the Superior Court By Mickie Guinouard, Deputy Date 10/03/2014 Time 16:07:52 Description Anount ----- CASE# TX2014-000213 --TAX CASE FEE 304.00 1 MOONEY, WRIGHT & MOORE, PLLC Paul J. Mooney (No. 006708) TOTAL AMOUNT 304.00 Jim L. Wright (No. 010531) 2 Receipt# 24064343 Paul Moore (No. 019912) 3 Bart S. Wilhoit (No. 020064) 1201 South Alma School Road, Suite 16000 4 Mesa, Arizona 85210 Telephone: (480) 615-7500 5 Email: pmoore@azstatetaxlaw.com 6 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 7 THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA 8 IN THE ARIZONA TAX COURT 9 No. TX 2014-000213 MANUEL B. AND GLORIA M. 10 VALENZUELA, husband and wife; LIBRADA COMPLAINT 11 NUNEZ DE HIGUERA, an individual: ERNESTINA PEDROZA, an individual: 12 JULIETA URIBE, an individual; JOY E. WARTH, an individual; and JORGE A. AND (Property Tax Class Action – 13 Illegal Tax) MANUELA MONREAL, husband and wife, on 14 behalf of themselves and the class of all real property owners and taxpayers in the taxing 15 jurisdiction of the City of South Tucson, Arizona, who paid real property taxes for the 16 2013 tax year, 17 Plaintiffs, 18 VS. 19 PIMA COUNTY, a political subdivision of the 20 State of Arizona; and THE ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, an agency of 21 the State of Arizona. 22 Defendants. 23 Pursuant to A.R.S. §42-11005 and Rule 23, Ariz. R. Civ. P., MANUEL B. AND 24 GLORIA M. VALENZUELA, husband and wife: LIBRADA NUNEZ DE HIGUERA, an 25 individual; ERNESTINA PEDROZA, an individual; JULIETA URIBE, an individual; 26

MICHAEL K. JEANES

MOONEY, WRIGHT & MOORE, PLLC MESA, AZ JOY E. WARTH, an individual; and JORGE A. AND MANUELA MONREAL, husband and wife, (hereinafter "Class Representatives"), bring this action on behalf of themselves and all similarly-situated real property owners and taxpayers ("Class Members") in the taxing jurisdiction of the City of South Tucson, Arizona, (collectively the Class Representatives and Class Members are referred to as "Plaintiffs") to recover illegally imposed and collected real property taxes for the 2013 tax year and seek a refund of such taxes. In support of this Complaint, Plaintiffs allege:

I.

At all relevant times to this appeal, Class Representatives owned, and continue to own, legal and/or equitable title to real property located in the taxing jurisdiction of the City of South Tucson, Pima County, Arizona, identified by Pima County tax parcel identification numbers: 119-03-0880, 119-03-0380, 118-25-0480, 118-25-0500, 119-03-0870, 118-22-1760, 118-22-1770; and Class Members owned legal and/or equitable title to all other real property located in the taxing jurisdiction of the City of South Tucson, Pima County, Arizona, that was assessed real property taxes by Pima County on behalf of the City of South Tucson, collectively referred to hereinafter as "the Subject Property."

II.

Defendant, The Arizona Department of Revenue ("ADOR") is an agency of the government of the State of Arizona, created and organized pursuant to A.R.S. § 42-1001, et seq. ADOR is made a Defendant to this action pursuant to A.R.S. § 42-11005(C). Defendant, Pima County is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona and is charged with the responsibility of valuing, classifying, levying and collecting property taxes on real property within Pima County, including the Subject Property.

III.

Pursuant to Arizona law, Defendant Pima County assessed, levied and collected property tax on the Subject Property from Plaintiffs for tax year 2013 and Plaintiffs timely

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paid such tax, including illegally collected tax on behalf of the City of South Tucson that was assessed, levied and collected with no legal authority. See A.R.S. § 42-11001(15) and A.R.S. § 35-451, et seg.

IV.

This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to A.R.S. § 42-11005, and Rule 23, Ariz. R. Civ. P.

V.

This Court should certify this action as a class action pursuant to Rule 23(a), Ariz. R. Civ. P., because: (1) the class of all similarly-situated real property owners and taxpayers in the taxing jurisdiction of the City of South Tucson is so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical; (2) there are questions of law and fact common to the class that predominate over questions only affecting individual members; (3) the claims of the representative parties are typical of the class; (4) the representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class; (5) the prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the class would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications; (6) the adjudication of the appeal with respect to individual members of the class will be dispositive of the interests of other members of the class; and (7) a class action is superior to other methods available for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.

VI.

For tax year 2013, Defendant Pima County intentionally and illegally assessed, levied, and collected secondary property taxes on behalf of the City of South Tucson, Arizona, from the Plaintiffs in the amount of approximately \$603,000. In particular, among other things, when assessing the Subject Property, Defendant Pima County collected secondary property taxes without the approval of the electors in violation of A.R.S. § 35-451, et seq. Defendant's actions thereby caused Plaintiffs to pay more

property taxes for the 2013 tax year than they would have otherwise been required to pay. 1 2 VII. Defendants' conduct has resulted in the collection of illegal taxes, which Plaintiffs are 3 4 entitled to recover, pursuant to A.R.S. §42-11005. 5 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request that this Court: 1. 6 Order that the Class Representatives may maintain this action as class 7 representatives for all Plaintiffs as a class action, pursuant to Rule 23, Ariz. R. Civ. P.; 2. 8 Grant Plaintiffs a refund of all illegally-collected property taxes for the 2013 9 tax year pursuant to A.R.S. §42-11005, plus interest at the legal rate until paid; 10 3. Award Plaintiffs their attorneys' fees and expert witness expenses pursuant to 11 A.R.S. §12-348, the "common fund doctrine" and the "substantial benefit" doctrine, as well as their taxable costs of suit; and 12 13 4. Grant such further relief as the Court deems proper. 14 DATED: October 3, 2014. 15 MOONEY, WRIGHT & MOORE, PLLC 16 17 Paul Moore 18 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

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