

Weed Wyoming Compassionate Use Act

1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the Wyoming Compassionate Use Act.
2. The purpose of this act is to protect seriously-ill patients and their caregivers from arrest and prosecution for possession of marijuana for medical purposes.
3. Seriously-ill patients and their caregivers will be exempt from Wyoming criminal laws relating to the possession, distribution and production of marijuana when used under the written recommendation of a physician licensed in the United States.
4. No physician shall be punished or denied any right or privilege for having recommended marijuana to a patient for medical purposes.
5. State registration of medical marijuana patients shall be prohibited. Possession of a written recommendation by a physician licensed in the United States stating that the patient may benefit from the use of marijuana in medical marijuana provides a full exemption from arrest, prosecution, search and seizure under criminal marijuana statutes.
6. Each patient with a written recommendation is presumed to have the right to possess up to 10 marijuana plants for their personal medical use and may keep the entire harvest in their residence, place of business, place of worship and/or growing location of the medical marijuana. While traveling, patients are presumed to be permitted carry up to 10 ounces of marijuana for their personal medical use. Patients requiring larger amounts of marijuana to treat their medical condition may possess a larger quantity upon written recommendation from a Wyoming licensed physician specifying the number of plants and/or weight of marijuana necessary to treat their condition up to but no greater than 10 pounds and/or 50 plants. Patients without a written recommendation for a larger quantity may use medical necessity as an affirmative defense against possession and/or cultivation charges in court.
7. Patients may produce marijuana collectively. Collective cultivation organizations must be Wyoming not-for-profit corporations or unincorporated associations comprised solely of patients in possession of a valid written recommendation to use marijuana for medical purposes and may provide marijuana to patients with valid written recommendations in exchange for donations to cover the costs associated with the operation of a medical marijuana collective cultivation organization, including but not limited to labor, production, distribution and storage costs.
8. Patient identification cards and written doctor's recommendations issued by other states and federal territories of the United States, Canada, European Union member countries and Israel are considered to be equivalent to a Wyoming written physicians recommendation.
9. Caregivers of seriously-ill patients may possess, obtain, transport and/or cultivate marijuana on behalf of a medical marijuana patient by having their name listed as the caregiver of the seriously-ill patient in the written recommendation of the physician as the patient's caregiver and/or a notarized letter from the patient designating them as their caregiver, attached to a copy of the patient's written physician's recommendation.
10. Patients may use marijuana for medical purposes in any location where tobacco smoking is permitted if the marijuana is being burned. If the marijuana is being used in a form that does not require burning and/or smoking such as vaporization or through marijuana infused food items it may be used anywhere within the State of Wyoming.

11. Patients and their caregivers may not be denied any right or privilege otherwise afforded to other citizens based on their usage of and/or caregiver status to a medical marijuana patient. In all areas of law, medical usage of marijuana under the written recommendation shall be considered equivalent to usage of a prescription medicine.

12. Wyoming state authorities are prohibited from cooperation with and/or assistance to federal authorities and/or out-of-state authorities in any investigation, prosecution and or arrest of a person in compliance with this act.

13. This act preempts any local, city and/or county law involving the medical usage of marijuana but municipalities and counties may increase presumed weight limits and plant counts beyond those of the state statutes under the order of the director of the local health department.

14. Should any part of this act be rendered or declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction of the State of Wyoming, such invalidation of such part or portion of this act should not invalidate the remaining portions thereof, and they shall remain in full force and effect.