

HARRIS COUNTY ELECTION 2026

COUNTYWIDE ★ PRECINCTS 2 & 4



Hobby School of Public Affairs
UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON





Harris County Election 2026 Countywide and Precincts 2 & 4

October 2026

The Hobby School of Public Affairs at the University of Houston conducted a representative survey of Harris County voters who are expected to cast a ballot in the November 2026 midterm elections. Voters were contacted via SMS text message and directed to an online survey platform with the option to answer the survey in English or Spanish. The survey was fielded between October 3 and October 8, 2026. With a margin of error of +/- 1.87 percentage points, the overall sample population of 2,750 Harris County likely voters was adjusted via multidimensional calibration weighting using demographic, historical electoral, and geographic benchmarks. The larger than standard sample population size is due to the goal of having robust sample populations for each of the county's four county commissioner precincts.

Harris County, with a population of more than 5 million, is the most populous county in Texas and the third most populous in the United States, behind Los Angeles County and Cook County, with Harris County on track to surpass Cook County before the end of the decade. Harris County has more residents than 26 of the 50 states.

This report examines the vote intention among Harris County likely voters in the election for the position of county judge of Harris County along with the issues that are most important to their vote decision. It also provides information on vote intention among Harris County likely voters in the marquee Texas statewide U.S. Senate and gubernatorial elections and in the two county commissioner elections taking place in Harris County this year. Finally, it details the opinions of Harris County likely voters on the recent record property tax increase passed by Harris County Commissioners Court and on the use of Flock cameras for law enforcement purposes in the county.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

71% of Harris County likely voters believe things in Harris County are headed in the wrong direction, including 79% of Republicans, 79% of Independents and 63% of Democrats.

63% of Harris County likely voters believe things in Texas are headed in the wrong direction.

67% of Harris County likely voters believe things in the United States are headed in the wrong direction.

Close to one-half of Harris County likely voters do not know enough about the two 2026 general election county judge candidates, Democrat Letitia Plummer (45%) and Republican Orlando Sanchez (47%), to have an opinion of them.

31% of likely voters have a favorable opinion of Sanchez and 22% an unfavorable opinion.

30% of likely voters have a favorable opinion of Plummer and 25% an unfavorable opinion.

In the November 2026 election for county judge of Harris County, Plummer (47%) leads Sanchez (40%) by 7 percentage points, with 13% of likely voters still undecided.

The four issues identified by the largest proportion of likely voters as being the most important issue influencing their vote decision in the county judge election are crime and public safety (26%), property taxes (20%), voting rights (15%) and the candidates' political party (13%).

The four issues identified by the largest proportion of likely voters as being among the two most important issues influencing their vote decision in the county judge election are crime and public safety (47%), property taxes (36%), voting rights (26%) and the candidates' political party (19%).

Two issues are paramount for Sanchez voters, with 73% and 59% listing crime and public safety and property taxes, respectively, as among their two most important issues, with the candidates' political party at 22%, with no other issue mentioned among the top two by more than 10% of Sanchez voters.

Plummer voters are less concentrated regarding the issues they consider among the two most important to their county judge vote decision, with 40% citing voting rights, 28% racial equity and equality, 24% crime and public safety, and 24% health care.

72% of likely voters disapprove of the Sept. 2026 decision by the Harris County Commissioners Court to raise the county property tax rate by 7.6%, while 22% approve of this decision.

92% of Republicans, 80% of Independents, and 56% of Democrats disapprove of this tax increase.

7% of Republicans, 15% of Independents, and 35% of Democrats approve of this tax increase.

56% of likely voters oppose the use of Flock cameras for law enforcement purposes in Harris County, while 40% support their use.

69% of Democrats, 61% of Independents, and 37% of Republicans oppose the use of Flock cameras.

27% of Democrats, 35% of Independents, and 59% of Republicans support the use of Flock cameras.

In the November 2026 Texas U.S. Senate election, Democrat James Talarico (58%) holds a 22 point lead over Republican Ken Paxton (36%) among likely Harris County voters. In the November 2024 U.S. Senate election, Democrat Colin Allred bested Republican Ted Cruz by 11.4 points in Harris County, while Cruz defeated Allred statewide by 8.5 points.

In the November 2026 Texas gubernatorial election, Democrat Gina Hinojosa (56%) holds a 16 point lead over Republican Greg Abbott (40%) among likely Harris County voters. In the November 2022 gubernatorial election, Democrat Beto O'Rourke bested Abbott by 9.6 points in Harris County, while Abbott defeated O'Rourke statewide by 10.9 points.

Among Harris County's countywide elected officials, Sheriff Ed Gonzalez is viewed favorably (39%) by the largest proportion of likely voters, and is viewed unfavorably by 20%, with 41% not knowing enough about him to have an opinion.

Among Harris County's countywide elected officials, County Judge Lina Hidalgo is viewed unfavorably (63%) by the largest proportion of likely voters, and is viewed favorably by 30%, with 7% not knowing enough about her to have an opinion.

The report also examines the favorable and unfavorable evaluations of the four county commissioners (Precinct 1's Rodney Ellis, Precinct 2's Adrian Garcia, Precinct 3's Tom Ramsey, and Precinct 4's Lesley Briones) among their constituents who are likely voters:

- Ellis is viewed favorably by 50%, unfavorably by 26%, and is not well known by 24%.
- Garcia is viewed favorably by 48%, unfavorably by 35%, and is not well known by 17%.
- Ramsey is viewed favorably by 41%, unfavorably by 14%, and is not well known by 45%.
- Briones is viewed favorably by 35%, unfavorably by 28%, and is not well known by 37%.

63% of Harris County likely voters have an unfavorable opinion of President Donald Trump and 36% have a favorable opinion, with 1% not knowing enough to have an opinion.

In the November 2026 Harris County Precinct 2 County Commissioner election, Democrat Adrian Garcia (52%) leads Republican Richard Vega (40%) by 12 percentage points, with 8% undecided.

17% and 55% of likely voters don't know enough about Garcia and Vega, respectively, to have an opinion of them.

In the November 2026 Harris County Precinct 4 County Commissioner election, Democrat Lesley Briones (49%) leads Republican Steve Radack (41%) by 8 percentage points, with 10% undecided.

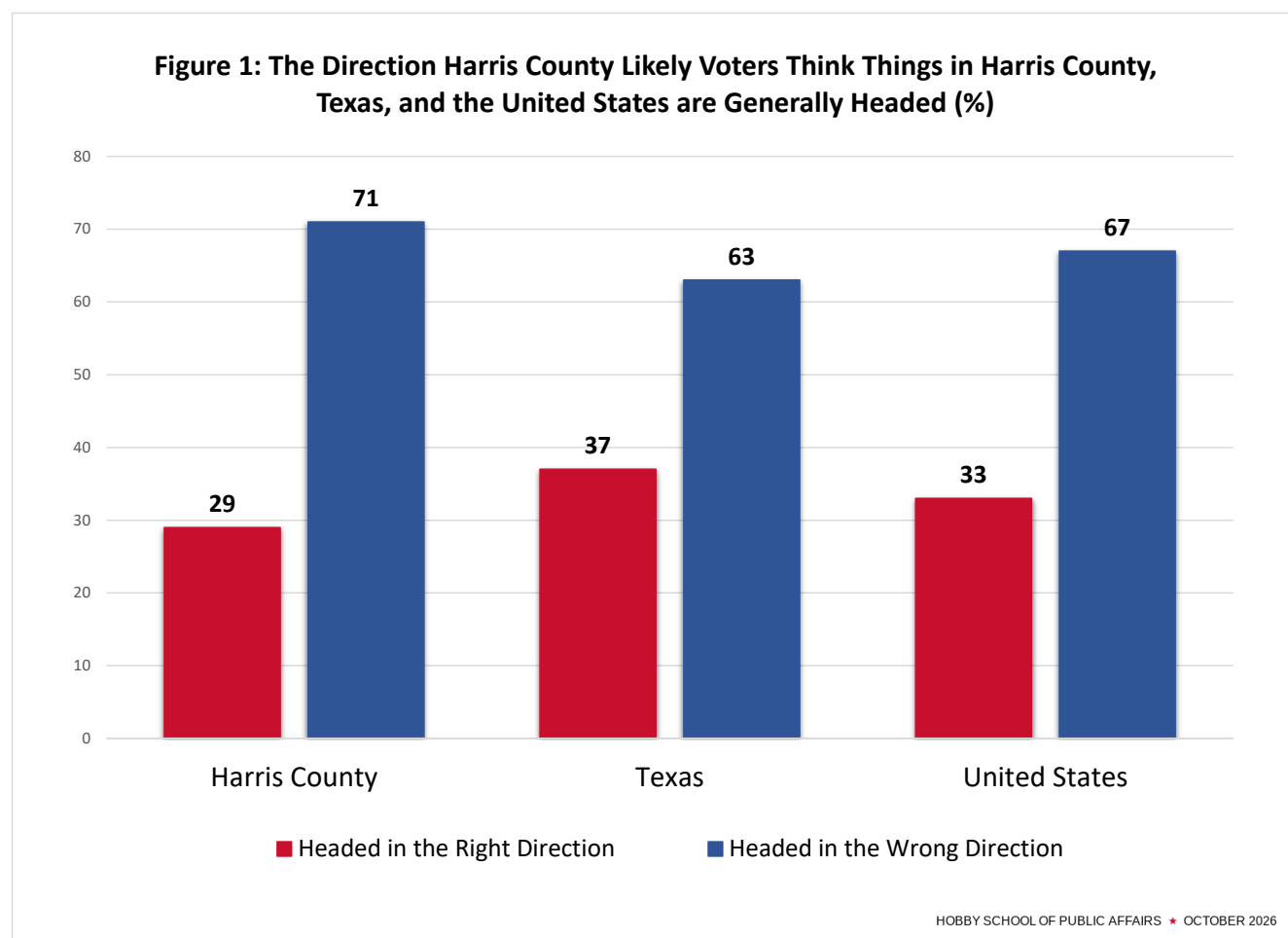
37% and 39% of likely voters don't know enough about Briones and Radack, respectively, to have an opinion of them.

SURVEY POPULATION DEMOGRAPHICS

Women account for 55% of these Harris County likely voters, men for 44%, and those whose gender identity is something else for 1%. White Texans represent 49% of these likely voters, Latino Texans 23%, and Black Texans 18%, with the remaining 10% spread among those with another ethnic/racial identity (including 4% who identify as Asian American) or a multiracial identity. One-sixth (17%) of the population is between the ages of 18 and 34, 33% is between the ages of 35 and 54, and 50% is age 55 and older. Just over one-half (53%) of the respondents have a four-year college degree, while 47% do not. The distribution of partisan identifiers among these likely voters is 47% Democratic, 39% Republican and 8% Independent, with 5% identifying with another party or group and 1% unsure of their partisanship.

THE DIRECTION IN WHICH HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS, AND THE UNITED STATES ARE HEADED

These Harris County likely voters were asked if they believe things in Harris County, Texas, and the United States are generally headed in the right direction, or if they are headed in the wrong direction. Figure 1 provides the proportion who believe Harris County, Texas, and the United States are headed in each of these two different directions.

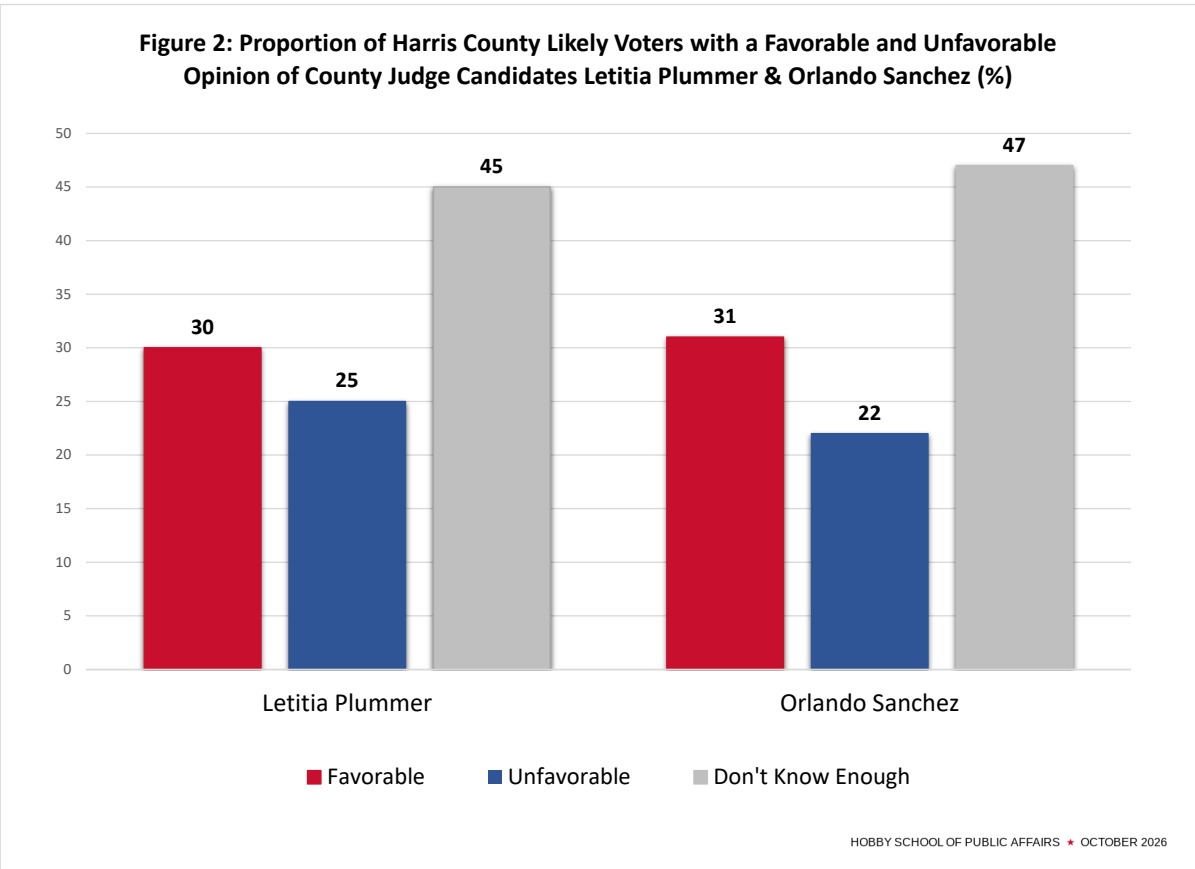


More than three-fifths of Harris County likely voters believe things in Harris County (71%), the United States (67%) and Texas (63%) are headed in the wrong direction. Conversely, only 29%, 33% and 37% of Harris County likely voters believe things in these three respective jurisdictions are headed in the right direction.

There is a strong partisan split regarding the direction in which these likely voters believe things in Texas and the United States are headed. While 99% and 97% of Democrats respectively believe things in the United States and Texas are headed in the wrong direction (1% and 3% in the right direction), 78% and 84% of Republicans believe things in the United States and Texas are headed in the right direction (22% and 16% in the wrong direction). In contrast, there is a notable bipartisan consensus among both Harris County Democrats (63%) and Harris County Republicans (79%) that things in Harris County are generally headed in the wrong direction (37% and 21% in the right direction). This opinion is also shared by Independents, 79% of whom believe things in the county are headed in the wrong direction.

THE 2026 ELECTION OF THE COUNTY JUDGE OF HARRIS COUNTY

Two candidates are on the ballot in the race to become the next county judge (county executive) of Harris County: Democrat Letitia Plummer and Republican Orlando Sanchez. Figure 2 provides the proportion of Harris County likely voters with a favorable opinion of Plummer and Sanchez, as well as the proportion of likely voters who do not know enough about the candidates to have an opinion of them, favorable or unfavorable. Throughout the survey, every question about favorability was asked before any information about the candidate or officeholder’s partisanship appeared.



Close to one-half of Harris County likely voters do not know enough about either Letitia Plummer (45%) or Orlando Sanchez (47%) to have an opinion of them. Among those with an opinion, 30% have a favorable opinion of Plummer and 25% an unfavorable opinion, while 31% have a favorable opinion of Sanchez and 22% an unfavorable opinion.

Figure 3 provides the vote intention among Harris County likely voters in the race for county judge of Harris County. Plummer (47%) leads Sanchez (40%) by 7 percentage points, with 13% of Harris County likely voters still unsure of whom they would vote for in this contest.

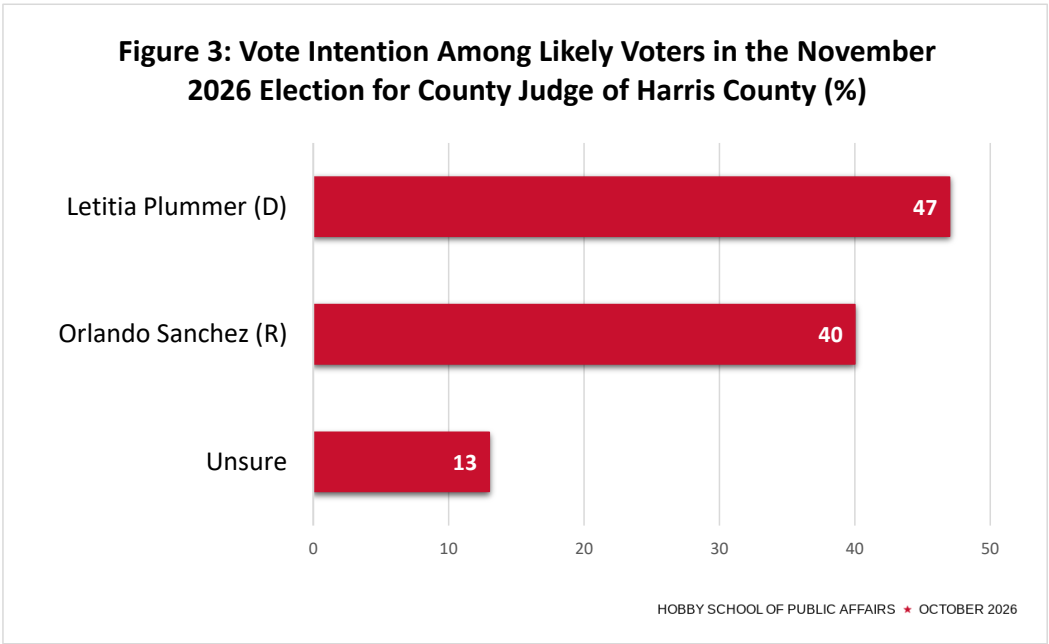


Table 1 provides the vote intention of Harris County likely voters in the county judge election, broken down by gender, ethnicity/race, age, education, partisanship, and vote intention in the 2026 Texas U.S. Senate and Texas gubernatorial elections.

Table 1: Vote Intention in the Nov. 2026 Harris County Judge Election, Among Key Sub-Groups (%)

Socio-Demographic	Sub-Group	Plummer	Sanchez	Unsure
Overall		47	40	13
Gender	Women	54	34	12
	Men	38	49	13
Ethnicity/Race	White	35	52	13
	Latino	48	38	14
	Black	86	8	6
Age	18-34	59	18	23
	35-54	51	38	11
	55+	40	50	10
Education	4 Yr College Degree	50	38	12
	No 4 Yr College Degree	44	43	13
Partisanship	Democratic	85	3	12
	Independent	39	38	23
	Republican	2	89	9
2026 U.S. Senate Vote Intention	Talarico	80	6	14
	Paxton	0	94	6
	Brown	5	70	25
2026 Governor Vote Intention	Hinojosa	83	5	12
	Abbott	1	92	7
	Dixon	7	42	51

Plummer (54%) has a 20 percentage point lead over Sanchez (34%) among women, while Sanchez (49%) has an 11 percentage point lead over Plummer (38%) among men.

White likely voters favor Sanchez (52%) over Plummer (35%) by 17 percentage points, while Latino and Black likely voters favor Plummer over Sanchez by 10 percentage points (48% to 38%) and 78 percentage points (86% to 8%), respectively.

Plummer holds an advantage over Sanchez among likely voters ages 18 to 34 (59% to 18%) and 35 to 54 (51% to 38%), while Sanchez leads Plummer among likely voters age 55 and older (50% to 40%). Of note, more than one in five (23%) likely voters under the age of 35 remain undecided in this contest.

Plummer (50%) leads Sanchez (38%) by 12 percentage points among likely voters with a four-year college degree, while the two candidates are effectively tied among likely voters who do not have a four-year degree, 44% to 43%, respectively.

Both Plummer (85%) and Sanchez (89%) enjoy strong support among Democratic and Republican voters, respectively, with only 2% of Republicans planning on voting for Plummer and only 3% of Democrats planning to vote for Sanchez. The two candidates are deadlocked among Independents, 39% to 38%, with 23% of Independents still unsure of whom they would vote for in this contest.

More than nine out of ten of the likely voters who intend to vote for Republicans Ken Paxton (94%) and Greg Abbott (92%) in the Texas U.S. Senate and gubernatorial elections also intend to vote for Sanchez, a proportion that is notably larger than the 80% and 83% of likely voters who intend to vote for Democrats James Talarico and Gina Hinojosa who also intend to vote for Plummer. And, while 0% of Paxton voters and 1% of Abbott voters intend to cast a ballot for Plummer, 6% of Talarico voters and 5% of Hinojosa voters plan to vote for Sanchez. Of note, however, is that approximately twice as many Talarico (14%) and Hinojosa (12%) voters as Paxton (6%) and Abbott (7%) voters remain undecided in the county judge election.

Sanchez is heavily favored over Plummer by the small proportion (2%) of likely voters supporting Libertarian Ted Brown in the U.S. Senate election, with 70% intending to vote for him compared to 5% for Plummer. Sanchez is also favored by supporters of Libertarian Pat Dixon in the gubernatorial election, 42% to 7%, but not by as large of a margin.

These Harris County likely voters were also asked what the most important and second most important issues are that will affect their vote in the November 2026 county judge election. The response options provided were: crime and public safety, flooding, health care, housing affordability, property taxes, racial equity and equality, transportation infrastructure, voting rights, and the candidates’ political party.

Figure 4 provides the proportion of Harris County likely voters who identified each of the issues as the most important one affecting their decision about for whom to vote in the county judge contest. Crime and public safety is cited by 26% of likely voters as the most important issue affecting their vote decision, followed by property taxes (20%), voting rights (15%) and the candidates’ political party (13%). The remaining six issues are listed by a proportion of likely voters that are in the single digits, ranging from a high of 7% for racial equity and equality to a low of 3% for transportation infrastructure, with housing affordability (6%), health care (6%) and flooding (4%) in between.

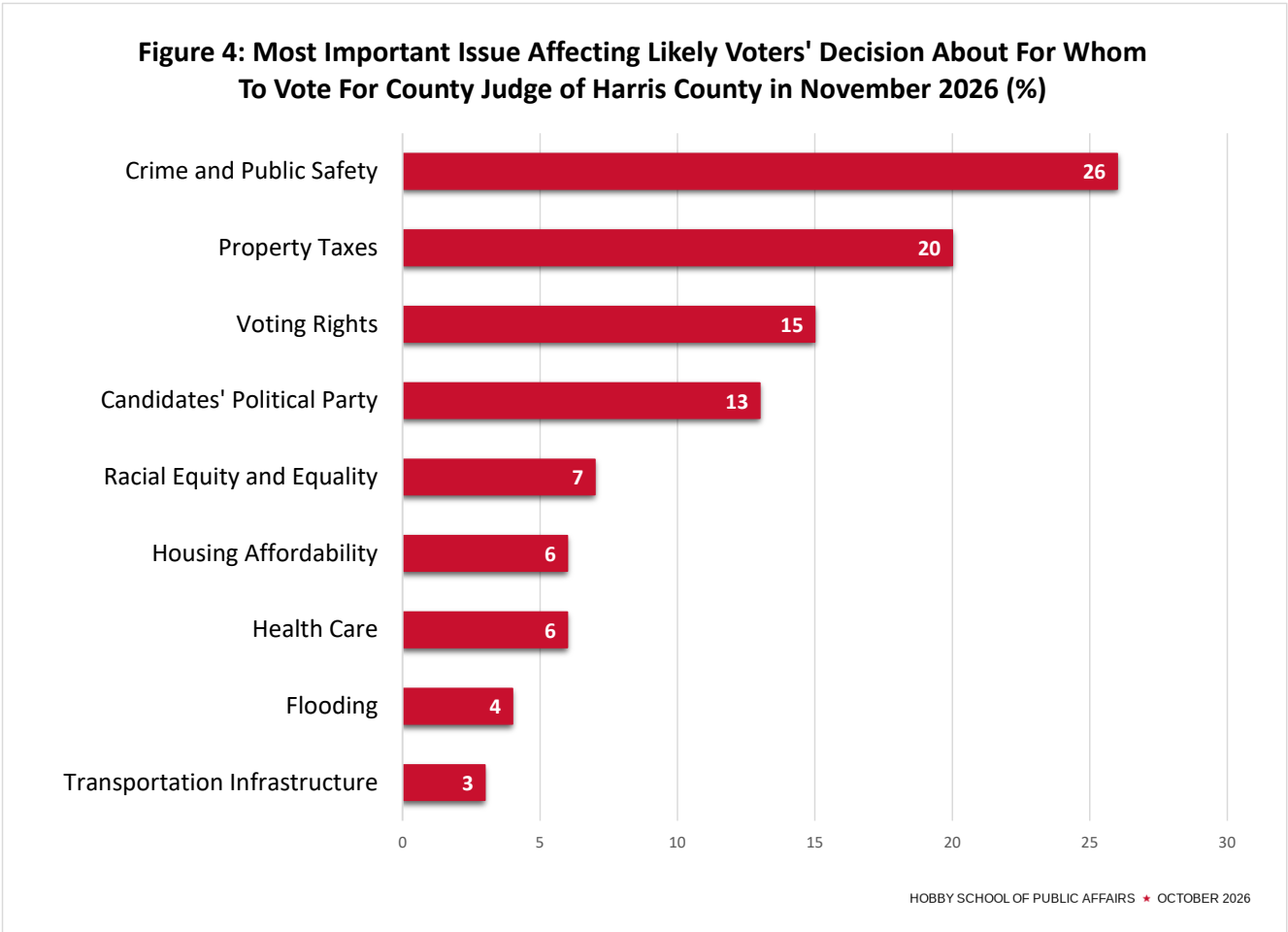


Table 2 provides the proportion of likely voters who listed each one of these nine issues as one of the two most important issues affecting their county judge vote decision, for all likely voters as well as for likely voters who intend to vote for Plummer and for Sanchez, along with those who remain unsure for whom they will vote in this race. Note that not all likely voters selected a second issue, and thus the proportions in each column do not add up to 200.

Table 2: Two Most Important Issues Affecting County Judge Vote Among Harris County Likely Voters (%)

Issue	All Voters	Plummer Voters	Sanchez Votes	Unsure Voters
Crime and Public Safety	47	24	73	50
Property Taxes	36	18	59	30
Voting Rights	26	40	10	25
Candidates' Political Party	19	20	22	8
Health Care	16	24	4	22
Racial Equity and Equality	15	28	1	11
Housing Affordability	15	20	5	21
Flooding	12	13	10	16
Transportation Infrastructure	8	9	7	9

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The top three issues among all voters are crime and public safety (47%), property taxes (36%) and voting rights (26%), while the bottom three issues are transportation infrastructure (8%), flooding (12%), and (in a tie) housing affordability (15%) and racial equity and equality (15%).

Two issues dominate the vote decision of Sanchez voters, with 73% citing crime and public and 59% citing property taxes as being one of the top two issues influencing their decision about for whom to vote in the county judge election. The next closest issue, at some distance (22%), cited by Sanchez voters is the candidates' political party.

In contrast, Plummer voters are spread more evenly across the issues, with 40% citing voting rights as one the two most important issues affecting their county judge vote, followed by racial equity and equality (28%), crime and public safety (24%), health care (24%), housing affordability (20%), the candidates' political party (20%) and property taxes (18%).

The issue which is among the top two in importance for influencing the vote decision of the largest proportion of the more than one in ten voters who remain undecided is crime and public safety (50%), followed by property taxes (30%), voting rights (25%), health care (22%) and housing affordability (21%).

After signaling the importance of the different issues to their 2026 county judge vote decision, the voters were asked which one of the two county judge candidates, Plummer or Sanchez, they think would do a better job on the issue (all eight, excluding though candidates' political party), or, if they think either both would do the about the same job or if they think neither would do a good job.

There exists a significant difference in which candidate likely voters think would do a better job for four of the eight issues. Voters believe Plummer would do a better job than Sanchez in the issue areas of racial equity and equality (43% to 26%), voting rights (42% to 30%) and health care (40% to 28%), and that Sanchez would do a better job than Plummer in the issue area of property taxes (39% to 30%).

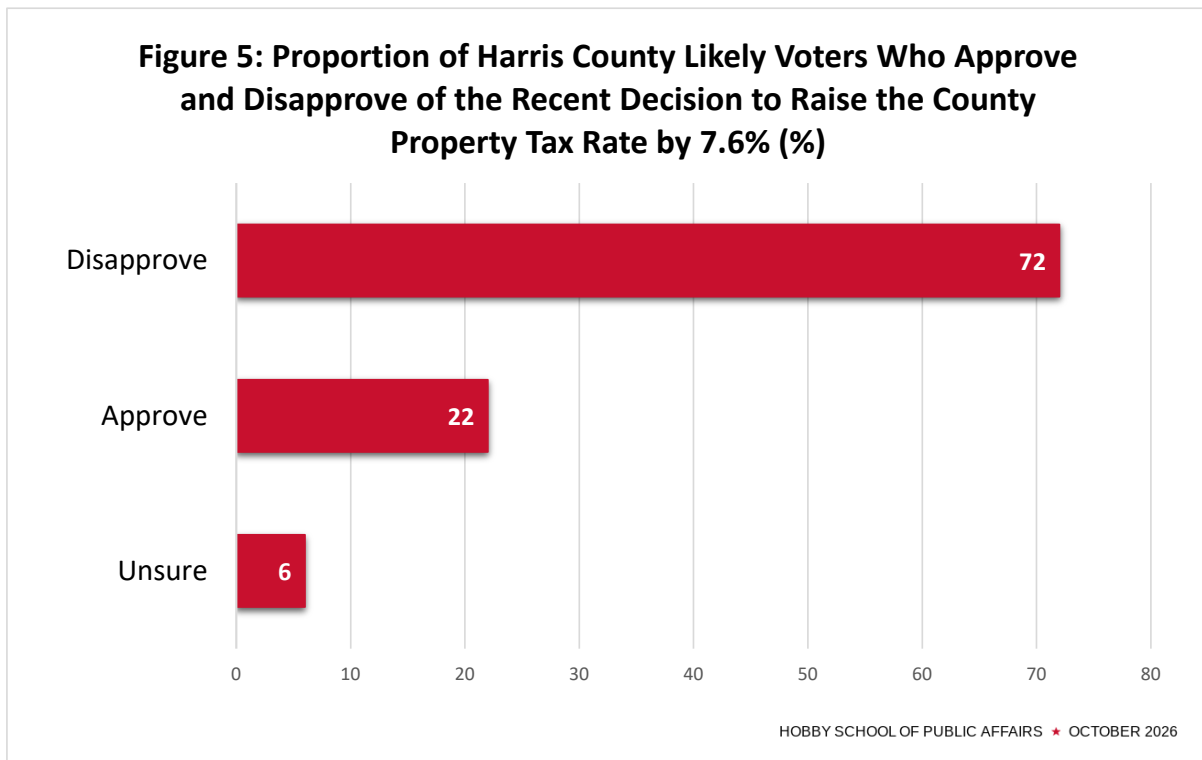
HARRIS COUNTY LIKELY VOTERS' OPINIONS ON PROPERTY TAX INCREASE & FLOCK CAMERAS

The likely voters were asked the following property tax-related question:

Last month, the Harris County Commissioners Court, by a 3-2 vote, raised the county property tax rate by 7.6%, which will increase most homestead owners' annual tax bill by between \$120 and \$200, depending on exemptions and appraisals. To what extent do you approve or disapprove of this property tax increase?

The response options were strongly approve, somewhat approve, somewhat disapprove, strongly disapprove, and unsure.

Figure 5 provides the proportion of likely voters who approve (strongly and somewhat) and disapprove (strongly and somewhat) of this property tax increase, along with the proportion that are unsure. Nearly three out of four (72%) of these likely voters either strongly (55%) or somewhat (17%) disapprove of this tax increase, while less than one out of four (22%) either strongly (5%) or somewhat (17%) approve.



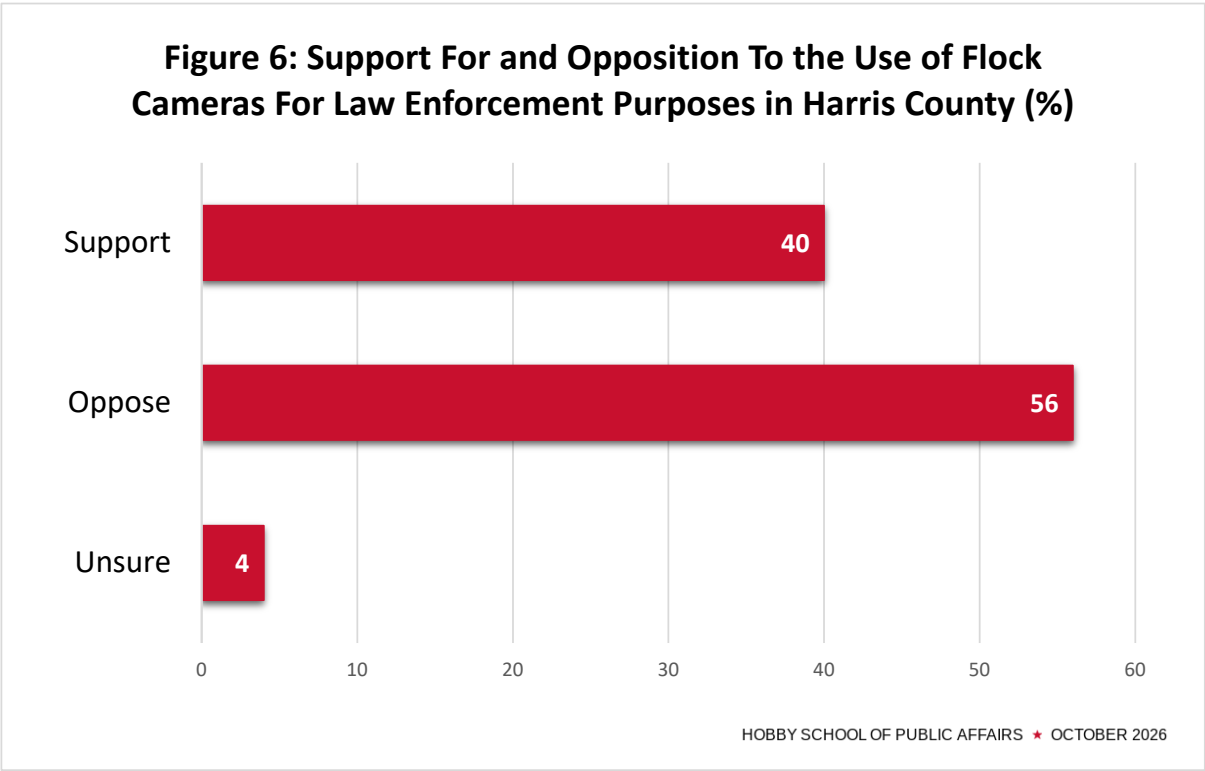
Disapproval of the property tax increase is bipartisan, although the proportion of Republicans who disapprove (92%) is notably higher than the proportion of Democrats who disapprove (56%), with four out of five (80%) Independents also disapproving. Conversely, 35% of Democrats, 15% of Independents and 7% of Republicans approve of the property tax increase. Among Sanchez voters, 92% disapprove of the tax increase and 7% approve, while among Plummer voters, 54% disapprove and 36% approve. Among the one in ten likely voters who remain undecided in the county judge election, 74% disapprove and 18% approve of the property tax increase.

The likely voters were also asked the following Flock camera-related question:

Do you support or oppose the use of automated license plate readers using computer-controlled cameras, such as Flock cameras, for law enforcement purposes in Harris County?

The response options were strongly support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose, strongly oppose and unsure.

Figure 6 provides the proportion of likely voters who support (strongly and somewhat) and oppose (strongly and somewhat) the use of Flock cameras for law enforcement purposes in Harris County, along with the proportion that are unsure. More than one-half (56%) of these likely voters either strongly (40%) or somewhat (16%) oppose the use of Flock cameras, while two-fifths (40%) either strongly (18%) or somewhat (22%) support the use of Flock cameras for law enforcement purposes.



There exists a strong partisan split in opposition to and support for the use of Flock cameras in Harris County. More than two-thirds (69%) of Democrats oppose the use of Flock cameras and only a little more than a fourth (27%) support their use. In contrast, 37% of Republicans oppose the use of Flock cameras and 59% support their use, with Independents (61% of whom oppose and 35% support) more similar on this issue to Democrats than to Republicans. Among Plummer voters, 71% oppose and 25% support the use of Flock cameras, while among Sanchez voters, 60% support and 37% oppose the use of Flock cameras. Undecided voters are notably more likely to oppose (61%) than support (35%) the use of Flock cameras in Harris County.

VOTE INTENTION OF HARRIS COUNTY LIKELY VOTERS IN TWO 2026 STATEWIDE ELECTIONS

These Harris County likely voters were also asked about their vote intention in two marquee statewide elections: Texas U.S. Senate and Texas Governor.

Texas U.S. Senate. There are three candidates on the ballot in the November 2026 Texas U.S. Senate race: Republican Ken Paxton, Democrat James Talarico and Libertarian Ted Brown. Paxton is viewed favorably by 31% of Harris County likely voters and unfavorably by 67%, while Talarico is viewed favorably by 57% and unfavorably by 40%. Only 2% and 3% of Harris County likely voters don’t know enough about Paxton and Talarico to have an opinion of them, respectively.

Figure 7 provides the vote intention of Harris County likely voters in the Texas U.S. Senate election. Talarico (58%) leads Paxton (36%) by 22 percentage points, with 2% supporting Brown and 4% still unsure about whom they would vote for. In the November 2024 Texas U.S. Senate election, Democrat Colin Allred bested Republican Ted Cruz by 11.4 percentage points in Harris County, while Cruz defeated Allred statewide by 8.5 percentage points.

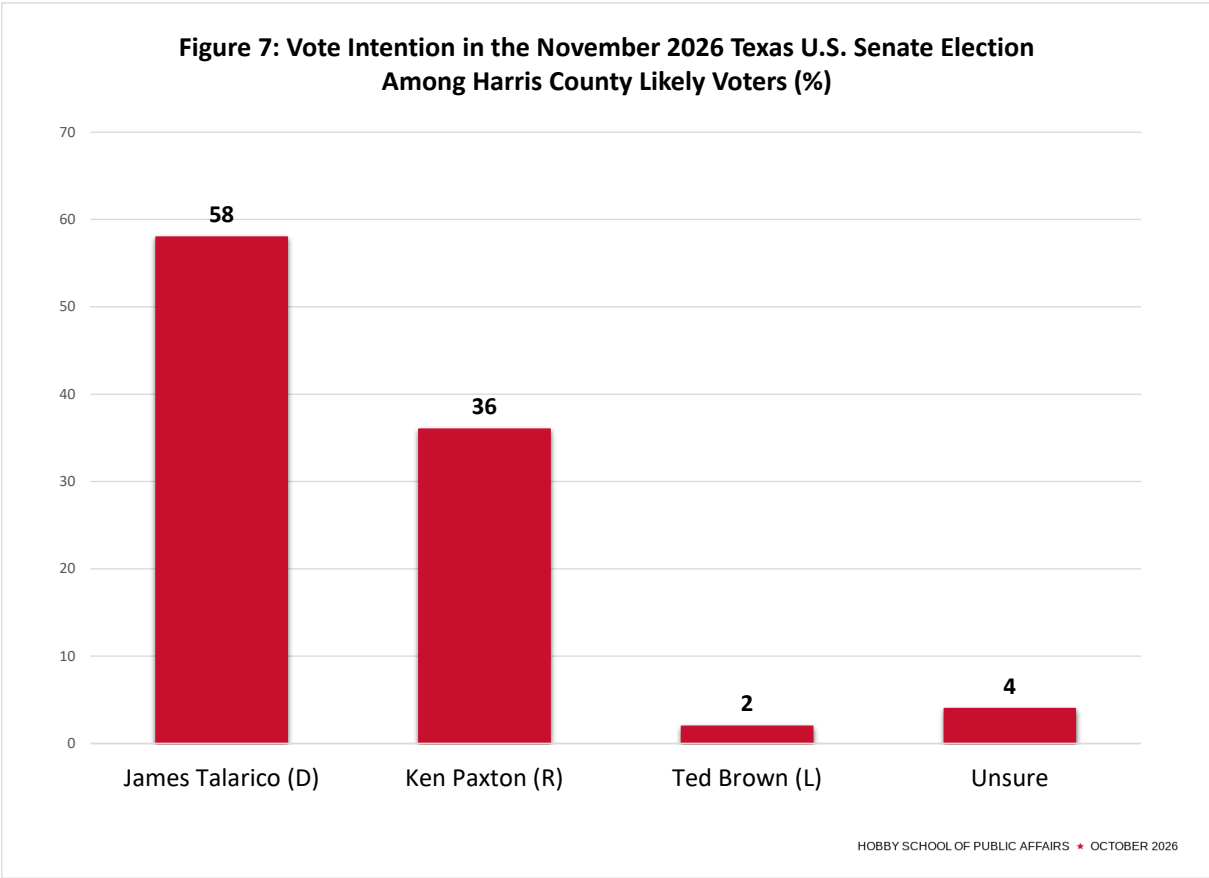


Table 3 provides the vote intention of Harris County likely voters in the Texas U.S. Senate election, broken down by gender, ethnicity/race, age, education, partisanship, and vote intention in the 2026 Texas gubernatorial election.

Table 3: Vote Intention in the U.S. Senate Election Among Harris County Likely Voters, Among Key Sub-Groups (%)

Socio-Demographic	Sub-Group	Talarico	Paxton	Brown	Unsure
Overall		58	36	2	4
Gender	Women	63	31	2	4
	Men	50	42	3	5
Ethnicity/Race	White	47	46	3	4
	Latino	62	34	1	3
	Black	87	7	0	6
Age	18-34	77	14	2	7
	35-54	62	32	3	3
	55+	48	46	2	4
Education	4 Yr College Degree	63	30	3	4
	No 4 Yr College Degree	51	42	2	5
Partisanship	Democratic	97	0	0	3
	Independent	64	20	8	8
	Republican	7	85	3	5
2026 Governor Vote Intention	Hinojosa	98	0	0	2
	Abbott	3	89	3	5
	Dixon	36	14	48	2

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Talarico (63%) has a 32 percentage point lead over Paxton (31%) among women and an 8 percentage point lead over Paxton among men (50% to 42%).

Talarico (47%) and Paxton (46%) enjoy nearly equal support among White voters, while Latino and Black likely voters favor Talarico over Paxton by 28 percentage points (62% to 34%) and 80 percentage points (87% to 7%), respectively.

Talarico holds an advantage over Paxton among likely voters ages 18 to 34 (77% to 14%) and 35 to 54 (62% to 32%), and is effectively tied with Paxton among likely voters age 55 and older (48% to 46%).

Talarico leads Paxton among likely voters who have (63% to 30%) and do not have (51% to 42%) a four-year college degree.

Talarico enjoys near-universal support among Democrats (97%), 0% of whom support either Paxton or Brown, and 3% of whom are undecided. Paxton's support among Republicans (85%) is notably lower, and, in contrast to the 0% of Democrats who intend to vote for Paxton, 7% of Republicans intend to vote for Talarico, along with 3% who intend to vote for Brown.

In a similar vein, 98% of Hinojosa voters intend to vote for Talarico, and 0% for Paxton, while 89% of Abbott voters intend to vote for Paxton, 3% for Talarico and 3% for Brown.

Texas Governor. There are three candidates on the ballot in the November 2026 Texas gubernatorial election: incumbent Republican Greg Abbott, Democrat Gina Hinojosa and Libertarian Pat Dixon. Abbott is viewed favorably by 39% of Harris County likely voters and unfavorably by 60%, while Hinojosa is viewed favorably by 51% and unfavorably by 35%. While only 1% of likely voters do not know enough about Abbott to have an opinion of him, 14% still don't know enough about Hinojosa to have an opinion of her.

Figure 8 provides the vote intention in the November 2026 Texas gubernatorial election among Harris County likely voters. Hinojosa (56%) leads Abbott (40%) by 16 percentage points, with 2% supporting Dixon and 2% unsure for whom they would vote. In the November 2022 Texas gubernatorial election, Democrat Beto O'Rourke bested Republican Greg Abbott by 9.6 percentage points in Harris County, while Abbott defeated O'Rourke statewide by 10.9 percentage points.

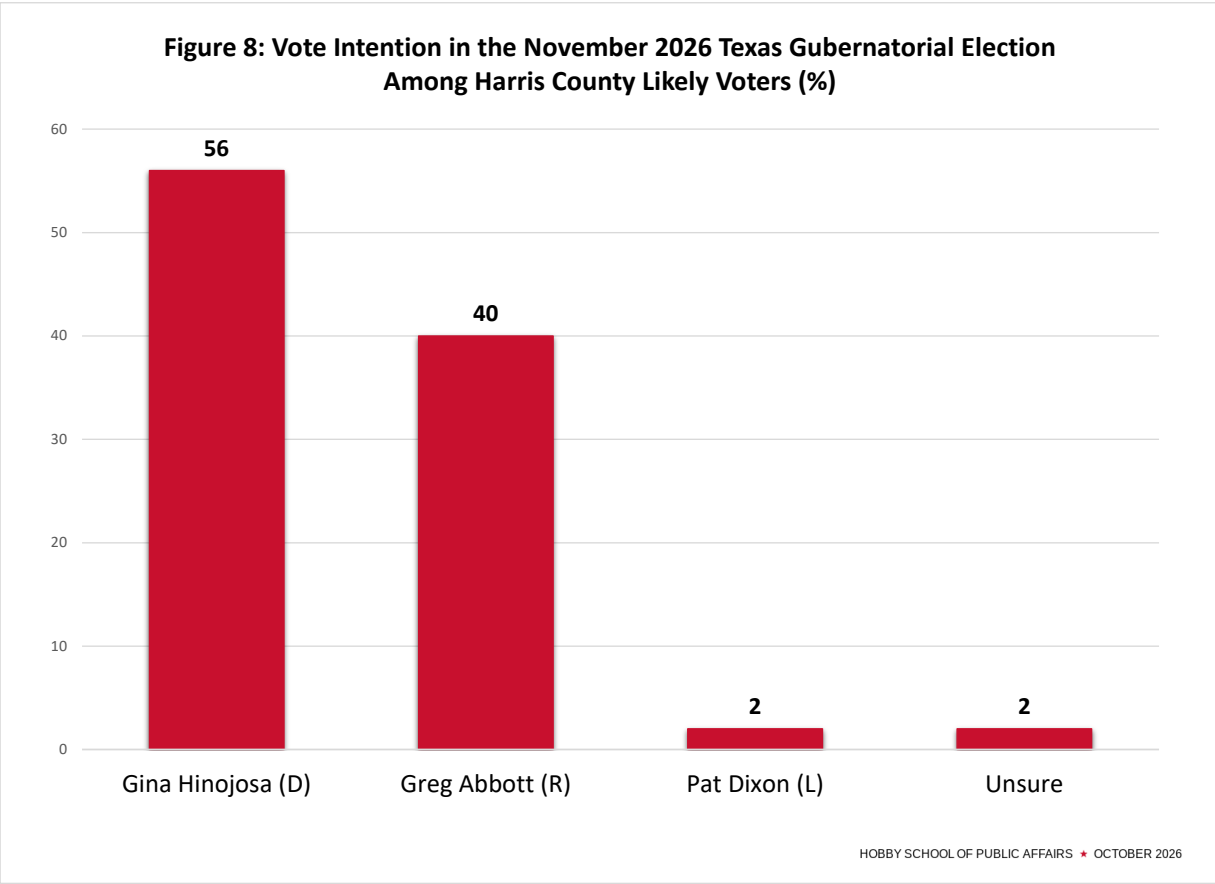


Table 4 provides the vote intention of Harris County likely voters in the Texas gubernatorial election, broken down by gender, ethnicity/race, age, education, partisanship, and vote intention in the 2026 Texas U.S. Senate election.

Table 4: Vote Intention in the Texas Gubernatorial Election Among Harris County Likely Voters, Among Key Sub-Groups (%)

Socio-Demographic	Sub-Group	Hinojosa	Abbott	Dixon	Unsure
Overall		56	40	2	2
Gender	Women	62	34	2	2
	Men	49	46	2	3
Ethnicity/Race	White	45	51	2	2
	Latino	61	35	1	3
	Black	89	7	2	2
Age	18-34	76	18	2	4
	35-54	59	36	3	2
	55+	48	49	1	2
Education	4 Yr College Degree	61	35	2	2
	No 4 Yr College Degree	51	44	2	3
Partisanship	Democratic	98	1	0	1
	Independent	57	29	8	6
	Republican	5	91	2	2
2026 U.S. Senate Vote Intention	Talarico	95	2	1	2
	Paxton	0	98	1	1
	Brown	5	52	41	2

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Hinojosa (62%) has a 28 percentage point lead over Abbott (34%) among women and a 3 percentage point lead among men (49% to 46%).

Abbott (51%) leads Hinojosa (45%) by 6 percentage points among White likely voters, while Latino and Black likely voters favor Hinojosa over Abbott by 26 percentage points (61% to 35%) and 82 percentage points (89% to 7%), respectively.

Hinojosa holds an advantage over Abbott among likely voters ages 18 to 34 (76% to 18%) and 35 to 54 (59% to 36%), while the two are effectively tied among likely voters age 55 and older (48% to 49%).

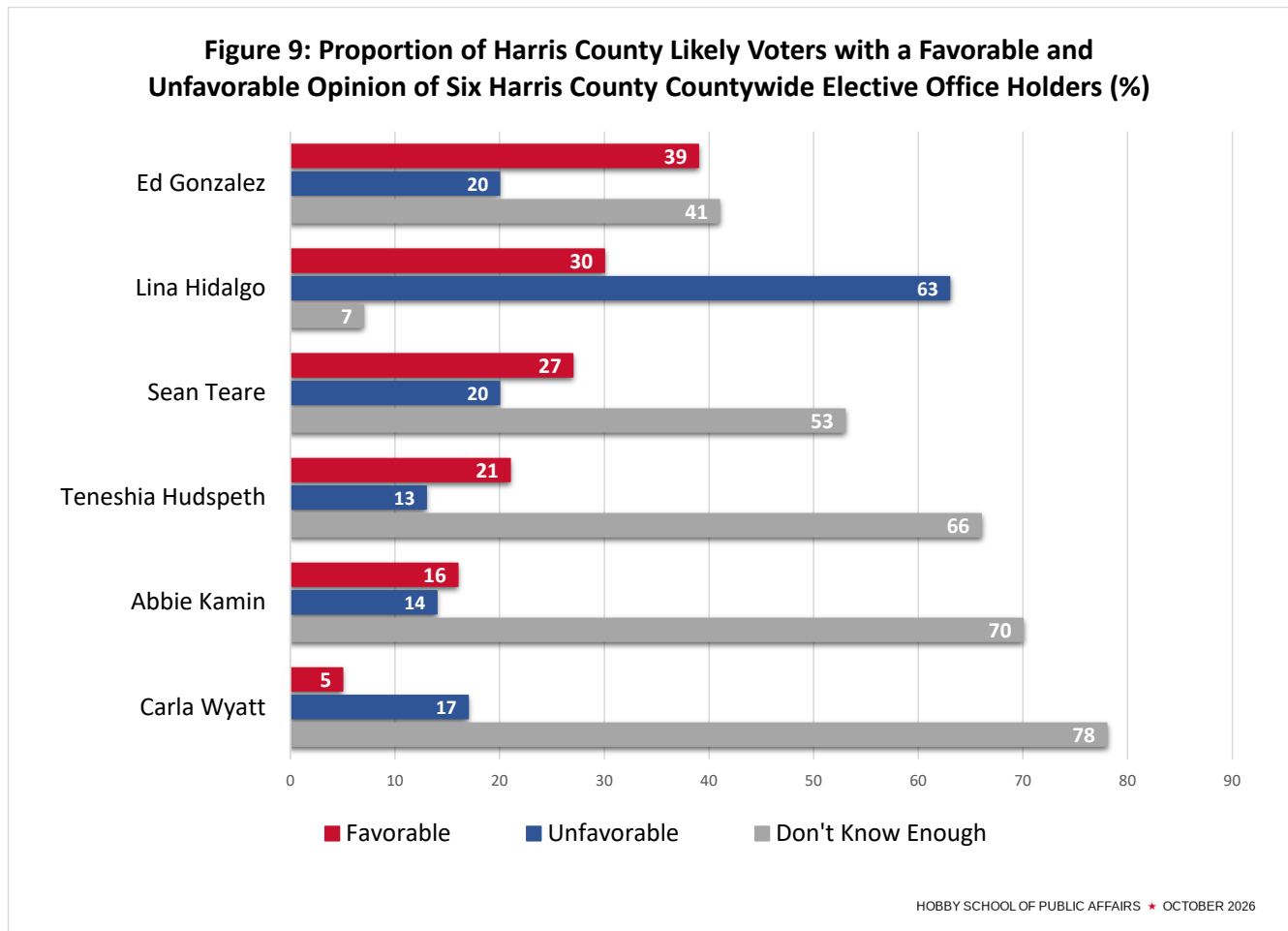
Hinojosa leads Abbott among likely voters who have (61% to 35%) and do not have (51% to 44%) a four-year college degree.

Hinojosa enjoys near-universal support among Democrats (98%), 1% of whom intend to vote for Abbott and 1% of whom are undecided. Abbott has the support of 91% of Republicans, 5% of whom intend to vote for Hinojosa and 2% for Dixon, with 2% undecided.

More than nine out of ten Talarico (95%) and Paxton (98%) voters intend to vote for Hinojosa and Abbott, respectively, while 2% of Talarico voters intend to vote for Abbott and 0% of Paxton voters intend to vote for Hinojosa.

FAVORABLE AND UNFAVORABLE EVALUATIONS OF HARRIS COUNTY ELECTED OFFICIALS

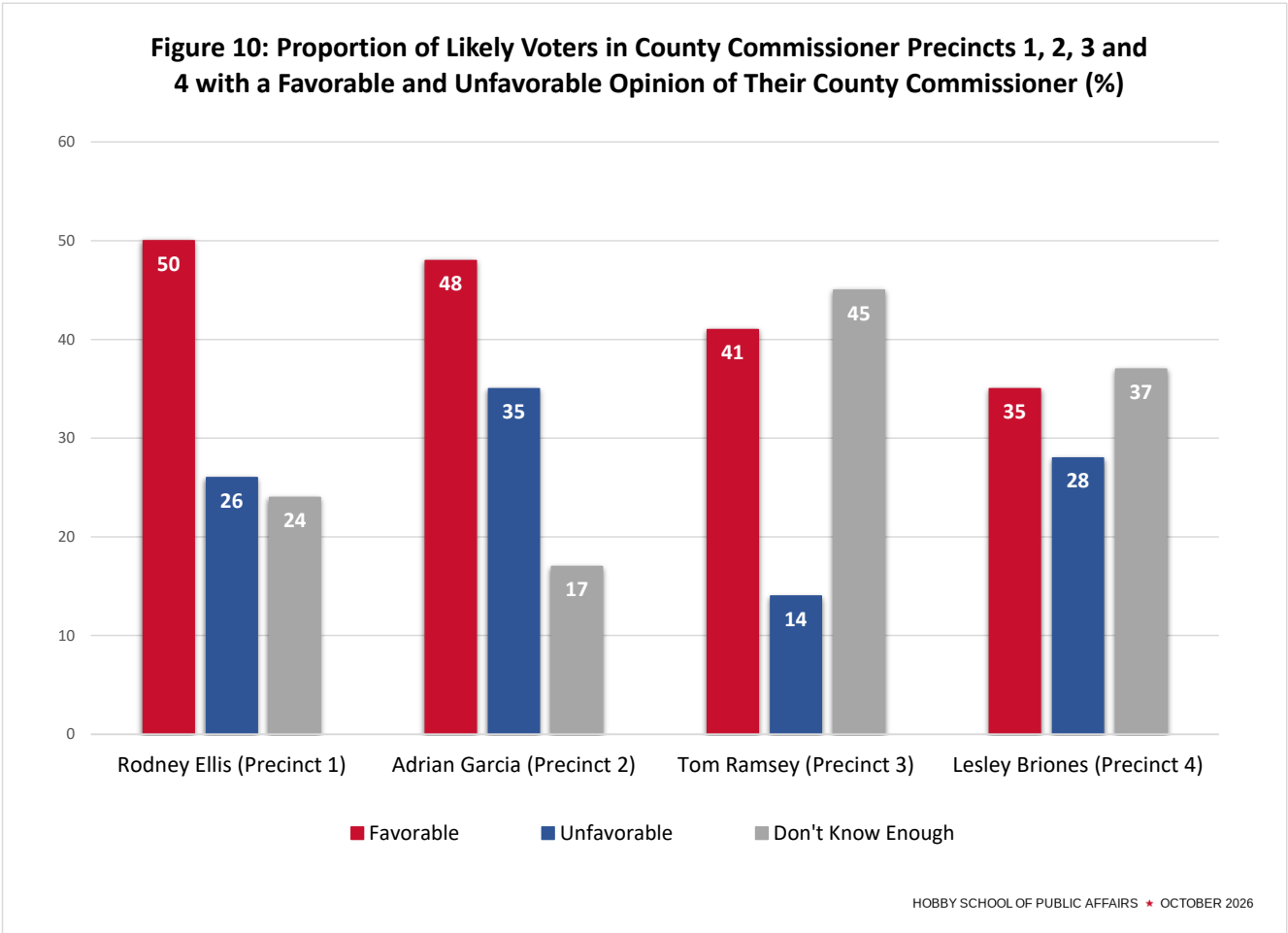
Figure 9 provides the proportion of Harris County likely voters with a favorable and unfavorable opinion of six countywide officials: County Judge Lina Hidalgo, County Sheriff Ed Gonzalez, District Attorney Sean Teare, interim County Attorney Abbie Kamin, County Clerk Teneshia Hudspeth, and County Treasurer Carla Wyatt. Kamin is running for election (after being appointed on an interim basis) and Hudspeth and Wyatt are running for re-election this fall, while Gonzalez and Teare are not up for re-election until 2028, and Hidalgo opted not to run for re-election this year.



More than one-half of Harris County likely voters do not know enough about Teare (53%), Hudspeth (66%), Kamin (70%) or Wyatt (78%) to have an opinion of them, with 41% not knowing enough about Gonzalez to have an opinion of him. In contrast, all but 7% of likely voters know enough about Hidalgo to have an opinion of her.

Gonzalez is viewed favorably by 39% of likely voters and unfavorably by 20%. Hidalgo is viewed favorably by 30% of likely voters and unfavorably by 63%. Teare is viewed favorably by 27% of likely voters and unfavorably by 20%. Hudspeth is viewed favorably by 21% of likely voters and unfavorably by 13%. Kamin is viewed favorably by 16% of likely voters and unfavorably by 14%. Wyatt is viewed favorably by 5% of likely voters and unfavorably by 17%.

Figure 10 provides the proportion of Harris County likely voters with a favorable and unfavorable opinion of their respective county commissioner: Rodney Ellis in Precinct 1, Adrian Garcia in Precinct 2, Tom Ramsey in Precinct 3, and Lesley Briones in Precinct 4. Both Garcia and Briones are up for re-election this year, while Ellis and Ramsey are not up again for re-election until 2028.



Ellis is viewed favorably by 50% of his Precinct 1 constituents and unfavorably by 26%, with 24% not knowing enough about him to have an opinion. Garcia is viewed favorably by 48% of his Precinct 2 constituents and unfavorably by 35%, with 17% not knowing enough about him to have an opinion. Ramsey is viewed favorably by 41% of his Precinct 3 constituents and unfavorably by 14%, with 45% not knowing enough about him to have an opinion. Briones is viewed favorably by 35% of her Precinct 4 constituents and unfavorably by 28%, with 37% not knowing enough about her to have an opinion.

Finally, these likely voters were asked if they have a favorable or unfavorable opinion of President Donald Trump. More than three-fifths (63%) of Harris County likely voters have an unfavorable opinion of Trump and 36% have a favorable opinion of the president, with 1% not knowing enough to have an opinion.

THE 2026 ELECTION OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS IN HARRIS COUNTY PRECINCTS 2 AND 4

The four county commissioners in Harris County are elected for four-year terms on a staggered schedule. This year, elections are being held for the Precinct 2 and 4 county commissioners.

Precinct 2. Two candidates are on the ballot in the November 2026 election for county commissioner in Harris County Precinct 2: incumbent Democrat Adrian Garcia and Republican Richard Vega. Garcia is viewed favorably by 48% of the Precinct 2 likely voters and unfavorably by 35%, and Vega is viewed favorably by 23% and unfavorably by 22%. While Garcia is a known quantity to more than four-fifths of Precinct 2 likely voters, with 17% not knowing enough about him to have an opinion, more than one-half (55%) of Precinct 2 likely voters don’t know enough about Vega to have an opinion of him.

The size of the sample population for the Harris County Precinct 2 analysis is 624 (margin of error of +/- 3.92%).

Figure 11 provides the vote intention among Harris County likely voters in the Precinct 2 County Commissioner election. Garcia (52%) leads Vega (40%) by 12 percentage points, with 8% of likely voters still unsure for whom they would vote in this contest.

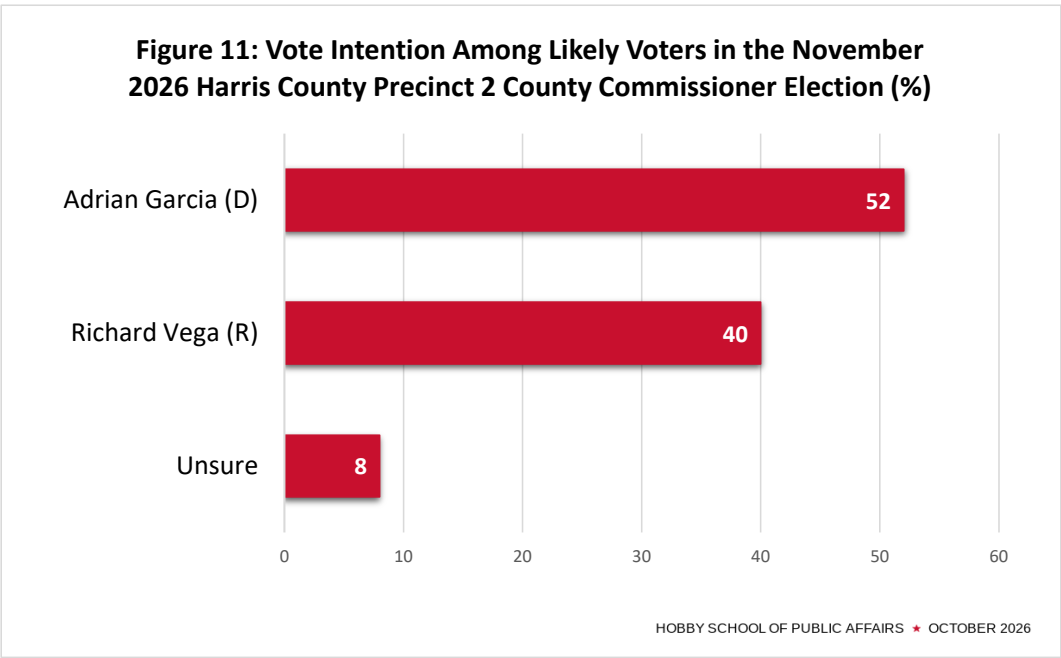


Table 5 provides the vote intention of Harris County likely voters in the Precinct 2 County Commissioner election, broken down by gender, ethnicity/race, age, education, partisanship, and vote intention in the 2026 Texas U.S. Senate, Texas gubernatorial and county judge elections.

Table 5: Vote Intention in the Nov. 2026 Harris County Pct. 2 Commissioner Election, Among Key Sub-Groups (%)

Socio-Demographic	Sub-Group	Garcia	Vega	Unsure
Overall		52	40	8
Gender	Women	58	34	8
	Men	44	48	8
Ethnicity/Race	White	36	55	9
	Latino	60	33	7
	Black	92	5	3
Age	18-34	61	32	7
	35-54	54	36	10
	55+	46	48	6
Education	4 Yr College Degree	55	34	11
	No 4 Yr College Degree	50	44	6
Partisanship	Democratic	91	2	7
	Independent	28	55	17
	Republican	10	84	6
2026 U.S. Senate Vote Intention	Talarico	86	5	9
	Paxton	8	88	4
2026 Governor Vote Intention	Hinojosa	86	6	8
	Abbott	10	85	5
2026 County Judge Vote Intention	Plummer	91	2	7
	Sanchez	13	82	5

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Garcia (58%) has a 24 percentage point lead over Vega (34%) among women, while Vega (48%) has a 4 percentage point lead over Garcia (44%) among men.

White likely voters favor Vega (55%) over Garcia (36%) by 19 percentage points, while Latino and Black likely voters favor Garcia over Vega by 27 percentage points (60% to 33%) and 87 percentage points (92% to 5%), respectively.

Garcia holds an advantage over Vega among likely voters ages 18 to 34 (61% to 32%) and 35 to 54 (54% to 36%), while Vega and Garcia are effectively deadlocked among likely voters age 55 and older (48% to 46%).

Garcia (55%) leads Vega (34%) by 21 percentage points among likely voters with a four-year college degree and by 6 percentage points (50% to 44%) among likely voters who do not have a four-year degree.

Garcia is supported by 91% of Democrats and Vega is supported by 84% of Republicans, with 10% of Republicans intending to vote for Garcia and 2% of Democrats intending to vote for Vega.

Identical proportions of Talarico (86%) and Hinojosa (86%) voters intend to vote for Garcia, as do 91% of Plummer voters. Vega is supported by 88% of Paxton voters, 85% of Abbott voters and 82% of Sanchez voters. Conversely, Garcia receives the backing of 8% of Paxton voters, 10% of Abbott voters and 13% of Sanchez voters, while Vega is backed by 5% of Talarico voters, 6% of Hinojosa voters and 2% of Plummer voters.

Virtually all Vega voters (96%) disapprove of the property tax increase approved by Commissioners Court in September, with 3% approving and 1% unsure. More than two-thirds of Garcia voters (69%) also disapprove of the property tax increase, while 25% approve and 6% are unsure. Among the likely voters who are still undecided in this race, 85% disapprove of the property tax increase, while 10% approve, with 5% unsure.

Two-thirds (67%) of Garcia voters oppose the use of Flock cameras for law enforcement purposes in Harris County, while 31% support their use and 2% are unsure. Vega voters are split relatively evenly between those who support (52%) and oppose (46%) the use of Flock cameras, with 2% unsure. The likely voters who are still undecided in this race, are split relatively evenly between those who oppose (48%) and support (44%) the use of Flock cameras, with 8% unsure.

Precinct 4. Two candidates are on the ballot in the November 2026 election for county commissioner in Harris County Precinct 4: incumbent Democrat Lesley Briones and Republican Steve Radack. Briones is viewed favorably by 35% of Precinct 4 likely voters and unfavorably by 28%, while Radack is viewed favorably by 35% and unfavorably by 26%. Comparable proportions of Precinct 4 likely voters don't know enough about Briones (37%) and Radack (39%) to have an opinion of them.

The size of the sample population for the Harris County Precinct 4 analysis is 702 (margin of error of +/- 3.70%).

Figure 12 provides the vote intention among Harris County likely voters in the Precinct 4 County Commissioner election. Briones (49%) leads Radack (41%) by 8 percentage points, with 10% of likely voters still unsure for whom they would vote in this contest.

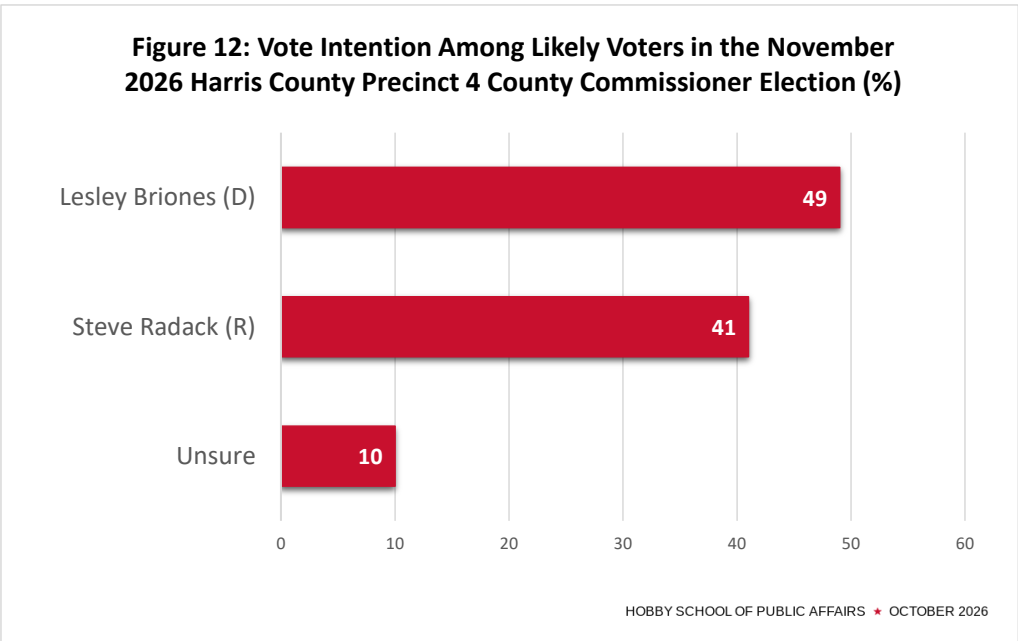


Table 6 provides the vote intention of Harris County likely voters in the Precinct 4 County Commissioner election, broken down by gender, ethnicity/race, age, education, partisanship, and vote intention in the 2026 Texas U.S. Senate, Texas gubernatorial and county judge elections.

Table 6: Vote Intention in the Nov. 2026 Harris County Pct. 4 Commissioner Election, Among Key Sub-Groups (%)

Socio-Demographic	Sub-Group	Briones	Radack	Unsure
Overall		49	41	10
Gender	Women	55	36	9
	Men	41	48	11
Ethnicity/Race	White	39	52	9
	Latino	52	39	9
	Black	90	4	6
Age	18-34	58	16	26
	35-54	57	35	8
	55+	40	53	7
Education	4 Yr College Degree	51	39	10
	No 4 Yr College Degree	46	44	10
Partisanship	Democratic	89	2	9
	Independent	39	41	20
	Republican	5	88	7
2026 U.S. Senate Vote Intention	Talarico	84	6	10
	Paxton	1	97	2
2026 Governor Vote Intention	Hinojosa	86	4	10
	Abbott	2	93	5
2026 County Judge Vote Intention	Plummer	90	2	8
	Sanchez	5	91	4

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Briones (55%) has a 19 percentage point lead over Radack (36%) among women, while Radack (48%) has a 7 percentage point lead over Briones (41%) among men.

White likely voters favor Radack (52%) over Briones (39%) by 13 percentage points, while Latino and Black likely voters favor Briones over Radack by 13 percentage points (52% to 39%) and 86 percentage points (90% to 4%), respectively.

Briones holds an advantage over Radack among likely voters ages 18 to 34 (58% to 16%) and 35 to 54 (57% to 35%), while Radack leads Briones among likely voters age 55 and older (53% to 40%). Of note, more than one-fourth (26%) of likely voters under 35 remain undecided in this contest.

Briones (51%) leads Radack (39%) by 12 percentage points among likely voters with a four-year college degree, with the two effectively deadlocked among likely voters who do not have a four-year degree, 46% to 44%, respectively.

Briones is supported by 89% of Democrats and Radack is supported by 88% of Republicans, with 5% of Republicans intending to vote for Briones and 2% of Democrats intending to vote for Radack.

Similar proportions of Talarico (84%) and Hinojosa (86%) voters intend to vote for Briones, as do 90% of Plummer voters. Radack is supported by 97% of Paxton voters, 93% of Abbott voters and 91% of Sanchez voters. Conversely, Briones receives the backing of 1% of Paxton voters, 2% of Abbott voters

and 5% of Sanchez voters, while Radack is backed by 6% of Talarico voters, 4% of Hinojosa voters and 2% of Plummer voters. Of note, more than twice as many Talarico (10%), Hinojosa (10%) and Plummer (8%) voters as Paxton (2%), Abbott (5%) and Sanchez (4%) voters remain undecided in this contest.

More than nine out of ten Radack voters (93%) disapprove of the property tax increase approved by Commissioners Court in September, with 6% approving and 1% unsure. Approximately one-half of Briones voters (47%) disapprove and approve (45%) of the property tax increase, with 8% unsure. Among the likely voters who are still undecided in this race, 63% disapprove of the property tax increase, while 35% approve, with 2% unsure.

More than two-thirds (71%) of Briones voters oppose the use of Flock cameras for law enforcement purposes in Harris County, while 26% support their use and 3% are unsure. Close to three-fifths (57%) of Radack voters support the use of Flock cameras, while 37% oppose their use and 6% are unsure. Among the voters who are still undecided in this race, 71% oppose and 27% support the use of Flock cameras, with 2% unsure.

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RECOMMENDED CITATION

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