

## STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

## **DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE**

300A Outlet Pointe Blvd., Columbia, South Carolina 29210 P.O. Box 125, Columbia, South Carolina 29214-0575

## SC REVENUE RULING 19-4

SUBJECT: Sales Tax Holiday – Frequently Asked Questions and List of Eligible Items

(Sales and Use Tax)

DATE: June 24, 2019

SUPERSEDES: SC Revenue Ruling #10-7

SC Revenue Ruling #10-8

REFERENCES: S.C. Code Ann. Section 12-36-2120(57) (2014)

AUTHORITY: S.C. Code Ann. Section 12-4-320 (2014)

S.C. Code Ann. Section 1-23-10(4) (2005)

SC Revenue Procedure #09-3

SCOPE: The purpose of a Revenue Ruling is to provide guidance to the public. It is an

advisory opinion issued to apply principles of tax law to a set of facts or

general category of taxpayers. It is the Department's position until superseded

or modified by a change in statute, regulation, court decision, or another

Department advisory opinion.

## OVERVIEW AND PURPOSE OF UPDATE

South Carolina law suspends the collection of sales and use tax on retail sales of qualifying items by retailers for three full days each August. This annual sales tax holiday allows resident and nonresident shoppers an opportunity to purchase certain items free of South Carolina's 6% State sales and use tax and free of any local sales and use taxes collected by the Department on behalf of local jurisdictions. The tax holiday applies to certain items specified by statute and includes school supplies used for school assignments, apparel, electronics, and bed and bath items. It applies to eligible items purchased for use by any age, from infant to senior citizen, to new or used items, and to items of any dollar amount.

The sales tax holiday has been in effect since 2000. The purpose of this advisory opinion is to update the Department's guidance on South Carolina's annual tax free holiday. This document combines the prior question and answer document and the list of examples of exempt and non-exempt items into one document. This advisory opinion now contains frequently asked questions regarding the sales tax holiday and a list of examples of exempt and non-exempt items by category.

## LAW

Code Section 12-36-2120(57) exempts from the sales and use tax:

- (a) sales taking place during a period beginning 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday in August and ending at twelve midnight the following Sunday of:
  - (i) clothing;
  - (ii) clothing accessories including, but not limited to, hats, scarves, hosiery, and handbags;
  - (iii) footwear;
  - (iv) school supplies including, but not limited to, pens, pencils, paper, binders, notebooks, books, bookbags, lunchboxes, and calculators;
  - (v) computers, printers and printer supplies, and computer software;
  - (vi) bath wash cloths, blankets, bed spreads, bed linens, sheet sets, comforter sets, bath towels, shower curtains, bath rugs and mats, pillows, and pillow cases.
- (b) The exemption allowed by this item does not apply to:
  - (i) sales of jewelry, cosmetics, eyewear, wallets, watches;
  - (ii) sales of furniture;
  - (iii) a sale of an item placed on layaway or similar deferred payment and delivery plan however described;
  - (iv) rental of clothing or footwear;
  - (v) a sale or lease of an item for use in a trade or business.
- (c) Before July tenth of each year, the department shall publish and make available to the public and retailers a list of those articles qualifying for the exemption allowed by this item.

## **GENERAL QUESTIONS**

- 1. Q. When is the sales tax holiday?
  - A. South Carolina's sales tax holiday is a three day (72 hour) event taking place each August. It begins at 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday morning in August and goes through the following Sunday night.
- 2. Q. What items may be purchased tax free during the sales tax holiday?
  - A. The sales tax holiday applies to purchases of eligible items of any dollar amount for use by any age. The following items qualify for the sales tax holiday:
    - Clothing (including custom-made clothes) & clothing accessories
    - Footwear
    - School supplies used for school assignments
    - Computers, computer software, printers, and printer supplies (whether purchased or leased)
    - Certain bed and bath supplies

The following items are specifically <u>not</u> exempt during the sales tax holiday by law:

- Items for use in a trade or business
- Items placed on layaway or similar deferred payment and delivery plan
- Clothing and footwear rentals (e.g., tuxedo rentals, bowling shoe rentals)
- Cosmetics
- Eyewear (prescription or nonprescription)
- Furniture
- Jewelry, wallets, and watches

A list of examples of exempt and non-exempt items is provided in this advisory opinion. The list is not all-inclusive.

- 3. Q. Does the tax holiday apply to sales of qualifying items by out-of-state sellers (e.g., internet or mail order sellers) or marketplace facilitators?
  - A. Yes. The sales tax holiday suspends the collection of sales and use tax on retail sales of qualifying items by all retailers (in-state and out-of-state retailers).
- 4. Q. What time zone determines the authorized time period for the sales tax holiday?
  - A. The time zone in South Carolina determines the authorized time period for the sales tax holiday when the purchaser and the seller are located in different time zones.
- 5. Q. Does the sales tax holiday exempt eligible purchases from both state and local sales and use taxes?
  - A. Yes. Eligible items are exempt from both the 6% State sales and use tax and the local sales and use taxes collected by the Department on behalf of local jurisdictions. The local tax rate varies by county. A complete list of current local tax rates is published on the Department's website.
- 6. Q. Can a retailer "opt out" of the sales tax holiday?
  - A. No. The Department may impose penalties and other enforcement provisions on a retailer who does not make a good faith effort to suspend the sales and use tax collection on eligible items during the tax holiday period. See Code Sections 12-54-196 and 12-54-90.
- 7. Q. What should a consumer do if a retailer charges sales and use tax on an exempt item during the tax holiday period?
  - A. The Department recommends the purchaser refer the retailer to this advisory opinion. After reviewing the law and the Department's guidance, the retailer should refund the tax paid on an eligible item to the purchaser.

- 8. Q. When is the "sale date" of an eligible item deemed to occur?
  - A. The sale of an item is deemed to occur during the tax holiday period, and therefore exempt from sales and use tax when:
    - a. The item is both delivered to <u>and</u> paid for by the customer during the tax holiday period, or
    - b. The customer orders <u>and</u> pays for the item <u>and</u> the retailer accepts the order during the tax holiday period for immediate shipment, even if delivery is made after the tax holiday period.

An order is accepted by the retailer when the retailer has taken action to fill the order for immediate shipment (e.g., assigns an "in date" to a mail order or assigns an "order number" to an internet or telephone order). An order is for immediate shipment even if the shipment may be delayed because stock is currently unavailable to, or on back order by, the retailer or because of a backlog of orders. An order is not for immediate shipment when the customer requests to delay shipment.

The examples below illustrate when the "sale date" of an eligible item is deemed to occur.

Transaction Type	Tax Treatment
Special or Custom Order. (e.g., a custom made suit, a	The sale is deemed to take place during
special order bedspread)	the tax holiday period. The sale is tax
The customer orders and pays for the eligible item	free, whether delivery is made during or
and the retailer accepts the order during the tax	after the tax free period.
holiday period. The customer does not request a	
delay in shipment, but the order is not delivered until	
September.	
Use of a "90 days same as cash" Financing Plan.	The sale is deemed to take place during
During the tax holiday period, the customer signs a	the tax holiday period. The sale is tax
financing contract obligating himself to pay for an	free since the obligation to pay was
eligible item over time. Either delivery is made	agreed to during the tax free period.
during the holiday period or the retailer accepts the	
order during the tax holiday period for immediate	
shipment.	
Purchase with Rain Check. During the tax holiday	The sale takes place during the tax
period, the customer uses a rain check that was issued	holiday period. The sale is not subject to
before the tax holiday period to purchase an eligible	sales and use tax.
item.	
Layaway Sales. The customer selects eligible items	The sale is subject to sales and use tax.
and places them on layaway. The retailer accepts the	The tax holiday statute specifically does
order during the tax holiday period.	not apply to layaway sales.

- 9. Q. How does the sales tax holiday exemption apply to exchanges and rain checks taking place <u>after</u> the sales tax holiday period?
  - A. The sales tax holiday exemption applies to exchanges taking place <u>after</u> the sales tax holiday period and rain checks used <u>after</u> the sales tax holiday period as follows:

Transaction Type and Time	Tax Treatment
Exchange for Same Type Item for Same or Lower	The new item received after the tax
<u>Price</u> . The exchange of an eligible item purchased	holiday period is not subject to
during the tax holiday period for the same type item	sales and use tax since no
for the same or a lower price (e.g., exchanged for a	additional amount was paid for the
different size or color) after the tax holiday period.	new item. For example, a \$25 shirt
	purchased during the tax holiday is
	exchanged after the tax holiday for
	a \$25 shirt.
Exchange for Same Type Item for Higher Price. The	The sale of the new item after the
exchange of, or credit for, an eligible item purchased	tax holiday period is subject to
during the tax holiday period for the same type item	sales and use tax based on the sales
for a higher price (e.g., exchange a dress for a higher	price of the new item. For example,
price dress) after the tax holiday period.	a \$60 dress purchased during the
	tax holiday is exchanged after the
	tax holiday for a new \$100 dress.
	Sales and use tax is due on \$100.1
Exchange for Different Type Item. The exchange of,	The sale of the new item received
or credit for, an eligible item purchased during the	after the tax holiday is subject to
tax holiday for a different type item after the tax	sales and use tax based on the sales
holiday period (e.g., exchange pants for shoes).	price of the new item. For
	example, a \$50 pair of pants purchased during the tax holiday is
	exchanged after the tax holiday for
	a \$30 pair of shoes. Sales and use
	tax is due on the \$30 new pair of
	shoes.
Rain Check Issued. A rain check is issued during the	The purchase of the item is subject
tax holiday period but is used after the tax holiday	to sales and use tax.
period to purchase the out-of-stock item at the sales	
price. The item would have been eligible to be tax	
free.	

5

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  The trade-in provision in Code Section 12-36-90(2)(c) applies only to "second hand property" and, therefore, is not applicable to this example.

- 10. Q. Does the sales tax holiday also apply to delivery charges, service charges for alterations or monogramming, and similar charges associated with the purchase of an exempt item?
  - A. Yes. The sales tax holiday also applies to delivery charges, service charges, and similar charges associated with the purchase of an exempt item. The examples below illustrate the application of the exemption to additional charges generally included in the tax base.

Additional Charges	Tax Treatment	
Shipping, Handling, or Delivery	A retailer sells a pair of eligible shoes during the tax	
Charges	holiday for \$100. A shipping and handling charge of \$15 is	
	added to the price. The entire charge of \$115 is exempt	
	from sales and use tax.	
Alteration and Monogramming	A retailer sells a pair of pants during the tax holiday for	
Charges	\$75 and charges \$10 to hem the pants. The entire charge of	
	\$85 is exempt from sales and use tax.	
Extended Computer Warranty	A retailer sells a computer during the tax holiday for	
	\$2,000 and charges a \$75 delivery fee. The customer also	
	purchases an extended warranty contract at the same time	
	for \$200. The entire charge of \$2,275 is exempt from sales	
	and use tax.	

## SPECIFIC EXAMPLES OF EXEMPT AND TAXABLE ITEMS

- 11. Q. What are "school supplies" for purposes of the sales tax holiday?
  - A. "School supplies" are items used in the classroom or at home with respect to school assignments. The term "school supplies" includes computer supplies and musical instruments, such as pianos, when used in the classroom or at home with respect to school assignments. The term "school supplies" does not include items such as refrigerators, bicycles, tissues, hand sanitizer, and storage containers since they are not used for school assignments.

Note: Since a permanent exemption in Code Section 12-36-2120(2)(a) exempts books used as part of a course of study in elementary schools, high schools and institutions of higher learning from tax, the sales tax holiday exemption in Code Section 12-36-2120(57) for "books" applies to other books used for school purposes, such as dictionaries, thesauruses, encyclopedias, and books used for science projects or book reports.

- 12. Q. Does the tax holiday exemption for computers apply to the separate purchase of computer supplies, such as a monitor, keyboard, or mouse?
  - A. Since the tax holiday law exempts computers, but does not exempt computer supplies, the sale of a computer monitor, keyboard, or mouse by itself is taxable during the holiday period, unless the computer supply is a "school supply" (i.e., is used in the classroom or at home with respect to school assignments).

Note: The purchase of a packaged unit that includes the central processing unit (e.g., central processing unit, monitor, keyboard, and mouse) is exempt during the tax holiday period.

- 13. Q. Does the tax holiday exemption for "computers" apply to smartphones, cell phones, e-readers, video gaming systems, and other similar devices?
  - A. No. Smartphones, cell phones, and other handheld devices that allow users to make telephone calls are not exempt during the tax holiday. In addition, the tax holiday does not apply to video gaming systems or to handheld devices that are primarily used to download and (a) listen to music, (b) watch videos, or (c) read books.
- 14. Q. Does the tax holiday exemption apply to purchases of fabric and sewing supplies used to sew eligible clothing or bedding?
  - A. Yes. Sales of fabric, thread, lace, zippers, buttons, and other sewing materials that become part of the clothing or bedding are exempt during the tax holiday period. However, sewing equipment and supplies (e.g., sewing machines, patterns, tape measures, needles, and thimbles) are not exempt.
- 15. Q. Does the tax holiday exemption apply to purchases of items for use in a "trade or business"?
  - A. No. The tax holiday does not apply to the sale or lease of an item for use in a trade or business. The term "trade or business" includes activities carried on for the production of income from selling goods or performing services. The facts and circumstances of each case determine whether or not an activity is a trade or business. The regularity of activities and transactions and the production of income are important elements.
- 16. Q. Does the tax holiday exemption for "clothing," "clothing accessories," and "footwear" apply to eligible items purchased by an employee to wear for work?
  - A. Yes. An employee is not considered engaged in a trade or business in connection with his work as an employee. Purchases of uniforms, footwear, or other eligible items by an employee during the tax holiday period are exempt from sales and use tax, provided the employee is not reimbursed by the employer for the purchases. However, uniforms, work footwear, protective gloves, breathing masks, helmets, tool belts, and other items purchased by an employer for its employees' use at work (or if reimbursed by the employer to the employee) are not exempt during the tax holiday period.

Note: See a permanent exemption under Code Section 12-36-2120(54) exempting clothing and other attire required for working in a Class 100 or better as defined in Federal Standard 209E clean room environment.

SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF REV	/ENU.
----------------------------------	-------

		s/W. Hartley Powell
		W. Hartley Powell, Director
une 24	, 2019	
'olumbia	South Carolina	

## SOUTH CAROLINA SALES TAX HOLIDAY

# Examples of Exempt and Taxable Items (Not All Inclusive) (See Code Section 12-36-2120(57) and SC Revenue Ruling #19-4.)

I. CLOTHING and CLOTHING ACCESSORIES			
The tax holiday applies to purchases of new or used clothing and clothing accessories for use by any age and			
of any dollar amount. It does not apply to clothing and accessories used in a trade or business or rented.			
<b>Examples of Exempt Items</b>			
◆ Everyday	◆ School Wear	→ Miscellaneous/Specialty	
Belts & suspenders	Graduation caps & gowns	Belt buckles	
Dresses & skirts	Gym suits	Bibs	
Leggings	Uniforms (band, school & sports)	Choir robes	
Neckties & scarves	<b>♦</b> Sleepwear	Costumes	
Pants, jeans & shorts	◆ Underwear	Fabric for custom clothing	
Shirts & blouses	Bras, panties, slips, & T-shirts	Formal wear	
Suits & blazers	Diapers (cloth & disposable)	Hair accessories & wigs	
Sweaters & sweatshirts	Hosiery, socks & tights	Handkerchiefs	
◆ Outer Wear	Incontinent underwear	Maternity clothing	
Coats (all types)	◆ Sports/Exercise Wear	Pet coats & sweaters	
Ear muffs	Exercise clothing	Pocketbooks & purses	
Gloves & mittens	Gloves (batting & golf)	Scout uniforms	
Hats & caps	Hunting & ski clothing	Work uniforms purchased by	
Rainwear & umbrellas	Leotards the employee		
Vests	Swim wear & water apparel		
Examples of Taxable Items			
◆ Clothing Placed on Layaway	◆ Sports Equipment	→ Miscellaneous/Specialty	
◆ Costume Rentals	Helmets (bicycle & football)	Cosmetics	
◆ Formal Wear Rentals	Hockey & baseball mitts	Eyewear (contacts & glasses)	
◆ Safety Equipment (hard hats &	Protective wear (masks,	Fitness tracking devices	
ear protectors)	mouth guards, knee pads &	Jewelry	
◆ Uniforms Purchased by	swim goggles)	Phone cases	
Employers for Employees	Life jackets	Wallets & billfolds	
		Watchbands	
		Watches & smartwatches	

II. FOOTWEAR			
The tax holiday applies to purchases of new or used footwear for use by any age and of any dollar amount.			
It does not apply to footwear used	d in a trade or business or rented.		
<b>Examples of Exempt Items</b>			
<b>◆</b> Everyday	◆Sports/Exercise	→ Miscellaneous/Specialty	
Boots (cowboy & hunting)	Cleats	Diabetic shoes	
Flip flops	Dance shoes (ballet & tap)	Orthopedic shoes	
Sandals	Hiking shoes & boots	Rain boots & over shoes	
Shoes (all types)	Sports shoes (golf & bicycle)	Skates (ice & in-line)	
Slippers	Ski boots		
Examples of Taxable Items			
◆ Bowling Shoe Rentals	◆ Footwear Accessories	◆ Work/Safety Shoes Provided to	
◆ Shoes Placed on Layaway	Shoe inserts	Employees by the Employer	
	Shoe laces		

## **SCHOOL SUPPLIES** III. The tax holiday applies to purchases of "school supplies" used in the classroom or at home for school assignments of any dollar amount, whether purchased or leased.

Examples of Exempt Items			
◆ Art Supplies	<b>♦</b> Crayons	→ Music Supplies (sheet music)	
◆ Book Bags & Backpacks	<b>◆</b> Erasers	◆ Notebooks	
<b>♦</b> Binders	<b>→</b> Folders	◆ Paper (typing, graph, construction	
<b>♦</b> Books	◆ Glue & Glue Sticks	& poster board)	
<b>◆</b> Calculators	→ Highlighters	◆ Pencil Sharpeners	
◆ Calendars	◆ Index Cards	◆ Pencils & Pencil Cases	
◆ Compasses & Protractors	<b>♦</b> Lunch boxes	<b>♦</b> Pens	
◆ Computer Bags	◆ Markers	<b>♦</b> Rulers	
◆ Computer Supplies (earbuds,	→ Music Instruments Used for	<b>♦</b> Scissors	
headphones, stylus & flash	School Assignments (including	◆ Stapler & Staples	
drives)	rentals)	<b>◆</b> Tape	
Examples of Taxable Items			
◆ Backpacks for camping	<b>→</b> Clocks	◆ Office Supplies	
<b>♦</b> Batteries	◆ Dorm Supplies (housewares,	◆ Smartphones & Cell Phones	
◆ Bicycles	refrigerator & toiletries)	<b>♦</b> Stationery	
◆ Briefcases	◆ Furniture (desks & bookcases)	◆ Strollers & Car Seats	
◆ Cleaning Supplies	→ Hand Sanitizers & Tissues	<b>♦</b> Toys	

### COMPUTERS, COMPUTER SOFTWARE, PRINTERS, AND PRINTER SUPPLIES IV.

The tax holiday applies to computers, computer software, printers, and printer supplies of any dollar amount, whether purchased or leased. It does not apply to items used in a trade or business.

## **Examples of Exempt Items**

<b>◆</b> Computers & Computer Software		<b>♦</b> Printers & Printer S	upplies
Computer supplies (monitor, keyboard, mouse, &		Cartridges	
speakers) when sold as a package with a central		Printers	
processing unit (CPU)		Printer Inks	
Laptop, desktop, or tablet computer systems havir	ng	Printer Papers	
a CPU		Toners	
Warranty and service agreements			
Examples of Taxable Items			
◆ Computer Supplies Sold Separately (mouse &	<b>♦</b> E-:	readers	<b>♦</b> Scanners
kayboard) for Rusiness Use (see "school	<b>▲</b> M <sub>1</sub>	usic & Video Players	◆ Smartphones & Phones

keyboard) for Business Use (see "school supply" examples of exempt items)

◆ Computers Used in a Business

- ◆ Music & Video Players
- ◆ Phone Chargers
- ◆ Replacement Parts
- ◆ Smartphones & Phones
- **♦** Televisions
- ◆ Video Game Consoles

V. BED AND BATH SUPPLIES		
The tax holiday applies to bed and bath supplies for use by any age and of any dollar amount. It does not		
apply to items used in a trade or business.		
Examples of Exempt Items		
<b>♦</b> Bath	<b>♦</b> Bedding	
Mats & rugs	Bed skirts	
Shower curtains & liners	Bed spreads & comforters	
Towels & wash cloths	Blankets & throws	
(bath, beach, kitchen & sport towels)	Bumper pads & crib linens	
	Mattress pads & toppers	
	Pillows (all types)	
	Sheets & pillow cases	
Examples of Taxable Items		
◆ Bath (Miscellaneous)	◆ Bed (Miscellaneous)	
Accessories (soap dish, towel holder, shower	Dorm items (ironing boards, rugs, clothes racks,	
curtain rings & rod)	hangers, storage containers & lamps)	
Cleaning supplies Furniture (bed frames, cribs & chairs)		
Toiletries	Mattresses & box springs	
Trashcans	Sleeping bags	
	Window treatments	

Revised June 2019