Resolution No.

RESOLUTION TO RESOLVE THREE OUTSTANDING DEEDS RELATED TO THE RAPID CITY INDIAN BOARDING SCHOOL LANDS

WHEREAS, the federal government created and ran a series of boarding schools throughout the United States in an attempt to assimilate Native American children from the mid-1800s to the 1960s – including the Rapid City Indian Boarding School ("the Boarding School") from the 1890s-1930s, and

WHEREAS, in the late 1890s the United States federal government purchased 1200+ acres extending from what is now Mt. View Road to Canyon Lake Park on the west side of Rapid City to create the Rapid City Indian Boarding School ("the Boarding School"); and

WHEREAS, the U.S. government took children from as far away as North Dakota, Montana, and Wyoming to the school, but most of the children were Lakotas brought from the Pine Ridge Reservation, the Rosebud Reservation, and the Cheyenne River Reservation, which are home to the three tribal Nations closest to Rapid City; and

WHEREAS, many Native American families came to Rapid City to be near their children and many of the Native people still living in Rapid City today are descendants of these children and their families; and

WHEREAS, when the United States government cut back some of the boarding schools during the Great Depression, the Boarding School was transitioned into a tuberculosis hospital for Native American patients (1930s-1960s) and then in the 1960s to a permanent Indian Health Services clinic; and

WHEREAS, in the late 1940s the City of Rapid City, the Rapid City School District, the Chamber of Commerce, the National Guard, and local churches lobbied Congress to gain access to the land; and

WHEREAS, Congress passed a law in 1948 ("the Act" or "Act of 1948") allowing the Department of Interior - Bureau of Indian Affairs ("DOI-BIA"), to dispose of the 1200+ acres in three ways:

1. **Governmental Entities**: to gift the land for free to the governmental entities of the City of Rapid City, the Rapid City Area School District, or the State of South Dakota for the use of the National Guard, subject to a "reversion clause" declaring that any land deeded under the 1948 Act would revert to the DOI-BIA when no longer used for municipal, educational, or National Guard-related purposes; and

2. **Religious Organizations**: to sell the land to churches for "religious purposes," at "reasonable value;" and

3. **Needy Indians**: to use or exchange the lands for the benefit of "needy Indians"—a term of art used at the time to refer to disadvantaged Native Americans; and
WHEREAS, the following is a summary of the land parcels which were gifted under the governmental entities’ category:

- **City of Rapid City**: received two parcel allocations, one parcel (approximately 207 acres) which became known primarily as “Sioux Park,” and another parcel (approximately 40 acres) which became known as “West Middle School,” and
- **Rapid City Area School District**: received three parcels, one which became Canyon Lake Elementary School, one which became Stevens High School, and another for a school maintenance facility, and
- **National Guard**: received approximately 600 acres for its current training facility, and

WHEREAS, under the Religious Organization provision, approximately 9 churches purchased approximately 200 acres contained in 13 different lots, 6 lots of which the churches resold; and

WHEREAS, no parcels or acreages were designated for the use or exchange of land for “needy Indians,” despite repeated requests by the Native community to the City and Federal governments, over the course of several decades, including repeated inquiries into why none of the lands had ever been allocated to them; and

WHEREAS, this resolution addresses three specific parcels that were originally gifted to either the City or the School District under the government entity provision:

| Parcel A1 | Recipient: City of Rapid City (July 15, 1949) | Restriction: “The title to the land thus conveyed shall revert to the United States of America when the land is no longer used for municipal purposes.” |
| Current Occupant: Monument Health–Behavioral Health Center, a private Non-profit organization |

| Parcel A2 | Recipient: City of Rapid City (July 15, 1949) | Restriction: “The title to the land thus conveyed shall revert to the United States of America when the land is no longer used for municipal purposes.” |
| Current Occupant: Clarkson Health Care - Westhills Village, a private religious Non-profit organization |

| Parcel B | Recipient: Rapid City Area School District (July 9, 1964) | Restriction: “The title to the land thus conveyed shall revert to the United States of America when the land is no longer used for educational purposes.” |
Current Occupant: Canyon Lake Activity Center ("Canyon Lake Senior Center"), a private nonprofit organization (March 21, 2005, the RCAS transferred this property by Quit Claim Deed)

WHEREAS, parcels A1, A2, and B, upon which the above mentioned nonprofit organizations are located, were originally gifted to the City of Rapid City and the Rapid City Area School District, and are subject to the reversion clause when they are no longer being used for "municipal" or "educational" purposes respectively, under the 1948 Act; and

WHEREAS, the DOI-BIA retains the reversion rights to the parcels gifted to the City of Rapid City and the Rapid City Area School District; and

WHEREAS, the concept of "adverse possession" is inapplicable regarding federal land rights; and

WHEREAS, Native community members have indicated strong interest in a Community Center; and

WHEREAS, the current occupants of A1, A2, and B, Monument Health Behavioral Health Center, Clarkson Health Care - Westhills Village, and the Canyon Lake Senior/Activities Center, have indicated that they do not wish that the land upon which they are located revert to the United States government, since that transaction would cause them great expense and inconvenience; and

WHEREAS, the Rapid City Area School District received Parcel B under the 1948 Act, which it transferred to the Canyon Lake Senior/Activities Center, on March 21, 2005; and

WHEREAS, in its letter to the School District and the City, dated July 13, 2017, the DOI-BIA also encouraged the local Native community, the City of Rapid City, and the Rapid City Area School District to find a "creative solution;" and

WHEREAS, all parties prefer a creative solution rooted in a land exchange that could allow the current occupants of Parcels A1, A2, and B to remain on that land while rectifying the inequities related to the lack of "needy Indian" receipt of land under the 1948 Act and to honor 70 years of Native community requests for use of the lands; and

WHEREAS, the Office of the Mayor of Rapid City contracted for a formal appraisal of Parcels A1, A2, and B which found the land values combined with the replacement value of the buildings to the current occupants to rebuild elsewhere to be approximately twenty million dollars; and

WHEREAS, the Native American community in Rapid City submitted numerous requests for the land, including for museums, powwow grounds, and housing - with the most reoccurring request being a gathering place, an Indian community center; and

WHEREAS, these historical requests for a gathering place were reaffirmed when the members of the Rapid City Indian Boarding School Lands Project, a group of volunteer researchers
and advocates, conducted a series of in-person listening sessions and surveys (including remote online voting) among the Native community between 2017 and 2019, during which 76% of respondents overwhelmingly chose a Native American Community Center as their first or second choice; and

WHEREAS, many members of the Native community have indicated that they want to ensure that any Native American Community Center has a reliable source of income for operating expenses and is not wholly dependent on grants or government subsidy; and

WHEREAS, during the surveys held between 2017 and 2019, respondents chose to create a Community Development Corporation that would generate revenue to support the Native American Community Center through three entrepreneurial or industrial arenas: (1) Housing, (2) a Hotel/Convention Center, and (3) a Tourism/Native Arts/Museum.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the Rapid City Common Council seeks to find resolution to the questions surrounding the three parcels herein labeled Parcel A1, A2, and B; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, as the current occupants of Parcels A1, A2, and B have indicated they do not wish to have their parcels revert to the DOI-BIA, the Rapid City Common Council supports a creative solution whereby Parcels A1, A2, and B will be exchanged “for other lands in or near Rapid City” for the use of “needy Indians and financial investments, that when combined, equal the value of the land and buildings of twenty million dollars; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Mayor of Rapid City and the Rapid City Common Council will work with Native American community members and the Rapid City Indian Boarding School Lands Project to devise and present a draft plan by June 30, 2021; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this plan will focus on the end goal of building a Rapid City Native American Community Center and capitalizing a Rapid City Native American Development Corporation which will generate revenue to support the Native American Community Center; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, all the parties shall make a good faith attempt to help secure financial and other support and assistance with regard to resolving the land exchange; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, this resolution and the plan it describes are limited to resolving only the three parcels explicitly referenced herein; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, by the Common Council of the City of Rapid City that the Mayor of Rapid City is authorized to participate in efforts to secure funding and work with the entire Native American community to create a Native American Community Center in the City of Rapid City.
Dated this __ day of ____________, 2020.

CITY OF RAPID CITY

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Steve Allender, Mayor

Attest

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Pauline Sumption, Finance Director
(SEAL)