

Opening The Windows Of Curiosity







Guyana's flag is sometimes called the Golden Arrowhead. The green color represents the forests and agriculture of

the land. Yellow represents mineral wealth, and red is symbolic of the country's zeal and enthusiasm.

In a name

The word Guyana is an Amerindian word that translates as "the land of many waters."

Guyana is the only country in South America where the official language is English.

Just the facts

Area 83,000 sq. mi. (214,970 sq. km)

Population 786,552

Capital city Georgetown Currency Guyana dollar

Highest elevation

Mount Roraima 442 ft. (2,762 m)

Lowest elevation Caribbean Sea (sea level)

Agriculture Rice, wheat, sugar, coffee, cocoa, coconuts, edible oils, fruits, vegetables, cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, and chickens.

Industry Processing bauxite, sugar, rice, timber, textiles and ceramics

Mining Bauxite, gold, diamonds

Giant anteaters have no teeth.

The hoatzin or Canje

pheasant is also

bird because it

has a nasty

smell.

known as the skunk

A jaguar's head is larger and more rounded than a leopard's.

Exploring the realms of history, science, nature and technology

GIJYANA

This unassuming tropical country is located on the northeast coast of South America. It is a land of unspoiled beauty. Its virgin rainforests, pristine mountains, large rivers and dusty savannahs are home to a vast variety of animals and plants. Guyanese people are known for

their diversity and friendly hospitality.



Looking back

Before the arrival of Europeans, many indigenous groups made this region home. It was colonized by the Dutch before the British took control in the late 18th century. Known as British Guiana until the 1950s, the

country gained independence in 1966.

Wildlife

The many river systems and dense jungles of Guyana make it home to a great variety of wildlife. The jaguar, capybara, black caiman, giant anteater and hoatzin all make their homes here.

The black caiman is one of the largest members of the alligator family. Once hunted for its skin to near-extinction, populations are now recovering.

Victoria amazonica is the national flower of Guyana. This giant water lily is named in honor of Queen Victoria.

Did you know?

According to legend, Guyana was home to the mythical city of El Dorado. Many explorers, including Sir Walter Raleigh, undertook expeditions to locate the city, but it has never been found.

Ninety percent of Guyana's people live on or near the coast. Some Amerindian villages are so remote that you can only get to them on foot or by boat.

Eighty percent of the country is covered in rainforest, much of which is still unexplored.

Guyana is home to three large rivers: the Demerara, Essequibo and Berbice River. There are also many waterfalls, the bestknown of which is Kaieteur **Falls**, the largest single-drop waterfall in the world.

Despite being located in South America, Guyana has a strong cultural and historical link to the nearby Caribbean islands. Its music, food, architecture and markets have a distinct Caribbean flare.

> The **capybara** is the world's largest rodent. It is also known as the water hog because it enjoys grazing and swimming in water.

SOURCES: World Book Encyclopedia, World Book Inc.; http://www.un.org.gy/about-guyana; Guyana Bureau of Statistics; www.guyana.org; https://factcity.com; https://panamericanworld.com

Dispatch

ASA GRANDE

CASA GRAN

Instead, they use long tongues to lap up ants and termites.



