

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT DIGEST FOR ESB 567

Citations Affected: IC 4-6-2-1.5; IC 5-11-1; IC 6-1.1; IC 20-26-7-1.

Synopsis: Distressed and fiscally impaired political subdivisions. Changes the membership of the distressed unit appeal board (DUAB) by replacing the voting member who is appointed by the chairperson of the legislative council with a member appointed by the governor and adding three nonvoting legislative members. Adds to and modifies the duties and powers of the DUAB. Designates the Gary Community School Corporation as a distressed political subdivision. Specifies the powers and duties of the emergency manager appointed for the Gary Community School Corporation. Establishes the fiscal management board for the Gary Community School Corporation, and provides that the fiscal management board shall make recommendations to the emergency manager and shall advise the emergency manager as requested by the emergency manager. Requires the emergency manager for the Gary Community School Corporation to employ a chief financial officer and chief academic officer for the school corporation. Specifies that the chief financial officer shall report to the emergency manager and shall assist the emergency manager and the fiscal management board in carrying out the day to day financial operations of the school corporation. Specifies that the chief academic officer shall report to the emergency manager and shall assist the emergency manager and the fiscal management board in carrying out the academic matters of the school corporation. Authorizes the DUAB to do the following concerning the Gary Community School Corporation: (1) Delay or suspend any payments of principal or interest, or both, that would otherwise be due from the school corporation on loans or advances from the common school fund. (2) Recommend to the state board of finance that the state board of finance make an interest free loan to the school corporation from the common school fund. (3) Establish benchmarks of financial improvement. (4) Provide grants to the school corporation, from funds appropriated to the DUAB, to assist the school corporation in overcoming short term financial problems. (5) Make a recommendation to the general assembly concerning the possible restructuring of advances made to the school corporation from the common school fund, including forgiveness of principal and interest on those advances. Requires the emergency manager to do the following: (1) Attempt to negotiate with the creditors of the school corporation to establish a plan specifying the schedule for paying each creditor. (2) Submit the plan to the DUAB for approval. Provides that the emergency



manager must consult with the governing body of the school corporation, the fiscal management board, and the mayor of the city of Gary in developing the school corporation's annual budget, and that the DUAB must review and approve the school corporation's annual budget. Provides that the annual budget adopted by the emergency manager for the school corporation must dedicate a significant part of the school corporation's budget to eliminating the school corporation's debt obligations. Requires the emergency manager appointed for the Gary Community School Corporation to provide written notice to the mayor of the city of Gary at least 30 days before selling assets or transferring property, and specifies that if the mayor notifies the emergency manager of any concerns or objections regarding the proposed sale or transfer, the emergency manager must confer with the mayor regarding those concerns or objections. Provides that during the period after the effective date of the bill and before an emergency manager is appointed: (1) the financial specialist appointed for the Gary Community School Corporation may identify and implement labor force reductions, including contract cancellations due to a reduction in force; and (2) the governing body may not enter into or renew any contract unless that contract or contract renewal is first approved by the DUAB. Designates the Muncie Community Schools as a fiscally impaired school corporation. Specifies that the Muncie Community Schools' designation as a fiscally impaired school corporation is not a designation as a distressed political subdivision, and provides that the school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired school corporation terminates on January 1, 2018. Requires the DUAB to appoint an emergency manager for the school corporation. Provides that the DUAB may immediately appoint the superintendent of the school corporation as the emergency manager for the school corporation on a temporary basis, and that this temporary appointment may continue for not more than six months. Provides that notwithstanding the powers, authority, and responsibilities otherwise granted to an emergency manager under the distressed political subdivision law, the emergency manager appointed for the Muncie Community Schools has only certain specified powers and duties while the school corporation is designated as a fiscally impaired school corporation. Provides that the emergency manager may on behalf of the school corporation negotiate and enter into labor contracts and collective bargaining agreements. Requires the emergency manager for the Muncie Community Schools to take actions necessary to implement a deficit reduction plan. Requires the DUAB to hold a public hearing not later than December 1, 2017, to determine if the school corporation should be designated as a distressed political subdivision effective January 1, 2018. Provides that after holding the public hearing, the DUAB shall either: (1) adopt a resolution providing that the school corporation will not be designated as a distressed political subdivision (if the DUAB makes certain findings); or (2) adopt a resolution designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision effective January 1, 2018. Provides that if the DUAB adopts a resolution designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision, the emergency manager shall, effective January 1, 2018, assume and exercise all of the powers, authority, and responsibilities granted to emergency managers under the distressed political subdivision statutes. Authorizes the treasurer of state to file a petition with the DUAB to have a school corporation designated as a distressed unit if the treasurer of state has reason to believe that the school corporation will not be able to pay the school corporation's debt service obligations as those debt service obligations become due. Requires notice to the Indiana education employment relations board (EERB) when a school corporation is designated as distressed. Replaces and adds conditions for terminating a political subdivision's distressed status. Adds, removes, modifies, and rearranges the duties and powers of an emergency manager regarding all political subdivisions and makes certain changes with regard to distressed school corporations. Provides a procedure for residents who want to appeal a decision of an emergency manager. Specifies that if a member of the fiscal management board is made a party to a civil suit, the attorney general is required to defend the fiscal management board member. Specifies for purposes of a claim against a governmental entity that a member of the fiscal management board, the emergency manager, chief financial officer, or chief academic officer is acting on behalf of the distressed political subdivision and not the state.



Provides civil immunity for these individuals with respect to an act or omission made in the course and scope of duties prescribed by the DUAB. Allows a school corporation to opt out of a state board of accounts examination and have an independent examination that meets certain criteria. Specifies that certain independent audits that are already completed for certain school corporations for 2015 and 2016 and that meet certain conditions are considered approved. (This conference committee report does the following: (1) Specifies that the provisions establishing a fiscal management board and requiring the appointment of a chief financial officer and a chief academic officer apply only to the Gary Community School Corporation. (2) Adds language authorizing the DUAB to provide grants to the Gary Community School Corporation to assist the school corporation in overcoming short term financial problems. (3) Specifies that the DUAB may make a recommendation to the general assembly concerning the possible restructuring of advances made to the Gary Community School Corporation from the common school fund, including forgiveness of principal and interest on those advances. (4) Adds language providing that before appointing the emergency manager, the DUAB shall interview at least one resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position, and that if the DUAB is not able to interview a resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position, the DUAB shall interview at least one individual who is a resident of Lake County or northwest Indiana. (5) Adds language providing that before appointing the chief financial officer and the chief academic officer, the emergency manager shall interview at least one resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for each of those positions, and that if the emergency manager is not able to interview a resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for such a position, the emergency manager shall interview at least one individual who is a resident of Lake County or northwest Indiana. (6) Provides that in the case of an emergency manager appointed for the Gary Community School Corporation, the emergency manager shall provide written notice to the mayor of the city of Gary at least 30 days before selling assets or transferring property, and specifies that if the mayor notifies the emergency manager of any concerns or objections regarding the proposed sale or transfer, the emergency manager must confer with the mayor regarding those concerns or objections. (7) Provides that during the period after the effective date of the bill and before an emergency manager is appointed: (A) the financial specialist appointed for the Gary Community School Corporation may identify and implement labor force reductions, including contract cancellations due to a reduction in force; and (B) the governing body of the school corporation may not enter into or renew any contract unless that contract or contract renewal is first approved by the DUAB. (8) Changes the provisions concerning the Muncie Community Schools in the following manner: (A) Deletes the provision designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision, and instead designates the school corporation as a fiscally impaired school corporation. (B) Provides that the school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired school corporation terminates on January 1, 2018. (C) Requires the DUAB to appoint an emergency manager for the school corporation. (D) Provides that the DUAB may immediately appoint the superintendent of the school corporation as the emergency manager for the school corporation on a temporary basis. (E) Specifies that the emergency manager has only certain specified powers and duties while the school corporation is designated as a fiscally impaired school corporation. (F) Requires the DUAB to hold a public hearing not later than December 1, 2017, to determine if the school corporation should be designated as a distressed political subdivision. Provides that after holding the public hearing, the DUAB shall either adopt a resolution providing that the school corporation will not be designated as a distressed political subdivision (if the DUAB makes certain findings) or adopt a resolution designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision effective January 1, 2018. (G) Provides that if the DUAB adopts a resolution designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision, the emergency manager shall, effective January 1, 2018, assume and exercise all of the powers,



authority, and responsibilities granted to emergency managers under the distressed political subdivision statutes. (H) Specifies that the emergency manager may on behalf of the school corporation negotiate and enter into labor contracts and collective bargaining agreements. (I) Requires the emergency manager to take actions necessary to implement a deficit reduction plan. (9) Provides that while a school corporation is designated as a distressed political subdivision or as a fiscally impaired school corporation, the school corporation may approve a controlled project that requires a petition and remonstrance process or a local public question only if the controlled project is first approved by the emergency manager, and provides that the governing body of such a school corporation may adopt a resolution to place a referendum on the ballot for a referendum tax levy only if the resolution is first approved by the emergency manager. (10) Deletes the provision that would allow the EERB to petition the DUAB to consider a school corporation for designation as distressed. (11) Deletes the provision that would require the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board generally accepted accounting principles as one of the conditions that must be met before the termination of a political subdivision's designation as a distressed political subdivision.)

Effective: Upon passage.



CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT:

Your Conference Committee appointed to confer with a like committee from the House upon Engrossed House Amendments to Engrossed Senate Bill No. 567 respectfully reports that said two committees have conferred and agreed as follows to wit:

that the Senate recede from its dissent from all House amendments and that the Senate now concur in all House amendments to the bill and that the bill be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following: SECTION 1. IC 4-6-2-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2016, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.5. (a) Whenever any state governmental official or employee, whether elected or appointed, is made a party to a suit, and the attorney general determines that said suit has arisen out of an act which such official or employee in good faith believed to be within the scope of the official's or employee's duties as prescribed by statute or duly adopted regulation, the attorney general shall defend such person throughout such action.

- (b) Whenever a teacher (as defined in IC 20-18-2-22) is made a party to a civil suit, and the attorney general determines that the suit has arisen out of an act that the teacher in good faith believed was within the scope of the teacher's duties in enforcing discipline policies developed under IC 20-33-8-12, the attorney general shall defend the teacher throughout the action.
- (c) Not later than July 30 of each year, the attorney general, in consultation with the Indiana education employment relations board established in IC 20-29-3-1, shall draft and disseminate a letter by first class mail to the residence of teachers providing a summary of the teacher's rights and protections under state and federal law, including

a teacher's rights and protections relating to the teacher's performance evaluation under IC 20-28-11.5.

- (d) The department of education, in consultation with the Indiana education employment relations board, shall develop a method to provide the attorney general with the names and addresses of active teachers in Indiana in order for the attorney general to disseminate the letter described in subsection (c). Names and addresses collected and provided to the attorney general under this subsection are confidential and excepted from public disclosure as provided in IC 5-14-3-4.
- (e) Whenever a school corporation (as defined in IC 20-26-2-4) is made a party to a civil suit and the attorney general determines that the suit has arisen out of an act authorized under IC 20-30-5-0.5 or IC 20-30-5-4.5, the attorney general shall defend the school corporation throughout the action.
- (f) Whenever a member of the fiscal management board appointed under IC 6-1.1-20.3-6.8 is made a party to a civil suit and the attorney general determines that the suit has arisen out of an act by the fiscal management board member that is authorized or required under IC 6-1.1-20.3 or any other law, the attorney general shall defend the fiscal management board member throughout the action.
- (f) (g) A determination by the attorney general under subsection (a), (b), or (e), or (f) shall not be admitted as evidence in the trial of any such civil action for damages.
- (g) (h) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to deprive any such person of the person's right to select counsel of the person's own choice at the person's own expense.
- SECTION 2. IC 5-11-1-24.4, AS ADDED BY P.L.181-2015, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 24.4. (a) This section applies only to an audited entity (excluding a school corporation or a college or university (as defined in IC 21-7-13-10)) that has:
 - (1) an internal control officer; and
 - (2) an internal control department;
- established by the legislative body of the audited entity. However, the requirements of this section do not apply to a consolidated city that hires an internal auditor or an independent certified public accountant, or both, as authorized under IC 36-3-4-24 to examine the books and records of the consolidated city.
- (b) An audited entity may request in writing that the state board of accounts authorize the audited entity to:
 - (1) opt out of examinations by the state board of accounts; and
 - (2) engage a certified public accountant to conduct the examinations.

The request must be approved by resolution adopted by the legislative body for the audited entity.

- (c) The state board of accounts shall, not more than sixty (60) days after receiving a written request under subsection (b):
 - (1) acknowledge receipt of the request; and
 - (2) notify the requesting audited entity that the request is:

51 (A) approved; or

1 (B) disapproved.	
2 (d) The state board of	f accounts shall approve a request under
	ed entity if the state examiner determines
4 that:	
5 (1) the audited entity	filed the written request under subsection
6 (b) with the state board	d of accounts more than one hundred eighty
	beginning of the audited entity's fiscal year;
	selects the certified public accountant in
9 accordance with the s	selection procedure under this section;
	c accountant selected by the audited entity
11 is:	
12 (A) licensed in Inc	liana; and
` '	induct examinations in accordance with the
· · ·	ing standards adopted by the state board of
15 accounts;	
	c accountant's examination shall:
• 1	ed in accordance with the guidelines
()	state board of accounts; and
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	regarding the audited entity's compliance
()	compliance guidelines established by the
21 state board of acco	
	c accountant's examination is paid for by the
23 audited entity; and	F
3,	ic accountant's examination of the audited
entity includes:	
26 (A) all associated	component units;
· /	red or necessary for federal financial
28 assistance;	,
	oncompliance with state law and uniform
()	lines as required by IC 5-11-5-1; and
	eport in accordance with the guidelines
· / 1	e state board of accounts for any items of
33 noncompliance ide	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	nust use the following selection procedures:
* *	ody of the audited entity shall establish an
	acilitate the selection of a certified public
	lit committee shall be composed of the
following three (3) m	•
S ()	per of the legislative body appointed by the
40 legislative body.	5 11 5
٤	ified public accountant appointed by the
	ho is not the fiscal officer or an employee of
43 the audited entity.	r y
•	appointed by the executive of the audited
	ified due to an involvement with financial
5 1	s not the fiscal officer or an employee of the
47 audited entity.	
5	
TO Lacii illellibei shali il	be appointed for a three (3) year term and
	be appointed for a three (3) year term and mpensation. However, a member appointed

1	legislative body member ceases to be a member of the audit
2	committee. A member may not have a contractual relationship,
3	financial interest, or political affiliation with the certified public
4	accountant selected.
5	(2) The audit committee established under subdivision (1) shall
6	do the following:
7	(A) Establish factors to evaluate the audit services provided by
8	a certified public accountant, including:
9	(i) experience;
10	(ii) ability to perform the required services;
1	(iii) capability to follow the guidelines and standards
12	adopted by the state board of accounts;
13	(iv) ability to timely complete all necessary components of
14	the examination; and
15	(v) any other factors considered necessary by the audit
16	committee.
17	(B) Publish notice of a request for proposals under IC 5-3-1
18	that includes:
19	(i) a brief description of the audit requirements;
20	(ii) a time frame;
21	(iii) application procedures;
	(iv) evaluation criteria; and
22 23 24	(v) any other items considered necessary by the audit
23 DA	committee.
2 4 25	
25	(C) Evaluate the proposals submitted by qualified certified
26	public accountants. If compensation is a factor established
27	under clause (A), it may not be the sole factor used to evaluate
28	proposals.
29	(D) Rank and recommend in order of preference not fewer
30	than three (3) certified public accountants considered most
31	highly qualified on the factors established under clause (A). If
32	fewer than three (3) certified public accountants respond to the
33	request for proposals, the audit committee shall recommend
34	the remaining qualified certified public accountants in order
35	of preference.
36	(3) The legislative body of the audited entity shall select a
37	qualified certified public accountant from the list recommended
38	by the audit committee and shall negotiate a contract with the
39	certified public accountant using one (1) of the following
10	methods:
1 1	(A) If compensation is a factor established under subdivision
12	(2)(A), the legislative body shall:
13	(i) select; or
14	(ii) document the reason for not selecting;
15	the highest ranked certified public accountant.
16	(B) If compensation is not a factor established under
1 7	subdivision (2)(A), the legislative body shall negotiate a
18	contract with the highest ranked qualified certified public
19	accountant. If unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with
50	the highest ranked qualified certified public accountant, the

1	legislative body shall:
2	(i) formally terminate negotiations; and
3	(ii) negotiate with the second highest ranked certified public
4	accountant.
5	Negotiations with the other ranked certified public accountants
6	shall be undertaken in the same manner. The legislative body
7	may reopen formal negotiations with any of the top three (3)
8	ranked certified public accountants but may not negotiate with
9	more than one (1) certified public accountant at a time.
10	(C) The legislative body may select a certified public
11	accountant recommended by the audit committee and
12	negotiate a contract using an appropriate alternative
13	negotiation method for which compensation is not the sole or
14	predominant factor.
15	(D) In negotiations with a certified public accountant, the
16	legislative body may allow a designee, who is not the fiscal
17	officer of the audited entity, to conduct negotiations on its
18	behalf.
19	(4) If the legislative body is unable to negotiate a satisfactory
20	contract with any of the recommended certified public
21	accountants, the audit committee shall recommend additional
22	certified public accountants, and negotiations shall continue in
23	accordance with this section until an agreement is reached.
24	(5) The procurement of audit services shall be evidenced by a
25	written contract embodying all provisions and conditions. For
26	purposes of this section, an engagement letter signed and
27	executed by both parties shall constitute a written contract. The
28	written contract shall include the following provisions:
29	(A) Specification of services to be provided and fees or other
30	compensation for the services.
31	(B) Invoices for fees or other compensation shall be submitted
32	in sufficient detail to demonstrate compliance with the terms
33	of the contract.
34	(C) Specification of the contract period and conditions under
35	which the contract may be terminated or renewed.
36	(D) The certified public accountant shall perform the
37	examination in accordance with:
38	(i) the guidelines and standards adopted by the state board
39	of accounts;
40	(ii) auditing standards generally accepted in the United
41	States; and
42	(iii) if applicable, government auditing standards, Office of
43	Management and Budget Circular A-133, and any other
44	guidelines required by the industry.
45	(E) If the certified public accountant discovers or suspects
46	instances of fraud, abuse of public funds, or the commission of
47	a crime, the certified public accountant shall notify the state
48	board of accounts:
49	(i) immediately; and
50	(ii) before disclosing the discovery or suspicion to the

1 audited entity. 2 (F) The certified public accountant shall deliver the completed 3 examination report to the state board of accounts: 4 (i) at the same time as the audited entity; and 5 (ii) not later than thirty (30) days after completion of the 6 examination. The report shall be in a readable format prescribed by the state 7 8 board of accounts. 9 (G) All work papers supporting the examination report shall be 10 available for review by the state board of accounts. (6) If a legislative body of an audited entity renews a written 11 12 contract with a certified public accountant that was entered into 13 in accordance with this section, the legislative body may renew the contract without complying with the selection procedures in 14 15 this subsection. 16 (f) The certified public accountant must deliver the completed 17 examination report to the state board of accounts not later than thirty (30) days after completion of the examination. The state board of 18 accounts shall review the examination report and may: 19 20 (1) ask questions of the certified public accountant; 21 (2) review the examination work papers; and (3) take any other actions necessary to verify that the guidelines 22 and standards adopted by the state board of accounts have been 23 24 satisfied. 25 (g) If the certified public accountant's examination: 26 (1) satisfies the guidelines and standards adopted by the state 27 board of accounts, the state examiner shall publicly file the 28 examination report under IC 5-11-5-1; or (2) fails to satisfy the guidelines and standards adopted by the 29 30 state board of accounts: 31 (A) the state board of accounts shall perform the audit; and 32 (B) the audited entity shall reimburse the state board of 33 accounts for the actual and direct cost of performing the 34 examination. 35 (h) An audited entity that engages a certified public accountant 36 under this section shall reimburse the state board of accounts for all 37 direct and indirect costs incurred by the state board of accounts for any 38 technical assistance and support requested by the audited entity. 39 (i) An audited entity may terminate the use of a certified public accountant engaged under this section if: 40 41 (1) the termination is approved by resolution adopted by the legislative body of the audited entity; and 42 43 (2) written notice of the termination is provided to the state board 44 of accounts more than one hundred eighty (180) days before the beginning of the audited entity's fiscal year. 45 46 (i) Conducting an examination of an audited entity by a certified 47 public accountant does not prohibit the state board of accounts from 48 conducting a compliance review of the audited entity or an examination 49 under section 9.5 of this chapter on the schedule determined by the

CC056701/DI 73 2017

50

state board of accounts.

1 SECTION 3. IC 5-11-1-24.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 2 AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 3 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 24.5. (a) An independent examination 4 report issued by a certified public accountant for a school 5 corporation: 6 (1) for examined year 2015 or 2016; 7 (2) that is done in accordance with all the requirements of 8 section 24.4(d) of this chapter, other than section 24.4(d)(1) of 9 this chapter; and 10 (3) that meets all the other requirements of section 24.4 of this 11 chapter; 12 is considered to have been approved under section 24.4(d) of this 13 chapter. 14 (b) A school corporation for which an independent examination 15 report was issued as described in subsection (a) shall notify the 16 state board of accounts of the issuance as soon as practicable after 17 the legislative body approves the report. 18 (c) This section expires June 30, 2019. 19 SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-20.3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2013, 20 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 21 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "distressed political 22 subdivision" means a political subdivision designated as a distressed 23 political subdivision by the board under section 6.5, 6.7, or 7.1 of this 24 chapter or a school corporation designated as a distressed political 25 subdivision by section 6.8 of this chapter. SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-20.3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.145-2012, 26 27 SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 28 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) The distressed unit appeal board is 29 established. 30 (b) The distressed unit appeal board consists of the following 31 members: 32 (1) The director of the office of management and budget or the 33 director's designee. The director or the director's designee shall serve as chairperson of the distressed unit appeal board. 34 35 (2) The commissioner of the department of local government 36 finance or the commissioner's designee. 37 (3) The state examiner of the state board of accounts or the state 38 examiner's designee. 39 (4) The state superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent's designee. 40 41 (5) An individual appointed by the chairman of the legislative 42 council. governor. 43 (6) A member of the house of representatives appointed by the 44 speaker of the house of representatives, who shall serve as a 45 nonvoting member. 46 (7) A member of the senate appointed by the president pro 47 tempore of the senate, who shall serve as a nonvoting 48 member. 49 (8) A member to serve a one (1) year term in each 50 even-numbered year who:

CC056701/DI 73 2017

(A) is a member of the house of representatives; and

1 (B) is appointed by the minority leader of the house of 2 representatives. 3 The member is a nonvoting member. 4 (9) A member to serve a one (1) year term in each 5 odd-numbered year who: 6 (A) is a member of the senate; and 7 (B) is appointed by the minority leader of the senate. 8 The member is a nonvoting member. 9 (c) Each member of the commission board who is not a member 10 of the general assembly is entitled to reimbursement for: (1) traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4; and 11 12 (2) other expenses actually incurred in connection with the 13 member's duties as provided in the state policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and 14 15 approved by the budget agency. (d) Each member of the board who is a member of the general 16 17 assembly is entitled to receive the same per diem, mileage, and 18 travel allowances paid to legislative members of interim study 19 committees. Per diem, mileage, and travel allowances paid under 20 this section shall be paid from appropriations made to the 21 legislative council or the legislative services agency. 22 SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-20.3-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2013, 23 SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 24 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The fiscal body and the executive of a 25 political subdivision may jointly file a petition with the board seeking to have the political subdivision designated as a distressed political 26 27 subdivision under this chapter. 28 (b) The governing body and or the superintendent of a school 29 corporation may do any of the following: (1) Jointly File a petition with the board seeking relief under 30 31 section 8.3 of this chapter. 32 (2) Jointly File a petition with the board seeking to have the 33 school corporation designated as a distressed political subdivision 34 under this chapter. 35 (3) Jointly File a petition with the board requesting authority to 36 transfer before July 1, 2015, excess funds in the school 37 corporation's debt service fund to the school corporation's 38 transportation fund as provided in section 8.4 of this chapter. 39 (c) If the treasurer of state has reason to believe that a school 40 corporation will not be able to pay the school corporation's debt 41 service obligations (as defined in IC 20-48-1-11) as those debt 42 service obligations become due, the treasurer of state may file a 43 petition with the board seeking to have the school corporation 44 designated as a distressed political subdivision under this chapter. 45 (c) (d) The board may adopt procedures governing the timing and 46 required content of a petition under subsection (a) or (c). 47 SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-20.3-6.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.257-2013, 48 SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 49 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.5. (a) After the board receives a petition 50 concerning a political subdivision under section 6(a), or 6(b)(2), or

CC056701/DI 73 2017

6(c) of this chapter, the board may designate the political subdivision

1 as a distressed political subdivision if at least one (1) of the following 2 conditions applies to the political subdivision: 3 (1) The political subdivision has defaulted in payment of principal 4 or interest on any of its bonds or notes. 5 (2) The political subdivision has failed to make required 6 payments to payroll employees for thirty (30) days or two (2) 7 consecutive payrolls. 8 (3) The political subdivision has failed to make required 9 payments to judgment creditors for sixty (60) days beyond the 10 date of the recording of the judgment. (4) The political subdivision, for at least thirty (30) days beyond 11 the due date, has failed to do any of the following: 12 13 (A) Forward taxes withheld on the incomes of employees. 14 (B) Transfer employer or employee contributions due under 15 the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA). (C) Deposit the political subdivision's minimum obligation 16 17 payment to a pension fund. (5) The political subdivision has accumulated a deficit equal to 18 19 eight percent (8%) or more of the political subdivision's revenues. 20 For purposes of this subdivision, "deficit" means a negative fund balance calculated as a percentage of revenues at the end of a 21 budget year for any governmental or proprietary fund. The 22 23 calculation must be presented on an accrual basis according to 24 generally accepted accounting principles. 25 (6) The political subdivision has sought to negotiate a resolution or an adjustment of claims that in the aggregate: 26 27 (A) exceed thirty percent (30%) of the political subdivision's 28 anticipated annual revenues; and 29 (B) are ninety (90) days or more past due. 30 (7) The political subdivision has carried over interfund loans for 31 the benefit of the same fund at the end of two (2) successive 32 years. 33 (8) The political subdivision has been severely affected, as 34 determined by the board, as a result of granting the property tax 35 credits under IC 6-1.1-20.6. 36 (9) In addition to the conditions listed in subdivisions (1) through 37 (8), and in the case of a school corporation, the board may also designate a school corporation as a distressed political 38 39 subdivision if at least one (1) of the following conditions applies: 40 (A) The school corporation has: 41 (i) issued refunding bonds under IC 5-1-5-2.5; or 42 (ii) adopted a resolution under IC 5-1-5-2.5 making the 43 determinations and including the information specified in 44 IC 5-1-5-2.5(g). 45 (B) The ratio that the amount of the school corporation's debt 46 (as determined in December 2010) bears to the school 47 corporation's 2011 ADM ranks in the highest ten (10) among

CC056701/DI 73 2017

(C) The ratio that the amount of the school corporation's debt

(as determined in December 2010) bears to the school

all school corporations.

48 49

corporation's total assessed valuation for calendar year 2011

ranks in the highest ten (10) among all school corporations.

(D) The amount of homestead assessed valuation in the school

1

2

3

4 corporation for calendar year 2011 was at least sixty percent 5 (60%) of the total amount of assessed valuation in the school 6 corporation for calendar year 2011. 7 The board may consider whether a political subdivision has fully 8 exercised all the local options available to the political subdivision, 9 such as a local option income tax or a local option income tax rate 10 increase or, in the case of a school corporation, an operating 11 referendum. 12 (b) If the board designates a political subdivision as distressed under 13 subsection (a), the board shall review the designation annually to determine if the distressed political subdivision meets at least one (1) 14 15 of the conditions listed in subsection (a). (c) If the board designates a political subdivision as a distressed 16 17 political subdivision under subsection (a), the board shall immediately 18 19 (1) the treasurer of state; and 20 (2) the county auditor and county treasurer of each county in 21 which the distressed political subdivision is wholly or partially 22 located: and 23 (3) in the case of a school corporation, the Indiana education 24 employment relations board established by IC 20-29-3-1; 25 that the board has designated the political subdivision as a distressed 26 political subdivision. 27 SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-20.3-6.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 28 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 29 [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.8. (a) This section applies 30 only to the Gary Community School Corporation. 31 (b) The general assembly finds that the provisions of this 32 section: 33 (1) are necessary to address the unique issues faced by the 34 Gary Community School Corporation; and 35 (2) are not precedent for and may not be appropriate for 36 addressing issues faced by other school corporations. 37 (c) As used in this section, the following definitions apply: 38 (1) "Chief academic officer" means the chief academic officer 39 appointed under subsection (j). 40 (2) "Chief financial officer" means the chief financial officer 41 appointed under subsection (i). 42 (3) "Governing body" refers to the governing body of the 43 **Gary Community School Corporation.** 44 (4) "School corporation" refers to the Gary Community 45 **School Corporation.** 46 (d) The Gary Community School Corporation is designated as 47 a distressed political subdivision for purposes of this chapter until 48 the school corporation's designation as a distressed political 49 subdivision is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of this 50 chapter. This designation as a distressed political subdivision is 51 effective regardless of whether the school corporation has

submitted a petition requesting to be designated as a distressed political subdivision. Until the school corporation's designation as a distressed political subdivision is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of this chapter, the governing body of the school corporation may not meet more often than once each month. In addition to any other powers of the financial specialist appointed under section 6.9 of this chapter, during the period after the effective date of this section and before an emergency manager is appointed for the school corporation, the financial specialist may identify and implement labor force reductions, including contract cancellations as provided in IC 20-28-7.5 due to a reduction in force.

- (e) Until the school corporation's designation as a distressed political subdivision is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of this chapter, the following apply to the emergency manager appointed under section 7.5 of this chapter for the school corporation:
 - (1) The emergency manager has the powers and duties specified in this chapter.
 - (2) The emergency manager shall consult with and consider recommendations from the fiscal management board and the governing body, but the emergency manager has full responsibility and authority related to financial and academic matters of the school corporation, and the emergency manager may act, as specified in this chapter, on these financial and academic matters without the approval of the fiscal management board or the governing body. The school corporation's superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, shall work with the emergency manager and serve as a resource in an administrative capacity.
 - (3) Notwithstanding section 7.5(d) of this chapter, the distressed unit appeal board shall:
 - (A) determine the compensation of the emergency manager, chief financial officer, and chief academic officer; and
 - (B) subject to subsections (i) and (j), pay the emergency manager's, chief financial officer's, and chief academic officer's compensation and reimburse the emergency manager, chief financial officer, and chief academic officer for actual and necessary expenses from funds appropriated to the distressed unit appeal board.
 - (4) Before appointing the emergency manager, the distressed unit appeal board shall interview at least one (1) resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position. If the distressed unit appeal board is not able to interview a resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position, the distressed unit appeal board shall interview at least one (1) individual who is a resident of Lake County or northwest Indiana as a candidate for the position.

The appointment of the emergency manager for the school corporation is terminated on the date the school corporation's

designation as a distressed political subdivision is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of this chapter.

12.

- (f) In addition to any other actions that the distressed unit appeal board may take under this chapter concerning a distressed political subdivision, for a distressed school corporation, the distressed unit appeal board may also do any of the following:
 - (1) The distressed unit appeal board may delay or suspend, for a period determined by the board, any payments of principal or interest, or both, that would otherwise be due from the school corporation on loans or advances from the common school fund.
 - (2) The distressed unit appeal board may recommend to the state board of finance that the state board of finance make an interest free loan to the school corporation from the common school fund. The distressed unit appeal board shall determine the payment schedule and the commencement date for the loan. If the distressed unit appeal board makes a recommendation that such a loan be made, the state board of finance may, notwithstanding IC 20-49, make such a loan for a term of not more than ten (10) years.
 - (3) The distressed unit appeal board may establish benchmarks of financial improvement for the school corporation.
 - (4) The distressed unit appeal board may provide a grant or grants to the school corporation from funds appropriated to the distressed unit appeal board, in amounts determined by the distressed unit appeal board, to assist the school corporation in overcoming short term financial problems.
 - (5) The distressed unit appeal board may make a recommendation to the general assembly concerning the possible restructuring of advances made to the school corporation from the common school fund, including forgiveness of principal and interest on those advances.
- (g) The fiscal management board is established. The fiscal management board consists of the following members:
 - (1) One (1) member appointed by the governing body.
 - (2) One (1) member appointed by the mayor of the city of Gary.
 - (3) One (1) member, who must have experience working with or for an urban school corporation, appointed by the superintendent of public instruction.
 - (4) One (1) member, who must have experience working with or for an urban school corporation, appointed by the state board of education.
- (h) The following apply to the fiscal management board and to the members of the fiscal management board:
 - (1) The term of office of a member of the fiscal management board is four (4) years, beginning on the date of appointment. A member of the fiscal management board may be reappointed to the fiscal management board. A member of the fiscal management board may be removed for cause by the

1	appointing authority.
2	(2) A member of the fiscal management board must have the
3	following:
4	(A) At least three (3) years experience in financial
5	management.
6	(B) A meaningful background and work experience in
7	finance and business.
8	(C) An understanding of government contracts.
9	(D) Knowledge and experience in organizational
10	effectiveness, operations management, and implementing
11	best practices.
12	(E) Experience in budget development and oversight.
13	(F) A demonstrated commitment to high professional and
14	ethical standards and a diverse workplace.
15	(G) An understanding of tax and other compliance
16	implications.
17	(3) A member of the governing body may not serve as a
18	member of the fiscal management board.
19	(4) The fiscal management board:
20	(A) shall make recommendations to the emergency
21	manager; and
22	(B) shall advise the emergency manager as requested by
23	the emergency manager.
24	(5) The members of the fiscal management board are not
25	entitled to any compensation for their service on the fiscal
26	management board.
27	(6) The fiscal management board is abolished, and the terms
28	of the members of the fiscal management board are
29	terminated, on the date the school corporation's designation
30	as a distressed political subdivision is terminated as provided
31	in section 13(b) of this chapter.
32	(7) Under the supervision of the emergency manager, the
33	fiscal management board shall serve as a liaison to and shall
34	work jointly with the distressed unit appeal board, the mayor
35	of the city of Gary, and the department of education to
36	develop a transition plan to address issues or questions related
37	to:
38	(A) the designation of the school corporation as a
39	distressed political subdivision and the transfer of powers
40	and duties to the emergency manager under this chapter;
41	and
42	(B) the potential impact of the transition on the community
43	and the school corporation.
44	(8) Under the supervision of the emergency manager, the
45	fiscal management board shall work jointly with the
46	distressed unit appeal board, the mayor of the city of Gary,
47	and the department of education to provide information on a
48	regular basis to parents, students, employees of the school
49	corporation, and the public on the status of the transition.
50	(i) The emergency manager shall employ a chief financial officer
51	for the school corporation. The chief financial officer is an

employee of the school corporation. The chief financial officer shall report to the emergency manager and shall assist the emergency manager appointed for the school corporation and the fiscal management board in carrying out the day to day financial operations of the school corporation. Before July 1, 2019, the compensation of the chief financial officer shall be determined by the distressed unit appeal board. Before July 1, 2019, the compensation of the chief financial officer shall be paid from the funds appropriated to the distressed unit appeal board. After June 30, 2019, the compensation of the chief financial officer shall be determined by and paid by the school corporation. The chief financial officer:

- (1) must possess, through both education and experience, an understanding of finance and financial management; and
- (2) must possess any other experience and must meet any other requirements as required by the distressed unit appeal board to ensure that the chief financial officer is qualified to carry out the financial restructuring of the school corporation.

Before employing a chief financial officer under this subsection, the emergency manager shall interview at least one (1) resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position. If the emergency manager is not able to interview a resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position, the emergency manager shall interview at least one (1) individual who is a resident of Lake County or northwest Indiana as a candidate for the position.

- (j) The emergency manager shall employ a chief academic officer for the school corporation, after consultation with the department of education, who must have experience working with or for an urban school corporation. The chief academic officer is an employee of the school corporation. The chief academic officer shall report to the emergency manager and shall assist the emergency manager appointed for the school corporation and the fiscal management board in carrying out the academic matters of the school corporation. Before July 1, 2019, the compensation of the chief academic officer shall be determined by the distressed unit appeal board. Before July 1, 2019, the compensation of the chief academic officer shall be paid from the funds appropriated to the distressed unit appeal board. After June 30, 2019, the compensation of the chief academic officer shall be determined by and paid by the school corporation. The chief academic officer must:
 - (1) hold a valid license to teach in a public school under IC 20-28-5;
 - (2) possess, through both education and experience, an understanding of curriculum and academics; and
 - (3) possess any other experience and meet any other requirements as required by the distressed unit appeal board to ensure that the chief academic officer is qualified to carry out the academic goals of the school corporation.

Before employing a chief academic officer under this subsection,

the emergency manager shall interview at least one (1) resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position. If the emergency manager is not able to interview a resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position, the emergency manager shall interview at least one (1) individual who is a resident of Lake County or northwest Indiana as a candidate for the position.

- (k) The chief financial officer and chief academic officer shall assist the emergency manager in carrying out the emergency manager's duties under this chapter.
- (l) The annual budget adopted by the emergency manager for the school corporation must dedicate a significant part of the school corporation's budget to eliminating the school corporation's outstanding financial obligations. The emergency manager shall attempt to negotiate with the creditors of the school corporation to establish a plan specifying the schedule for paying each creditor. The emergency manager shall submit the plan to the distressed unit appeal board for approval. The distressed unit appeal board must:
 - (1) review the plan submitted by the emergency manager; and
 - (2) not later than sixty (60) days after the plan is submitted, either:
 - (A) approve the plan as submitted by the emergency manager; or
 - (B) modify the plan as submitted by the emergency manager and then approve the modified plan.
- (m) The emergency manager shall consult with the governing body, the fiscal management board, and the mayor of the city of Gary in developing the school corporation's annual budget. The distressed unit appeal board must review and approve the school corporation's annual budget that is proposed by the emergency manager.
- (n) In consultation with the fiscal management board, the governing body, and the mayor of the city of Gary, the emergency manager shall do the following:
 - (1) Conduct a financial and compliance audit of the operations of the school corporation.
 - (2) Develop a written financial plan for the school corporation. The object of the plan must be to achieve financial stability for the school corporation, and the plan must include provisions for paying all of the school corporation's outstanding obligations and for paying all future obligations of the school corporation (including any federal, state, or local taxes or assessments) in a timely manner.
- (o) In addition to the report required by section 8.5(c)(5) of this chapter, the emergency manager, the chief financial officer, and the chief academic officer shall report quarterly to the distressed unit appeal board in a format specified by the distressed unit appeal board. The report must include:
 - (1) information concerning the actions that the school corporation is taking to improve the financial condition of the

CC056701/DI 73

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

(2) any other information required by the distressed unit

The emergency manager shall report more frequently than quarterly if requested by the distressed unit appeal board. The emergency manager shall provide copies of the report to the governing body, the fiscal management board, and the mayor of the city of Gary. The emergency manager shall present each report at a public meeting of the fiscal management board.

- (p) The school corporation shall do the following:
 - (1) Publish a copy of each report under subsection (o) on the school corporation's Internet web site, along with a link to the main page of the Indiana transparency Internet web site established under IC 5-14-3.7 to provide access to financial data for local schools.
 - (2) Make copies of each report available free of charge to the public upon request.
 - (3) Provide copies of each report to the mayor of the city of Gary. The mayor shall make copies of the reports available free of charge to the public upon request.
- (q) The chief academic officer shall develop an education plan to provide academic services to students in the school corporation and to achieve academic progress. The education plan must include at least the following components:
 - (1) An academic program designed to meet Indiana's academic standards and to assist students in meeting those academic standards.
 - (2) A plan to improve the academic performance of all students, including improvement in the performance of students on standardized tests.
 - (3) A plan to engage parents in school performance and school activities, including regular meetings at each school involving administrators, teachers, parents, and interested members of the community.
 - (4) A plan to implement performance standards that will attract students and families to the school corporation.
 - (5) A plan specifying how the school corporation will work directly with the city of Gary:
 - (A) to make the schools a successful component of life within the city; and
 - (B) to develop a sense of pride and progress in the operations and accomplishments of the school corporation.

The chief financial officer and the chief academic officer shall confer with the governing body at least once each month. The chief financial officer and chief academic officer shall meet at least quarterly with the executive committee of the bargaining unit to inform the executive committee of the academic progress of the school corporation.

(r) During the period after the effective date of this section and before an emergency manager is appointed for the school corporation, the governing body may not enter into or renew any

CC056701/DI 73 2017 contract unless that contract or contract renewal is first approved by the distressed unit appeal board.

SECTION 9. IC 6-1.1-20.3-7.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 7.1. (a) This section applies only to the Muncie Community Schools.**

- (b) The general assembly finds that the provisions of this section:
 - (1) are necessary to address the unique issues faced by the Muncie Community Schools; and
 - (2) are not precedent for and may not be appropriate for addressing issues faced by other school corporations.
 - (c) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
 - (1) "Emergency manager" includes a temporary emergency manager appointed under this section.
 - (2) "Governing body" refers to the governing body of the Muncie Community Schools.
 - (3) "School corporation" refers to the Muncie Community Schools.
- (d) Muncie Community Schools is designated as a fiscally impaired school corporation. The school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired school corporation terminates on January 1, 2018. The school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired school corporation is not a designation of the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision for purposes of this chapter. The school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired school corporation is effective regardless of whether the school corporation has submitted a petition under this section requesting to be designated as a fiscally impaired school corporation. The board shall appoint an emergency manager for the school corporation. Notwithstanding section 7.5(d) of this chapter, the board shall determine the compensation of the emergency manager, pay the emergency manager's compensation, and reimburse the emergency manager for actual and necessary expenses from funds appropriated to the board. Upon the effective date of this section, the board may immediately appoint the superintendent of the Muncie Community Schools as the emergency manager for the school corporation on a temporary basis. The appointment of the superintendent as the emergency manager may continue for not more than six (6) months. However, the superintendent may be considered for the permanent emergency manager position.
- (e) Notwithstanding the powers, authority, and responsibilities otherwise granted to an emergency manager under this chapter, before January 1, 2018, the emergency manager appointed for the school corporation has only the following powers, authority, and responsibilities:
 - (1) The emergency manager shall:
 - (A) take actions necessary to implement the deficit reduction plan that was presented at a public meeting of the governing body on April 17, 2017; and

CC056701/DI 73 2017

47

48

49

50

51

1

2

3

4

1	(B) work with the governing body and the superintendent
2	to:
3	(i) achieve financial stability for the school corporation;
4	(ii) provide for the payment of the school corporation's
5	outstanding debt obligations and anticipated future debt
6	obligations; and
7	(iii) align the school corporation's personnel and
8	facilities with the anticipated revenues and enrollment of
9	the school corporation.
10	(2) The emergency manager may on behalf of the school
11	corporation negotiate and enter into labor contracts and
12	collective bargaining agreements. The emergency manager
13	shall also review existing labor contracts and collective
14	bargaining agreements, and if the emergency manager
15	considers it appropriate, the emergency manager may on
16	behalf of the school corporation attempt to renegotiate such
17	a labor contract or collective bargaining agreement.
18	(3) Subject to labor contracts and collective bargaining
19	agreements applicable to the school corporation and any
20	obligations to inform the governing body or the
21	superintendent, the emergency manager may do any of the
22	following:
23	(A) Set the salaries and other compensation of the school
24	corporation's employees.
25	(B) Identify and implement labor force reductions.
26	(C) Outsource services performed by employees of the
27	school corporation.
28	(4) The emergency manager may do any of the following:
29	(A) Close facilities of the school corporation.
30	(B) Sell, transfer, or lease property of the school
31	corporation. If the emergency manager sells real property,
32	any political subdivision that has territory where the real
33	property is located and institutions of higher education
34	with real property located in Indiana shall be given a thirty
35	(30) day first right to make an offer to purchase the real
36	property. Ball State University shall have the right of first
37	refusal for any property sold, transferred, or leased under
38	this subsection. The emergency manager shall determine
39	whether it is appropriate to accept one (1) of these offers
40	and shall negotiate the terms and conditions of the sale of
41	the real property to the offeror.
42	(5) The emergency manager must approve any of the
43	following actions by the school corporation before the school
44	corporation may take the action:
45	(A) Acquiring real property.
46	(B) Constructing new buildings or remodeling or
47	renovating existing buildings.
48	(C) Incurring a contractual obligation that requires an
49	expenditure of more than thirty thousand dollars
50	(\$30,000).
51	(D) Purchasing or entering into an agreement to purchase
J 1	(D) I at chasing of cheeting into an agreement to put chase

CC056701/DI 73

1 personal property at a cost of more than thirty thousand 2 dollars (\$30,000). 3 (E) Making, approving, or disapproving the following: 4 (i) A loan. 5 (ii) The creation of any new position. 6 (iii) The filling of any vacant position. 7 (6) The emergency manager shall submit a written report to 8 the board and the governing body each month concerning the 9 following: 10 (A) Actions taken by the emergency manager and the school corporation. 11 12 (B) Expenditures made by the school corporation. 13 (C) The progress that has been made toward achieving 14 financial stability for the school corporation. 15 The emergency manager, rather than the governing body or the 16 superintendent of the school corporation, has and shall exercise the 17 powers, authority, and responsibilities described in subdivisions (1) 18 through (6), including the authority to negotiate and enter into 19 labor contracts and collective bargaining agreements on behalf of 20 the school corporation. This subsection expires January 1, 2018. 21 (f) The school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired 22 school corporation terminates on January 1, 2018. The board shall, 23 not later than December 1, 2017, hold a public hearing to 24 determine if the school corporation should be designated as a 25 distressed political subdivision for purposes of this chapter 26 effective January 1, 2018. After holding the public hearing, the 27 board shall do one (1) of the following: 28 (1) If the board finds that: 29 (A) the school corporation has developed and is 30 implementing a deficit reduction plan described in subsection (e)(1); 31 32 (B) the actions taken by the school corporation to 33 implement the deficit reduction plan have resulted in 34 progress toward achieving financial stability for the school 35 corporation; and 36 (C) it is in the best interest of the students, the community, 37 and the school corporation and its employees to not 38 designate the school corporation as a distressed political 39 subdivision; 40 the board shall adopt a resolution providing that the school 41 corporation will not be designated as a distressed political 42 subdivision under this chapter. If the board adopts such a 43 resolution, the school corporation is not subject to this 44 chapter after December 31, 2017. 45 (2) If the board does not adopt a resolution under subdivision (1), the board shall adopt a resolution designating the school 46 47 corporation as a distressed political subdivision effective 48 January 1, 2018. 49 (g) If the board adopts a resolution under subsection (f)(1)

CC056701/DI 73 2017

providing that the school corporation will not be designated as a

distressed political subdivision, the position of the emergency

50

manager is terminated on January 1, 2018.

- (h) If the board adopts a resolution under subsection (f)(2) providing that the school corporation is designated as a distressed political subdivision effective January 1, 2018:
 - (1) the emergency manager shall, effective January 1, 2018, assume and exercise all of the powers, authority, and responsibilities granted to emergency managers of school corporations under this chapter; and
 - (2) the school corporation's designation as a distressed political subdivision continues until that designation is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of this chapter.
- (i) The following apply while the school corporation is designated as a fiscally impaired school corporation and, if the board adopts a resolution under subsection (f)(2), while the school corporation is designated as a distressed political subdivision:
 - (1) The school corporation may approve a controlled project under IC 6-1.1-20 that requires a petition and remonstrance process or a local public question only if the controlled project is first approved by the emergency manager.
 - (2) The governing body may adopt a resolution to place a referendum on the ballot for a referendum tax levy under IC 20-46-1 only if the resolution is first approved by the emergency manager.

SECTION 10. IC 6-1.1-20.3-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2014, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section does not apply to a school corporation designated before July 1, 2013, as a distressed political subdivision.

- (b) If the board designates a political subdivision as a distressed political subdivision under section 6.5, or 6.7, or 7.1 of this chapter or if a political subdivision is designated as a distressed political subdivision by section 6.8 of this chapter, the board shall appoint an emergency manager for the distressed political subdivision. The board shall appoint an emergency manager for a school corporation designated by section 7.1 of this chapter as a fiscally impaired school corporation. An emergency manager serves at the pleasure of the board. For purposes of IC 34-13, an emergency manager appointed under this section is acting on behalf of the distressed political subdivision and not the state.
- (c) The chairperson of the board shall oversee the activities of an emergency manager.
- (d) Except as provided in this chapter, the distressed political subdivision shall pay the emergency manager's compensation and reimburse the emergency manager for actual and necessary expenses.
- (e) A member of a fiscal management board, an emergency manager, a chief financial officer, or a chief academic officer is immune from civil liability for an act or omission within the scope and arising out of the performance of duties prescribed by the board under this chapter. This subsection does not apply to an act or omission that constitutes gross negligence or willful misconduct.
 - (f) The attorney general may represent a member of a fiscal

CC056701/DI 73 2017

1

2

3

4

10 11 12

9

14 15

16

13

17 18 19

20 21

22 23 24

25 26

27 28 29

30

35

40 41

42 43

44 45

> 46 47

48

49

50

management board, an emergency manager, a chief financial officer, or a chief academic officer in a legal action arising out of the exercise of powers granted under this chapter, if the member of a fiscal management board, emergency manager, chief financial officer, or chief academic officer makes a written request to the attorney general requesting representation. The attorney general may not represent a member of a fiscal management board, an emergency manager, a chief financial officer, or a chief academic officer under this subsection if the legal action is initiated or the claim is asserted by the member of the fiscal management board, emergency manager, or the distressed political subdivision. If the attorney general represents a member of a fiscal management board, an emergency manager, a chief financial officer, or a chief academic officer under this subsection, the member of a fiscal management board, emergency manager, chief financial officer, or chief academic officer is entitled to recover attorney's fees from the losing party to the extent the member of the fiscal management board, emergency manager, chief financial officer, or chief academic officer prevails. Any attorney's fees recovered shall be deposited in the state general fund.

SECTION 11. IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2014, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.5. (a) This section does not apply to a school corporation designated before July 1, 2013, as a distressed political subdivision. This section applies to the Muncie Community Schools designation under section 7.1 of this chapter only if the board adopts a resolution under section 7.1(f)(2) of this chapter designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other law, an emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision appointed under section 7.5 of this chapter shall do assume and exercise all of the power, authority, and responsibilities of both the executive and the fiscal body of the political subdivision during the time the political subdivision is a distressed political subdivision. An emergency manager's power, authority, and responsibilities include the following:
 - (1) Assume and exercise the authority and responsibilities of both the executive and the fiscal body of the political subdivision concerning the adoption, amendment, and enforcement of Adopting, amending, and enforcing ordinances and resolutions relating to or affecting the fiscal stability of the political subdivision. However, the emergency manager does not have the power to may impose only those taxes or fees in addition to the taxes or fees authorized by that the political subdivision before the political subdivision was designated a distressed political subdivision. is authorized by law to impose.
- (2) Review the political subdivision's budget.
 - (3) Review (2) Subject to existing labor contracts, setting the salaries and other compensation of the political subdivision's employees.
 - (4) Conduct a financial and compliance audit of the internal

1	operations of the political subdivision.
2	(5) Develop a written financial plan in consultation with the
3	officials of the political subdivision not later than six (6) months
4	after appointment.
5	(6) Develop a plan for paying all the political subdivision's
6	outstanding obligations.
7	(7) Review (3) Reviewing existing labor contracts and collective
8	bargaining agreements, and negotiating and entering into
9	labor contracts and collective bargaining agreements.
10	(8) Adopt (4) Adopting a budget for the political subdivision for
11	each calendar or fiscal year, as applicable, that the political
12	subdivision remains a distressed political subdivision.
13	(9) Review (5) Approving payrolls and other claims against the
14	
	political subdivision before payment.
15	(10) Make, approve, or disapprove (6) Making, approving, or
16	disapproving the following:
17	(A) A contract.
18	(B) An expenditure.
19	(C) A loan.
20	(D) The creation of any new position.
21	(E) The filling of any vacant position.
22	(11) Submit a written report to the board every three (3) months
23 24	concerning:
24	(A) actions taken by the emergency manager;
25	(B) expenditures made by the distressed political subdivision;
26	and
27	(C) the work that has been done to remove the distressed
28	political subdivision from distressed status.
29	(7) Identifying and implementing labor force reductions.
30	(8) Outsourcing services performed by employees of the
31	distressed political subdivision.
32	(9) Renegotiating existing labor contracts and acting as an
33	agent of the political subdivision in collective bargaining.
34	
35	(10) Reducing or suspending salaries of the political subdivision's employees.
36	- ·
30 37	•
38	subdivisions for the provision of services.
39	(12) Selling assets, including real property, of the distressed
	political subdivision. If real property is being sold, any
10	political subdivision that has territory where the real property
1 1	is located and institutions of higher education with real
12	property located in Indiana shall be given a thirty (30) day
13	first right to make an offer to purchase the real property. The
14 	emergency manager shall determine whether it is appropriate
15	to accept one (1) of these offers and shall negotiate the terms
16	and conditions of the sale of the real property to the offeror.
17	In the case of an emergency manager appointed for the Gary
18	Community School Corporation, the emergency manager
19	shall provide written notice to the mayor of the city of Gary
50	at least thirty (30) days before selling assets under this
51	subdivision. If the mayor of the city of Gary notifies the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12. 13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

emergency manager of any concerns or objections regarding the proposed sale of the asset, the emergency manager must confer with the mayor regarding those concerns or objections.

- (13) Closing facilities of the distressed political subdivision.
- (14) Requesting technical assistance from the board and state agencies to assist in carrying out the powers and duties outlined in this subsection, including assistance from the Indiana department of administration in evaluating and assessing facilities.
- (15) Reviewing each contract that is in effect and not covered by subdivision (3) and, if prudent, renegotiating or canceling the contract to the extent permitted by the contract.
- (16) Transferring property not needed by the distressed political subdivision. In the case of an emergency manager appointed for the Gary Community School Corporation, the emergency manager shall provide written notice to the mayor of the city of Gary at least thirty (30) days before transferring property under this subdivision. If the mayor of the city of Gary notifies the emergency manager of any concerns or objections regarding the proposed transfer of the property, the emergency manager must confer with the mayor regarding those concerns or objections.
- (17) Acquiring real property that is necessary to achieve the goals expressed in the financial plan.
- (18) Requesting a waiver from the application of IC 6-1.1-20.6-9.8 in order to use IC 6-1.1-20.6-13 regarding the allocation of protected taxes. To request a waiver, the emergency manager must submit, before May 1 of the year for which a waiver is sought, a written request to the board. The board shall make a determination concerning the request, and if the waiver is granted the board shall provide, before June 1 of that year, a written certification of the determination to the department of local government finance. (19) If the distressed political subdivision is a school corporation, requesting a loan from the counter-cyclical revenue and economic stabilization fund under IC 6-1.1-21.4-3(b) as provided in section 8.3 of this chapter. (12) Petition (20) Petitioning the board to terminate a political
- subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision when the conditions found in section 6.5 of this chapter are no longer applicable to the political subdivision and the conditions set

forth in section 13(b) of this chapter are met.

- (c) An emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision appointed under section 7.5 of this chapter may shall do the following:
 - (1) Renegotiate existing labor contracts and act as an agent of the political subdivision in collective bargaining.
 - (2) Reduce or suspend salaries of the political subdivision's employees.
- (3) Enter into agreements with other political subdivisions for the provision of services.
 - (1) Review the political subdivision's budget.

CC056701/DI 73 2017

1	(2) Conduct a financial and compliance audit of the internal
2	operations of the political subdivision.
3	(3) Report and make recommendations to the board
4	regarding the following:
5	(A) A written comprehensive financial plan in consultation
6	with the officials of the political subdivision not later than
7	six (6) months after appointment.
8	(B) A comprehensive long term plan for paying all the
9	political subdivision's outstanding obligations.
10	(4) If the distressed political subdivision is a school
11	corporation, report and make recommendations to the board
12	regarding the following:
13	(A) The geographic boundaries of the school corporation
14	and alternative boundaries.
15	(B) A long term plan for meeting transportation needs.
16	(C) A long term plan for providing educational services.
17	(D) A long term plan for providing noneducational
18	services.
19	(E) A long term plan for providing adequate personnel and
20	a plan for compensation.
21	(F) The capital plant of the school corporation and a long
22	term plan for meeting the long term capital plant needs of
23	the school corporation.
24	(G) A new governance structure for the distressed political
25	subdivision.
26	(5) Submit a written report to the board each month
27	concerning the following:
28	(A) Actions taken by the emergency manager.
29	(B) Expenditures made by the distressed political
30	subdivision.
31	(C) The progress that has been made toward removing the
32	distressed political subdivision from distressed status.
33	(d) Except as provided in section 13(d) of this chapter, an
34	emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision retains the
35	powers and duties described in subsections (b) and (c) until:
36	(1) the emergency manager resigns or dies;
37	(2) the board removes the emergency manager; or
38	(3) the political subdivision's status as a distressed political
39	subdivision is terminated under section 13(b) or 13(c) of this
40	chapter.
41	SECTION 12. IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.7, AS ADDED BY P.L.145-2012,
42	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
43	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.7. (a) This section applies to the Muncie
44	Community Schools designation under section 7.1 of this chapter
45	only if the board adopts a resolution under section 7.1(f)(2) of this
46	chapter designating the school corporation as a distressed political
47	subdivision.
48	
49	(b) A school corporation that is designated a distressed political subdivision may not do any of the following without the approval of the

board during the period before the board terminates the school

corporation's status as a distressed political subdivision:

50

(1) Acquire real property for school building purposes.

- (2) Construct new school buildings or remodel or renovate existing school buildings.
- (3) Incur a contractual obligation (except for a maintenance contract or an employment contract for a new employee whose employment replaces the employment of a former employee) that requires an expenditure of more than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).
- (4) Purchase or enter into an agreement to purchase personal property at a cost of more than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).
- (5) Adopt or advertise a budget, tax levy, or tax rate for an ensuing budget year.

SECTION 13. IC 6-1.1-20.3-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 208, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. The board shall keep a record of its proceedings and its orders. IC 5-14-1.5 (the open door law) applies to the board's meetings.

SECTION 14. IC 6-1.1-20.3-9.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9.9. (a) This section applies to the Muncie Community Schools designation under section 7.1 of this chapter only if the board adopts a resolution under section 7.1(f)(2) of this chapter designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision. This section does not apply to the Muncie Community Schools while the school corporation is designated as a fiscally impaired school corporation.

- (b) A petition may be filed with the board to appeal a decision by the emergency manager.
- (c) Two hundred fifty (250) or more individuals residing within the distressed political subdivision who are of the opinion that the decision by the emergency manager is not fair or reasonable may file a petition in the office of the county auditor within thirty (30) days after the decision is made. The petition must set forth the petitioners' names, addresses, and objections to the decision and the facts showing that the decision is not fair and reasonable.
- (d) Upon the filing of a petition under subsection (b), the county auditor shall immediately certify a copy of the petition, together with any other data necessary to present the questions involved, to the board.
- (e) The board shall schedule a public meeting as soon as practicable to consider the petition.

SECTION 15. IC 6-1.1-20.3-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.249-2015, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) If:

- (1) an emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision;
- (2) the fiscal body and executive of the political subdivision jointly; or
- (3) the governing body of a school corporation that:
- (A) employs a new superintendent; or
- (B) has a new member elected or appointed to its governing body;

during the time the school corporation is a distressed political subdivision;

files a petition with the board for termination of the political subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision, the board shall conduct a public hearing on the question of whether to terminate the political subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision.

- (b) In the case of a political subdivision designated as distressed under section 6.5, **6.8**, **or 7.1** of this chapter, the board shall terminate the political subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision if the board finds that the conditions found in section 6.5 of this chapter are no longer applicable to the political subdivision **and all the following conditions are met:**
 - (1) The political subdivision has achieved and maintained financial solvency for a period of at least two (2) years, including the following:
 - (A) Maintaining a structurally balanced budget for at least two (2) years.
 - (B) Having no unpaid or past due critical contractual financial obligations or vendor payments.
 - (2) The political subdivision has a fiscal plan that maintains financial solvency for a period of at least five (5) years after the termination of its distressed status.
 - (3) The political subdivision meets all other conditions identified by the board.
 - (4) The board determines that the political subdivision is financially stable.
- (c) In the case of a township designated as distressed under section 6.7 of this chapter, the board shall terminate the township's status as a distressed political subdivision if the board finds that the township's township assistance property tax rate (as defined in section 6.7(a) of this chapter) for the current calendar year is not more than the result of:
 - (1) the statewide average township assistance property tax rate (as determined by the department of local government finance) for property taxes first due and payable in the preceding year; multiplied by
 - (2) twelve (12).

(d) Notwithstanding any other section of this chapter, not later than ninety (90) days after taking office, a new executive of a distressed political subdivision may petition the board for suspension of the political subdivision's distressed status. In the case of a political subdivision designated as distressed under section 6.5 of this chapter, the executive must include in its petition a written plan to resolve the applicable issues described in section 6.5 of this chapter. In the case of a township designated as distressed under section 6.7 of this chapter, the executive must include in its petition a written plan to lower the township's township assistance property tax rate (as defined in section 6.7(a) of this chapter). If the board approves the executive's written plan, the board may suspend the political subdivision's distressed status for one hundred eighty (180) days. Suspension under this chapter terminates automatically upon expiration of the one hundred eighty (180) day period. The board may consider a petition to terminate the

political subdivision's distressed status during a period of suspension. SECTION 16. IC 6-1.1-20.6-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) A political subdivision is eligible to allocate credits proportionately under this section if the distressed unit appeal board has approved the waiver request of the emergency manager for the political subdivision under IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.5.

(b) For a political subdivision that has been granted a waiver under IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.5, the political subdivision may allocate the effect of the credits granted under this chapter proportionately among all the political subdivision's property tax funds that are not exempt under section 7.5(b) or 7.5(c) of this chapter, based on the levy for each fund and without taking into account the requirements of section 9.8 of this chapter regarding protected taxes.

SECTION 17. IC 20-26-7-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.5-2015, SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) As used in this section, "charter school" has the meaning set forth in IC 20-24-1-4 and includes a group or entity seeking approval from an authorizer to operate a charter school under IC 20-24-3.

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a governing body of a school corporation determines that any real or personal property:
 - (1) is no longer needed for school purposes; or
 - (2) should, in the interests of the school corporation, be exchanged for other property;

the governing body may sell or exchange the property in accordance with IC 36-1-11.

- (c) Money derived from the sale or exchange of property under this section shall be placed in any school fund:
 - (1) established under applicable law; and
 - (2) that the governing body considers appropriate.
- (d) A governing body may not make a covenant that prohibits the sale of real property to another educational institution.
- (e) This subsection does not apply to a school building that on July 1, 2011, is leased or loaned by the school corporation that owns the school building to another entity, if the entity is not a building corporation or other entity that is related in any way to, or created by, the school corporation or the governing body. Except as provided in subsections (k) through (n), (o), a governing body shall make available for lease or purchase to any charter school any school building owned by the school corporation or any other entity that is related in any way to, or created by, the school corporation or the governing body, including but not limited to a building corporation, that:
 - (1) either:
 - (A) is not used in whole or in part for classroom instruction at the time the charter school seeks to lease the building; or
 - (B) appears on the list compiled by the department under subsection (f); and
 - (2) was previously used for classroom instruction;

in order for the charter school to conduct classroom instruction.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7 8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

(f) Not later than August 1 each calendar year, each governing body shall inform the department if a school building that was previously used for classroom instruction is closed, unused, or unoccupied. The department shall maintain a list of closed, unused, or unoccupied school buildings and make the list available on the department's Internet web site. Each school corporation shall provide a list of closed, unused, or unoccupied buildings to the department by the date set by the department. The department must update the list not later than fifteen (15) days after being notified of a closed, unused, or unoccupied building.

(g) A school building that appears for the first time on the department's list under subsection (f) shall be designated as "Unavailable until (a date two (2) years after the school building first appears on the list)" if the governing body of the school corporation that owns the school building indicates to the department, on a form prescribed by the department, that the school building may be reclaimed during that period for classroom instruction. If a governing body does not indicate that a school building may be reclaimed, the governing body shall designate the school building as "Available" on the department's list. The governing body may change the designation of a building from unavailable to available at any time. If a school building that is designated as unavailable on the department's list remains unused for classroom instruction one (1) year after being reclaimed under this subsection, the governing body shall designate the school building as "Available" on the department's list. A governing body may reclaim a school building only one (1) time under this subsection.

(h) If a charter school wishes to use a school building on the list created under subsection (f), the charter school shall send a letter of intent to the department. Within thirty (30) days after receiving a letter from a charter school, the department shall notify the school corporation of the charter school's intent, and, within thirty (30) days after receiving notification from the department, the school corporation that owns the school building shall lease the school building to the charter school for one dollar (\$1) per year for as long as the charter school uses the school building for classroom instruction or for a term at the charter school's discretion, or sell the school building to the charter school for one dollar (\$1). The charter school must begin to use the school building for classroom instruction not later than two (2) years after acquiring the school building. If the school building is not used for classroom instruction within two (2) years after acquiring the school building, the school building shall be placed on the department's list under subsection (f). If during the term of the lease the charter school closes or ceases using the school building for classroom instruction, the school building shall be placed on the department's list under subsection (f). If a school building is sold to a charter school under this subsection and the charter school or any entity related to the charter school subsequently sells or transfers the school building to a third party, the charter school or related entity must transfer an amount

equal to the gain in the property minus the adjusted basis (including costs of improvements to the school building) to the school corporation that initially sold the vacant school building to the charter school. Gain and adjusted basis shall be determined in the manner prescribed by the Internal Revenue Code and the applicable Internal Revenue Service regulations and guidelines.

- (i) During the term of a lease under subsection (h), the charter school is responsible for the direct expenses related to the school building leased, including utilities, insurance, maintenance, repairs, and remodeling. The school corporation is responsible for any debt incurred for or liens that attached to the school building before the charter school leased the school building.
- (i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, and with the sole exception of a waiver provided in subsection (n), when a school building is designated as "Available" under subsection (g), the school building must remain designated as "Available" and may not be sold or otherwise disposed of for at least two (2) years. When the two (2) year period has elapsed, the school corporation may sell or otherwise dispose of the school building in accordance with IC 36-1-11.
- (k) Notwithstanding subsection (e), a governing body may request a waiver from the department from the requirements of subsection (e). In order for a governing body to receive a waiver under subsection (n), the governing body must apply to the department, on a form prescribed by the department, for the waiver. The application must include a statement that the governing body believes that a charter school would not be interested in leasing or purchasing the vacant or unused school building.
- (1) If the department receives a waiver request under subsection (k), the department, within five (5) days after receiving the waiver request under subsection (k), shall notify each charter school authorizer and statewide organization representing charter schools in Indiana by certified mail of the waiver request received under subsection (k). The notice must include a copy of the governing body's waiver request.
- (m) Not later than thirty (30) days after a charter school authorizer or statewide organization representing charter schools in Indiana receives a notice described in subsection (1), the charter school authorizer or a statewide organization representing charter schools may submit a qualified objection to the governing body's request for a waiver under subsection (k). The qualified objection must be submitted to the department in writing. In order for an objection to be considered a qualified objection by the department, the objection must include:
 - (1) the name of the charter school that is interested in leasing or purchasing the vacant or unused school building; and
 - (2) a time frame, which may not exceed one (1) year from the date of the objection, in which the charter school intends to begin providing classroom instruction in the vacant or unused school building.
- (n) If the department receives a qualified objection under subsection (m), the vacant or unused school building shall remain on the

CC056701/DI 73 2017

1

2

3

4

5

6

12 13

14

19 20 21

22

27 28 29

> 31 32 33

34

30

35 36 37

38 39 40

41 42

> 43 44

45 46

47 48

49

1 2

 department's list under subsection (f) with the designation with which the building is listed under subsection (g) at the time the department receives the waiver request. If the department does not receive a qualified objection, the department shall grant the governing body's request for a waiver. A governing body that receives a waiver under this subsection may sell or otherwise dispose of the unused or vacant school building in accordance with IC 36-1-11.

(o) An emergency manager of a distressed school corporation under IC 6-1.1-20.3 or a fiscally impaired school corporation under IC 6-1.1-20.3 may sell an existing school building without complying with the requirements of subsection (e).

SECTION 18. An emergency is declared for this act. (Reference is to ESB 567 as reprinted April 6, 2017.)

Conference Committee Report on Engrossed Senate Bill 567

igned by:

Senator Kenley
Chairperson

Representative Brown T

Senator Melton

Representative Bauer

Senate Conferees

House Conferees