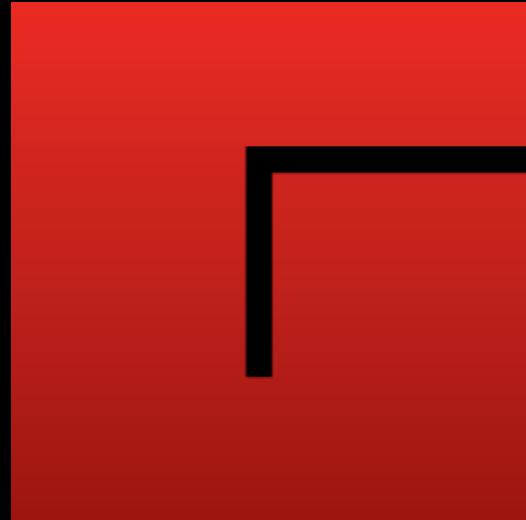


guernsey

ENGINEERS
ARCHITECTS
CONSULTANTS

REALIZE THE DIFFERENCE



ENID WATER SUPPLY STUDY
City Council Study Session

August 2013

Agenda



- **Usage**
- **Surface Water Alternatives**
 - Existing Lake
 - Location, Characteristics, Cost Estimates
 - Vance AFB Flight Patterns
- **Groundwater Alternatives**
 - Geophysical Testing
 - Location, Characteristics, Cost Estimates
 - Immediate and Long Term Options
- **Weighted Matrix**
 - Approach
 - Results
- **Kaw Pipeline**
- **Discussion**

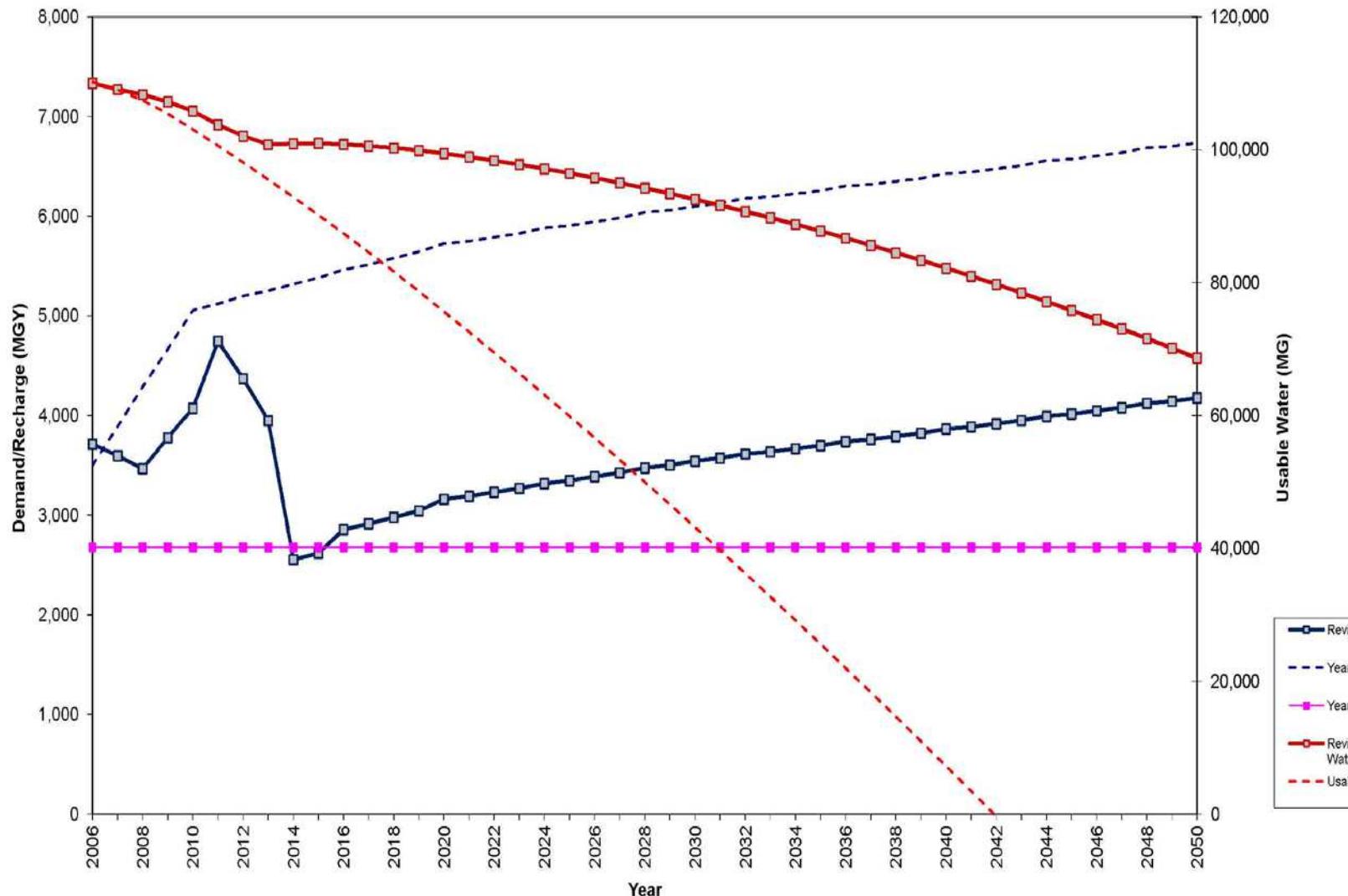
Usage

Water Usage



- Conservation measures have reduced the annual water usage
- Removal of Koch Nitrogen Plant from the demand by 1461 MGY (4 MGD) in 2014 - resuming reuse
- Addition of Canola Plant to the demand of 163 MGY (0.45 MGD) in 2016 and an increase of 42 MGY (0.11 MGD) in 2020
- Continue to expect a gradual increase in demand in future years
- Well field life based on published recharge rates
 - Well depletion was expected to occur near 2042
 - Well depletion is projected to 2084

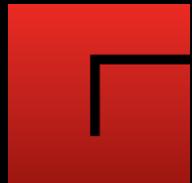
Time to deplete wellfields (based on published recharge data)



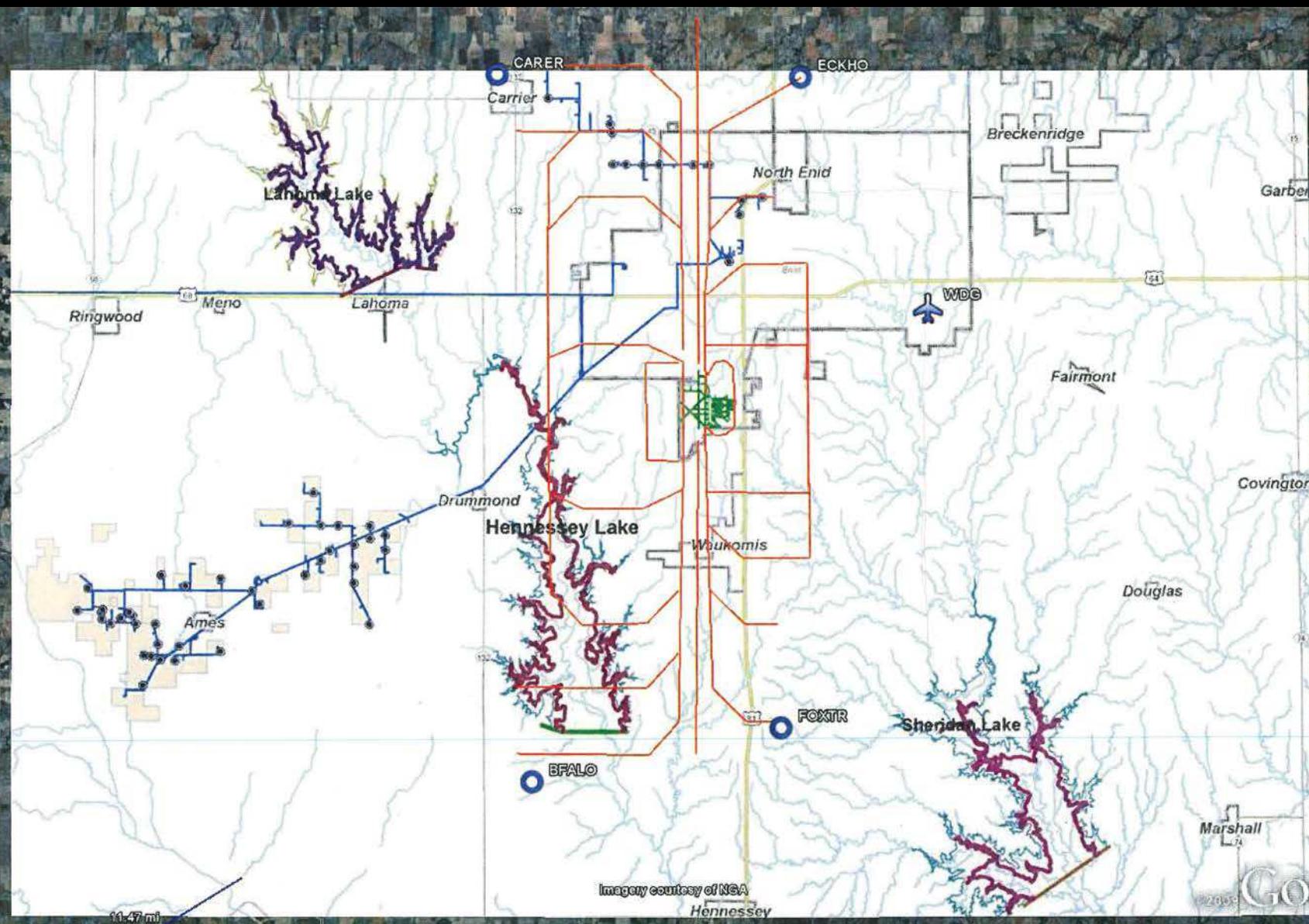
Surface Water Alternatives

**Hennessey Lake
Sheridan Lake
Lahoma Lake**

Reservoir Elevations



Reservoir	Streambed (Ft)	Inactive Pool (Ft)	Conservation Pool (Ft)	Surcharge Pool (Ft)	Maximum Pool (Ft)
Hennessey	1,095	1,147	1,166.7	1,170.0	1,180.0
Lahoma	1,214	1,247	1,263.0	1,265.0	1,275.0
Sheridan	966	994	1,008.2	1,016.7	1,029.7



lat 36.307429° lon -97.929722°

Eye alt 39.56 mi

Characteristic	Lahoma	Hennessey	Sheridan
Drainage Basin (mi ²)	124	312	290
Dependable Yield (MGD)	12.6 (Still Need Wellfields)	22.9	25.0
Surface Area (Conservation Pool, ac)	3,871	6,665	4,510
Average Depth (Conservation Pool, ft)	14.6	17.5	13.4
Water Quality (will need further analysis) Desirable TDS Max. = 500	High TDS @ 820, Fe, Mn	High TDS @ 980, Fe, Mn	High TDS @ 960, Fe, Mn (potentially high As and Nitrate)
Water Treatment Needs	Reverse Osmosis for TDS removal	Reverse Osmosis for TDS removal	Reverse Osmosis for TDS removal
Oil & Gas Activities	88 wells on or within one-half mile	275 wells on or within one-half mile	365 wells on or within one-half mile
Highways/ Railroads	No	Railroad	No
Transmission Lines	No	No	Yes
Proximity to Enid center (road miles to dam)	11	18	29
Construction Cost	\$218MM	\$279MM	\$335MM
Present Value (Includes O & M for 50 Years)	\$317MM	\$399MM	\$477MM

Ground Water Alternatives

Geophysical Testing

Option 1: Expand Well Field with Significant Infrastructure Renovation & Expansion

Option 2: Expand Existing Well Field without Significant Infrastructure First, then Expand Well Field Requiring Significant Infrastructure in the Future



Explanation

Quaternary (Q)	Permian (P)	Pb	Blaine Formation	Pk	Kingman Formation
Qal	Alluvium	Pdy	Doxey Formation	Pch	Cedar Hills Sandstone
Qds	Dune Sands	Pcc	Cloud Chief Formation	Pf	Flowerpot Shale
Qt	Terrace Deposits	Pr	Rush Springs Formation	Pc	Chickasha Formation
Tertiary (T)		Pm	Marlow Formation	Pd	Duncan Sandstone
To	Ogallala Formation	Pmd	Doe Creek Lentil of Marlow Formation	Pbi	Bison Formation
Cretaceous (K)		Pdc	Dog Creek Shale	Psp	Salt Plains Formation
kk	Kiowa Formation			IPo	Pennsylvanian (IP)
					Oscar Group

Miles

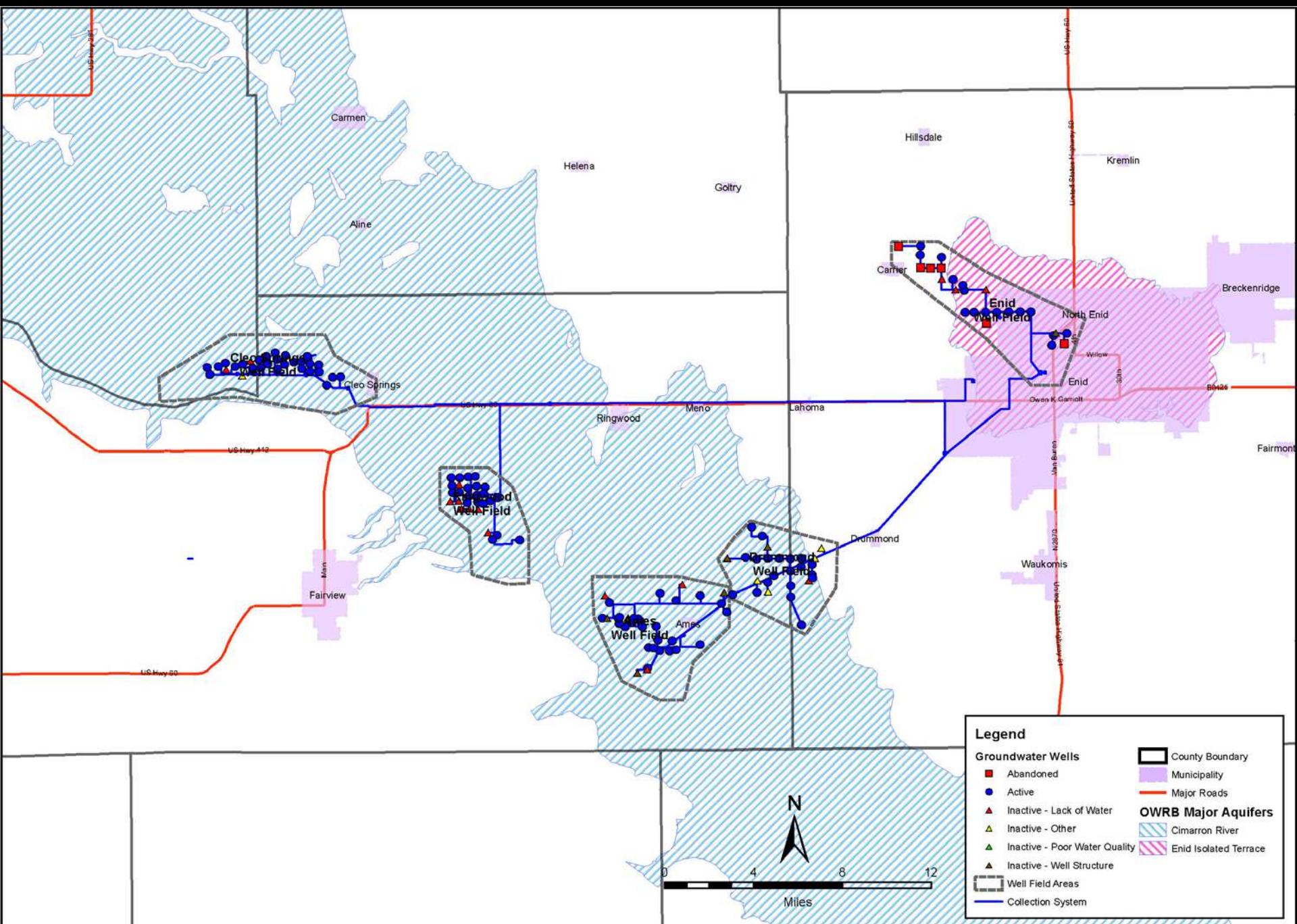
City of Enid

Figure 1.
Location Map



—THORNHILL GROUP, INC.

Professional Hydrogeologists • Water Resources Specialists



Geophysical Testing



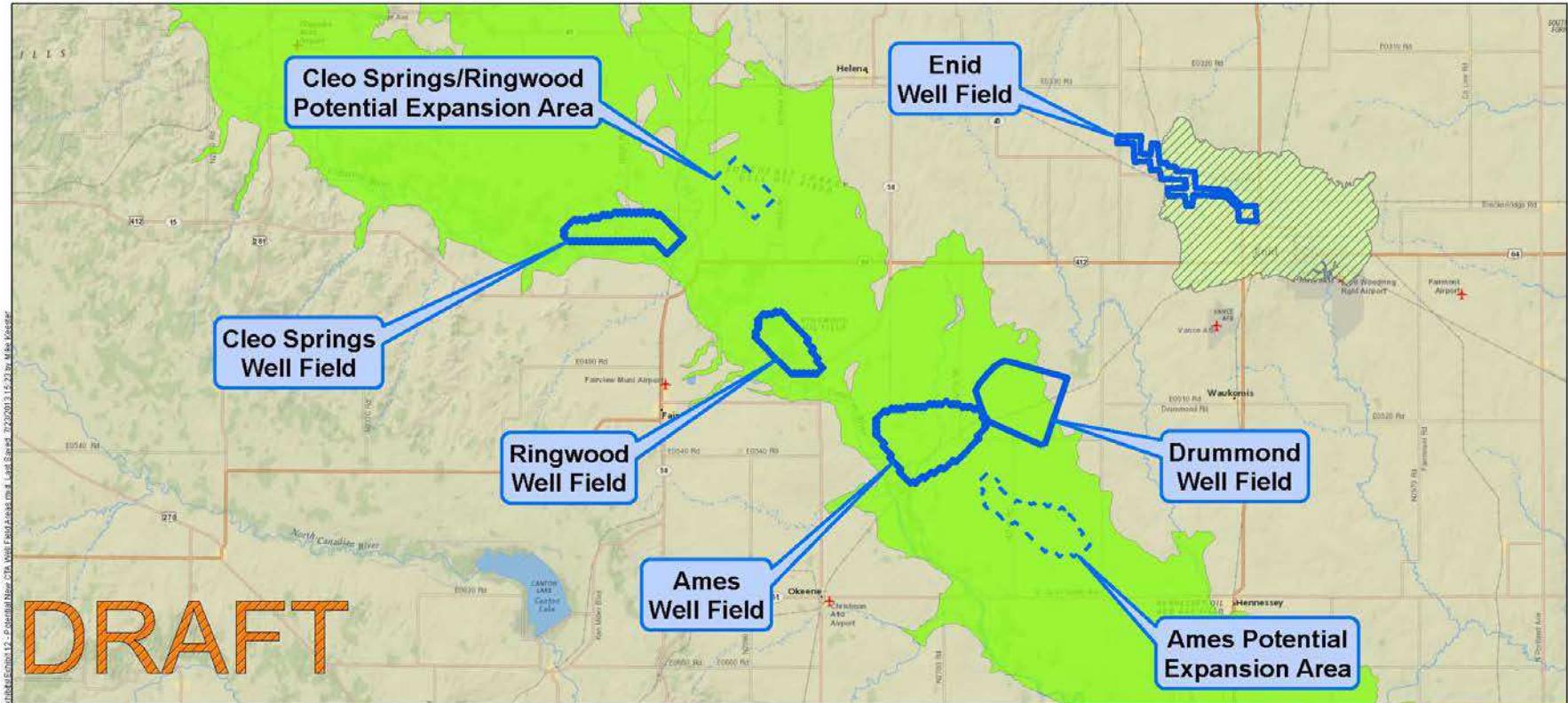
Proposed New Well Fields



- Used geophysical testing to provide additional data for the Cimarron River Terrace Aquifer
- Updated an older aquifer model with the results of the testing
- Determined several promising locations for expansion of the south well fields
- Will require significant expansion and renovation of the City's well field collection system to bring water into the City's system
- Will require test wells to confirm hydraulic characteristics
- Will require acquisition of additional water rights

Proposed Groundwater Alternatives

**Southeast of Ames Well Field
Northeast of the Cleo Springs Well Field**



City of Enid Well Fields
 Potential Expansion Areas

Explanation

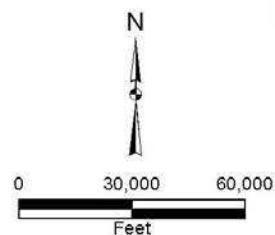
Major Aquifer as
Defined by the OWRB



Cimarron River



Enid Isolated Terrace



CITY of
Enid Oklahoma

Exhibit 12. Potential CTA Well Fields



ENGINEERS
ARCHITECTS
CONSULTANTS



Professional Hydrogeologists - Water Resources Specialists

Characteristic	Southeast of Ames	Northeast of Cleo Springs
Aquifer Characteristics	Best saturated thickness in Cimarron Terrace Aquifer	Expand in areas similar to Cleo Springs & Ringwood Wellfields, then develop best saturated thickness in Cimarron Terrace Aquifer
Phasing	New pipeline and plant required before utilizing “first drop” of water from aquifer	Can connect to Cleo Springs pipeline with limited cost
Water Treatment	Treat 7.35 MGD for Nitrate Removal	Treat 7.35 MGD for Nitrate Removal
Pumping Plant(s)	One pumping station with 1.0 MG ground storage tank	Two pumping stations, each with 1.0 MG ground storage tanks
Number of Wells	40	52
Construction Cost	\$83MM	\$86MM
Present Value (Includes O & M for 50 Years)	\$136MM	\$141MM
Average Production	4 MGD for more than 60 years	2.87 MGD for 60 years
Anticipated Acres needed for Expansion	5,000	3,400

Weighted Matrix

Approach

Results

Enid Water Supply Factors



1. Capital Costs
2. Mitigatable Environmental/Cultural Issues (If not mitigatable = fatal flaw)
3. Operations & Maintenance (O&M) Costs
4. Quality of Life Impacts
5. Reliability/Security
6. Water Quality
7. Ease of Implementation
8. Financial Impact (Phasing)
9. Socioeconomic
10. Land Acquisition
11. Oil/Gas Impacts

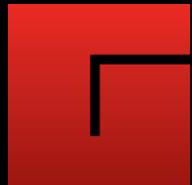
Blank Weighted Matrix



Water Supply Feasibility Analysis

Criteria Weighting Process

Evaluated Weighted Matrix



Water Supply Feasibility Analysis

Criteria Weighting Process

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L		Weighted Value										
A	4	A	A	3	A	A	4	A	3	A	3	A	24	Capital Costs	7.7								
	B	2	C	D	3	E	F	G	H	I	J	K		Mitigatable environmental/cultural issues	1.0								
B		B	B	B	1	B	2	B	B	B	B	B	B		O&M Costs	6.8							
	4	C	4	D	4	E	1	F	G	4	H	4	I	3	J	4	K	L		Quality of life impact	5.2		
C		3	C	C	1	C	2	C	3	C	1	C	2	C	3	C	C		C	21	Reliability/Security	10.0	
		D	3	E	1	F	G	H	1	I	J	K	L						F	3	Water quality	1.0	
D			D	1	D	3	D	2	D	1	D	2	D	3	D	D	D				Ease of implementation	0.6	
			3	E	1	F	G	H	1	I	J	K	L						H	15	Financial Impact (Phasing)	4.8	
E				4	E	3	E	3	E	2	E	3	E	3	E	E	E				Socioeconomic	5.8	
					F	G	H	I	J	2	K	L						J	8	Land Acquisition	2.6		
F						F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F					K	12	Oil/Gas Impacts	3.9		
						2	G	3	H	3	I	2	J	2	K	L				L	0		
G							G	G	G	G	G	G	G										
							3	H	3	I	2	J	3	K	L								
H								1	H	1	H	3	H	H									
								1	I	1	J	K	L										
I									3	I	2	I	I										
										J	K	L											
J											J	J											
												3	K	L									
K													K										
													L										
L														L									
															Max. Value	31							

How Important

- 4 Major Preference
- 3 Medium Preference
- 2 Minor Preference
- 1 Slight / No Preference

Blank Evaluation Form



ENID ALTERNATIVES EVALUATION

ENID ALTERNATIVES EVALUATION													
ALTERNATIVES	Ranking/Score	Capital Cost	Migatable Env & Cultural	O&M Costs	Q of L Impact	Reliability & Security	Water Quality	Ease of Implementation	Financial Impact & Phasing	Socio-Economic Impact	Land Acquisition	Oil & Gas Impacts	Total Score
		7.7	1	6.8	5.2	10	1	0.6	4.8	5.8	2.6	3.9	
1. Hennessey Lake	Ranking												0
	Score	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2. Sheridan Lake	Ranking												0
	Score	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3. Lahoma Lake	Ranking												0
	Score	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4. Wellfield Option 1	Ranking												0
	Score	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5. Wellfield Option 2	Ranking												0
	Score	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Alternatives Evaluation



ENID ALTERNATIVES EVALUATION													
ALTERNATIVES	Ranking/Score	Capital Cost	Migatable Env & Cultural	O&M Costs	Q of L Impact	Reliability & Security	Water Quality	Ease of Implementation	Financial Impact & Phasing	Socio-Economic Impact	Land Acquisition	Oil & Gas Impacts	Total Score
		7.7	1	6.8	5.2	10	1	0.6	4.8	5.8	2.6	3.9	
1. Hennessey Lake	Ranking	4	4	5	5	5	5	3	2	3	3	4	202
	Score	30.8	4	34	26	50	5	1.8	9.6	17.4	7.8	15.6	
2. Sheridan Lake	Ranking	3	4	4	2	4	3	4	2	4	4	3	165
	Score	23.1	4	27.2	10.4	40	3	2.4	9.6	23.2	10.4	11.7	
3. Lahoma Lake	Ranking	5	5	2	3	3	4	5	5	3	5	5	183.6
	Score	38.5	5	13.6	15.6	30	4	3	24	17.4	13	19.5	
4. Wellfield Option 1	Ranking	5	5	5	3	5	4	4	3	3	5	5	213.8
	Score	38.5	5	34	15.6	50	4	2.4	14.4	17.4	13	19.5	
5. Wellfield Option 2	Ranking	5	5	3	3	3	4	3	5	3	4	5	186.6
	Score	38.5	5	20.4	15.6	30	4	1.8	24	17.4	10.4	19.5	
		Ranking											0
		Score	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

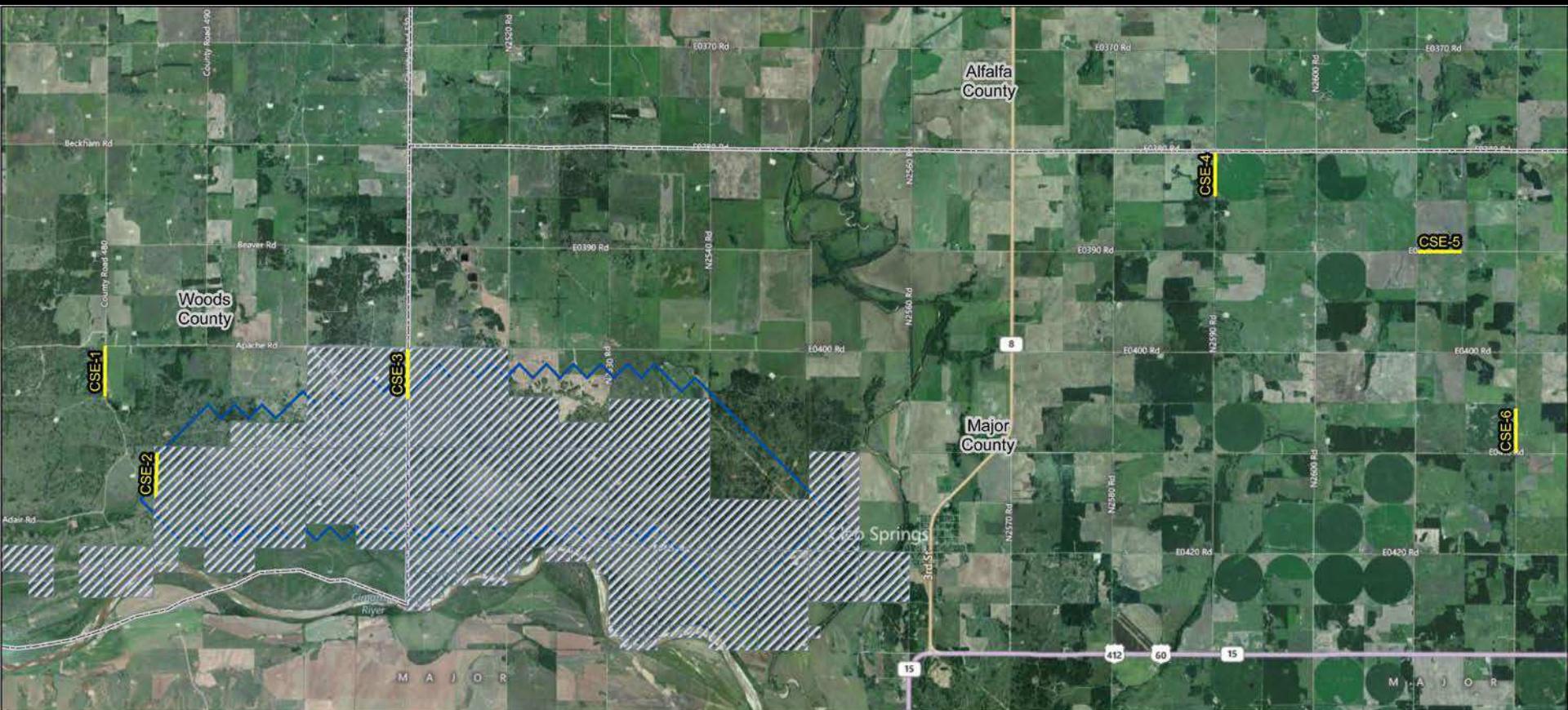
Ranking: Excellent = 5, Very Good = 4, Good = 3, Fair = 2, Poor = 1

Reservoir versus Wellfield Evaluation

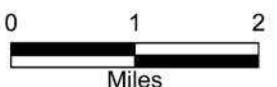


ENID ALTERNATIVES EVALUATION													
ALTERNATIVES	Ranking/Score	Capital Cost	Migatable Env & Cultural	O&M Costs	Q of L Impact	Reliability & Security	Water Quality	Ease of Implementation	Financial Impact & Phasing	Socio-Economic Impact	Land Acquisition	Oil & Gas Impacts	Total Score
		7.7	1	6.8	5.2	10	1	0.6	4.8	5.8	2.6	3.9	
1. Hennessey Lake	Ranking	2	2	4	5	3	2	1	2	3	2	1	139.3
	Score	15.4	2	27.2	26	30	2	0.6	9.6	17.4	5.2	3.9	
4. Wellfield Option 1	Ranking	5	5	5	2	3	4	5	4	2	4	4	181.7
	Score	38.5	5	34	10.4	30	4	3	19.2	11.6	10.4	15.6	
	Ranking												0
	Score	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Ranking: Excellent = 5, Very Good = 4, Good = 3, Fair = 2, Poor = 1



DRAFT



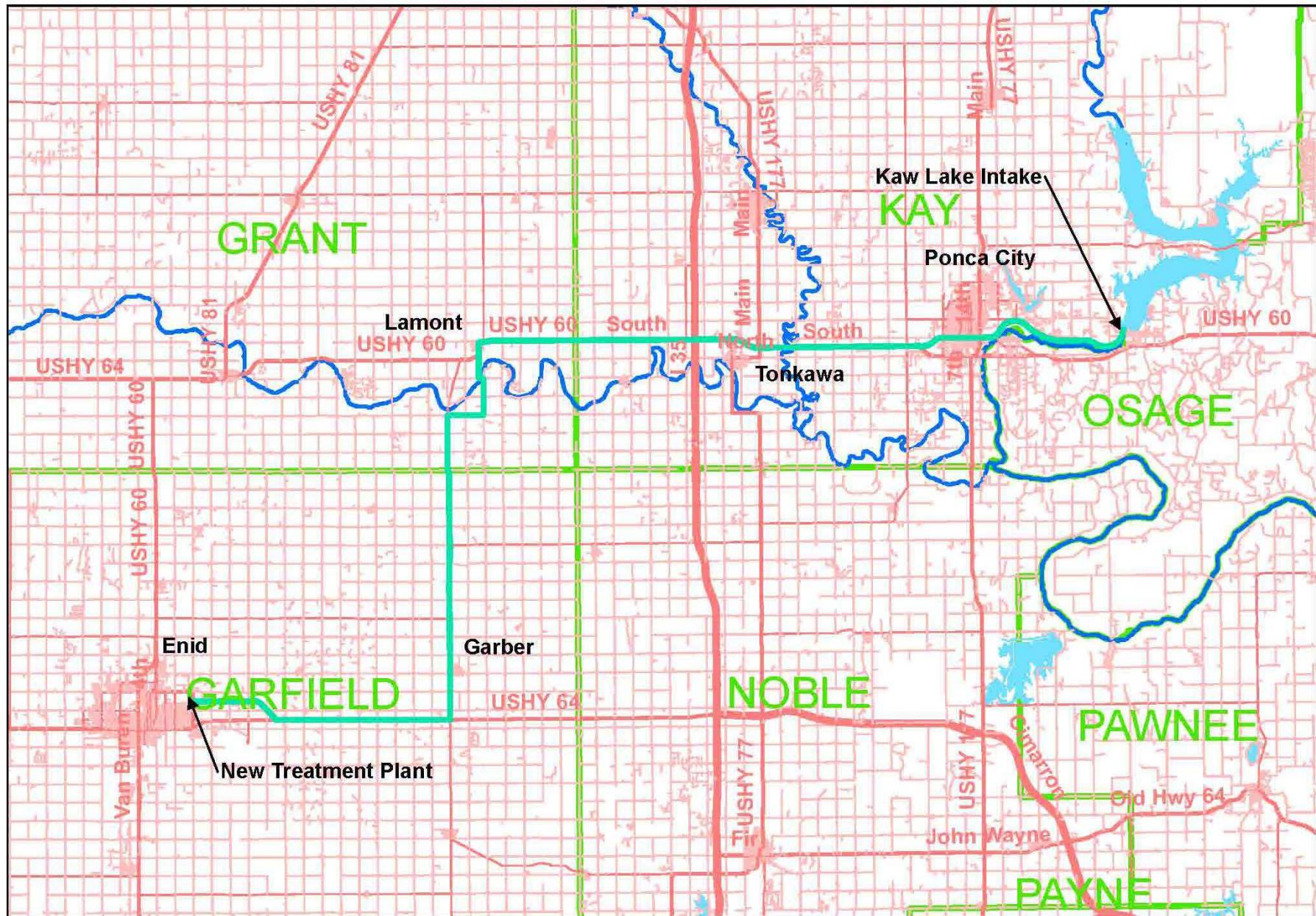
City of Enid

Figure 2.
Survey Line Locations



Professional Hydrogeologists • Water Resources Specialists

Kaw Pipeline



0 1 2 4 6 8
Miles

Legend

— Kaw Pipeline

Kaw Pipeline Route

Characteristic	24" Pipeline	36" Pipeline	48" Pipeline
Peak Flow	15.5 MGD 6,665 MGY	20 MGD 7,320 MGY	24 MGD 8,770 MGY
Average Plant Production	7.75MGD 2,826 MGY	10 MGD 3,648 MGY	12 MGD 4,373 MGY
Construction Cost	\$105MM	\$148MM	\$205MM
Energy Use	7,750,000 KWH per yr	10,000,000 KWH per yr	12,000,000 KWH per yr
Present Value (Includes O & M for 50 Years)	\$182MM	\$251MM	\$336MM



Discussion

July 2012