

USE THE **D.A.R.T.** ASSESSMENT TO IDENTIFY SICK ANIMALS EARLY.

D.EPRESSION

A sick calf will have droopy ears and hold its head lower than normal. The calf's movement will be stiff, and you may notice its tail is tucked slightly.

A.PPETITE

At feeding time, watch carefully for animals that are slow to come to eat or have a reduced appetite.

R.ESPIRATION

Look for abnormal patterns such as exaggerated, deep breathing, flared nostrils and a soft, persistent cough.

T.EMPERATURE

The normal temperature for a calf is between 101.5 and 102.5 degrees Fahrenheit. If it has a temperature above 104 degrees, the calf has a fever and should be treated accordingly.