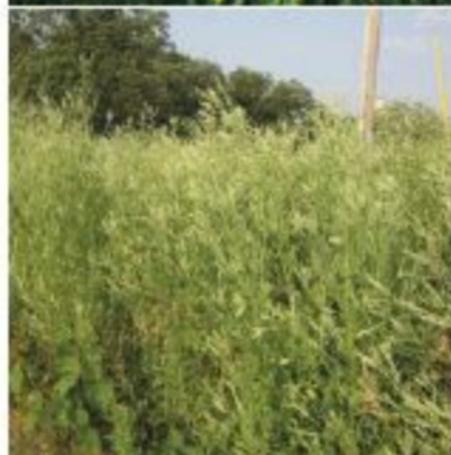


# Sweetclover

*Melilotus spp.*

<b>toxins</b>	Dicoumaral (produced by the Fungi (mold) that grow on sweetclover)
<b>species</b>	Cattle, horses
<b>habitat</b>	Roadsides, waste areas, pastures
<b>symptoms</b>	Dull and stiff composure, reluctance to move, marked swellings, pale mucous membranes, rapid pulse/respiration, bleeding from the nose. Signs of poisoning may not appear for up to 3 weeks after feeding moldy sweetclover hay. Death may occur suddenly or after several days.
<b>toxic plant parts</b>	All aboveground parts that can be infected by a fungi after harvested (mold). Toxicity does not diminish as forage is dried.
<b>poison details</b>	Level of poisoning depends on the amount of toxin produced by the fungi and the duration of feeding. Avoid feeding moldy sweetclover to animals. Symptoms can occur within 10 to 21 days. Sweetclover without mold is safe for consumption.

Sweetclover flowers



Sweetclover plants